City of Pacifica, California

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

CITY OF PACIFICA

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CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016

Prepared by Finance Department

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CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Scenic Pacifica Incorporated Nov. 22, 1957

January 17, 2017

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Pacifica, California

CITY OF PACIFICA 170 Santa Maria Avenue • Pacifica, California 94044-2506

www.cityofpacifica.org

We are pleased to submit the City of Pacifica's Comprehensive Annual financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the CAFR. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive framework of internal control that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). As the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City's independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The City's independent auditor, Maze & Associates, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Pacifica's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth by State law, the audit is also designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the auditor to report on the City's internal controls and compliance with certain legal requirements with special emphasis on the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

MAYOR Mike O'Neill

MAYOR PRO TEM John Keener

COUNCIL Sue Digre Sue Vaterlaus Deirdre Martin

City of Pacifica Profile

The City of Pacifica is a full service city located on the Pacific Coast in San Mateo County directly south of San Francisco. Located within the Bay Area Peninsula, it is framed by the ridges of the Coast Range on the east, Montara Mountains on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west. The City of Pacifica encompasses roughly 12.6 square miles (of which approximately one-half is publicly owned open space), is largely built out, and serves a population of approximately 39,000. A combination of residential, office and commercial retail businesses, and natural open space, comprise the makeup of the City. The City of Pacifica, while located in the midst of a major metropolitan region, is a unique family-oriented coastal community that prides itself on fostering a "small town" feel. The City's geographic setting, its proximity to San Francisco and the San Francisco International Airport, along with its natural open space and coastal beauty, make it a desirable place to live and work.

The City of Pacifica is a General Law City incorporated in 1957 and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Legislative authority is vested in a five-member City Council elected at large for four-year overlapping terms. The Mayor is selected each year by a majority vote of the other Council members. The Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and members of advisory commissions and committees.

The City provides the following services to its residents: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, parks, beaches, and recreation, social services, planning and zoning, and leadership through general administrative services.

Water, garbage, gas and electric utilities are provided directly through private agencies not under City operations.

The City performed certain infrastructure construction and economic development activities through a separate Redevelopment Agency until its dissolution on February 1, 2012. The City of Pacifica accepted the role of Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency per Council action on January 23, 2012.

Economic and Financial Outlook

The San Francisco Bay Area economy continues to thrive. Based on unemployment rates, the Bay Area continues to fare better than both the State of California and the United States. Per the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in February 2016, the United States unemployment rate was 5.2 percent, the State of California was 5.7 percent, and San Mateo County was 3.0 percent.¹

Pacifica's coastal location on the Bay Area Peninsula with its natural open space and coastal beauty, along with its proximity to the San Francisco International Airport and its visitor-serving resources, continues to be an asset for development in the City.

While residential development has reached near build out conditions, commercial development potential is high in Pacifica as several commercially zoned sites are in various phases of the permit process and other commercial sites remain undeveloped or underdeveloped. The City and the Pacifica Chamber of Commerce are active in encouraging resident and visitor-serving business startups.

¹ Bureau of Labor Statistics, Press Release, February 2016 - <u>Unemployment in the San Francisco Bay Area by County—February 2016</u>

The City of Pacifica has continued to be fiscally conservative in financial investments, as well as with the development of a Long-Term Financial Plan. The current Long-Term Financial Plan was approved by the City Council in March 2016. The City remains vigilant in its efforts to continue to provide essential City services, while maintaining sufficient levels of fiscal control and accountability.

The City maintains budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, debt service fund, and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The Capital Improvement Projects budget reflects existing projects that do not lapse at year-end, but are carried forward until completion of the project.

The City Council conducts public hearings before adopting the budget, thus giving the public an opportunity to be heard. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained at the department level by tracking expenditures and budget authority. Unexpended budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year with the exception of capital improvement projects.

The City Manager is responsible for the preparation of the budget, and along with the Assistant City Manager, is responsible for monitoring the budget for legal compliance.

Acknowledgements

Our goal is to publish financial information that is helpful to policy leaders. Preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the City of Pacifica Finance and Information Technology Divisions, including: Vivian Penaredondo, Finance Services Manager, Cindy Mosser, former Finance Services Manager; Ying Chen, Accountant, Mario Xuereb, Account Technician, Ed Vandehey, Information Technology Manager; Ken Fong, Systems Specialist, and Manuel Ferrer, Systems Specialist. Every member of each department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

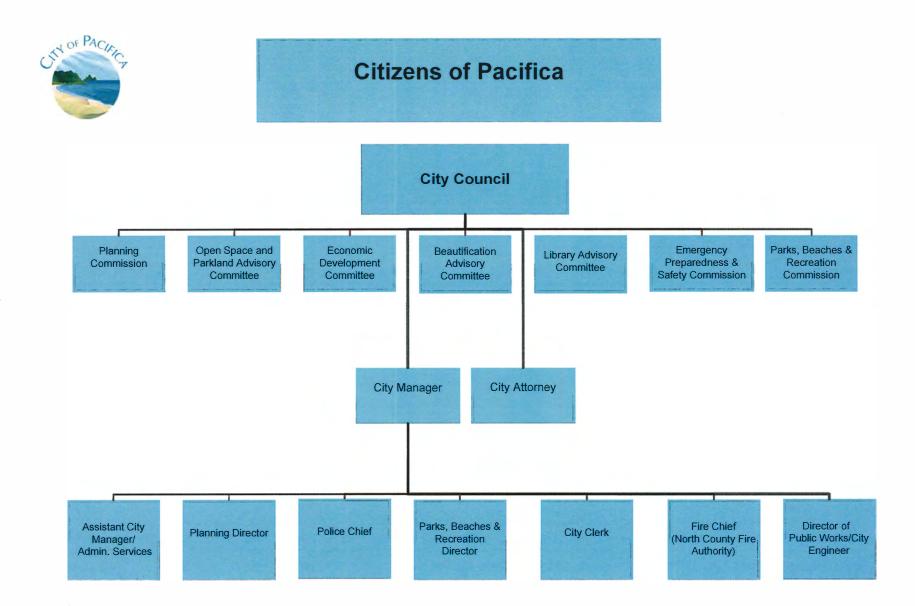
We would also like to thank the members of the Pacifica City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and conservative manner in the best interests of the Citizens of Pacifica.

Respectfully submitted,

Lorie Tinfow City Manager

Lorenzo Hines Jr.

Assistant City Manager



CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA

SUE DIGRE Mayor

MICHAEL O'NEILL Mayor Pro Tem

MARY ANN NIHART KAREN ERVIN JOHN KEENER Members of City Council

> LORIE TINFOW City Manager

MICHELLE MARCHETTA KENYON

City Attorney

OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

LORENZO HINES JR. DAN STEIDLE RON MYERS TINA WEHRMEISTER VAN OCAMPO MICHAEL PEREZ

KATHY O'CONNELL

Assistant City Manager Police Chief Fire Chief Planning Director Director of Public Works/City Engineer Director of Parks, Beaches & Recreation City Clerk

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OFFICIAL COMMISSIONS AND COMMITTEES

BEAUTIFICATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS & SAFETY COMMISSION

LIBRARY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

OPEN SPACE AND PARKLAND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

PARKS, BEACHES AND RECREATION COMMISSION

PLANNING COMMISSION

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Pacifica, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pacifica, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2016 as discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements. There was no material effect on the financial statements.

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute modifications to our opinion.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, and other Required Supplementary Information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplementary Information, and Statistical Section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mare & Associates

Pleasant Hill, California January 17, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



The management staff of the City of Pacifica (City), offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of City financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. It has been designed in accordance with standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Please read this overview in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements These statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and about the overall financial condition of the City. The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position* statements includes *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.
- **Fund Financial Statements** These statements provide additional information about the City's major funds, how services were financed in the short term and fund balances available for financing future projects.
- Notes to the Financial Statements The notes provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information, including budgetary comparison information on the City's General Fund, which is intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the year ended June 30, 2016 include the following:

Government-wide:

- The City's total net position was \$57.2 million at June 30, 2016, of which \$31.6 million was in Governmental Activities and \$25.7 million was in Business-type Activities. Of the total net position, \$72.9 million relates to the City's net investment in capital assets and is not available for future appropriation (see tables 1 and 4 for additional information).
- Total City revenues were \$55.0 million, of which \$41.5 million was derived from Governmental Activities; \$13.5 million was derived from Business-type Activities (see tables 2 and 5 for additional information).
- Total City expenses were \$44.1 million, of which Governmental Activities incurred \$32.8 million and Business-type Activities incurred \$11.3 million (see tables 2 and 5 for additional information).



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, Continued

Fund Level:

Governmental fund balances totaled \$21.2 million, the Enterprise funds had a \$25.7 million net position, and there was a cumulative net position of \$5.2 million in the Internal Service Funds, of which \$1.7 million relates to the City's Internal Service Funds net investment in capital assets.

- Proprietary Fund operating revenues were \$13.5 million in the Enterprise Funds and \$2.2 million in the Internal Service Funds.
- Proprietary Fund operating expenses were \$11 million in the Enterprise funds and \$2.7 million in the Internal Service Funds.
- Net non-operating expenses were approximately \$358,185 in the Enterprise Funds and net non-operating revenues were \$48,821 in the Internal Service Funds.

General Fund:

- General Fund revenues were \$31.0 million and expenditures were \$27.4 million.
- Net transfers out of the General Fund were \$0.6 million.
- The fund balance of the General Fund was \$9.8 million at June 30, 2016, all of which has been classified in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54.

General Capital Improvement Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$14,000 and expenditures were \$175,000.
- Net transfers out of the Fund were \$143,000.
- The fund deficit of the Fund was approximately \$249,000 deficit at June 30, 2016.

Gas Tax Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$0.8 million and expenditures were \$0.8 million.
- Net transfers out of the Fund were \$144,000.
- The fund balance of the Fund was \$0.6 million at June 30, 2016; the total amount is classified as restricted for allowable street expenditures under the California Street and Highway Code.

Davies Trust Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$1,600 and expenditures were \$0.
- There were no transfers into or out of the Fund.
- The fund balance of the Fund was \$3.5 million at June 30, 2016; the total amount is classified as restricted for use to help acquire, build, remodel, improve, support and maintain the equipment, building, grounds, yard, gardens and landscaped areas of the various parks, beaches, and recreational areas located in Pacifica and to conduct related educational and recreation programs for the benefit of the general public.

Debt Service Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$2.2 million and expenditures were \$3.7 million.
- Net transfers into the Fund were \$1.7 million.
- The fund balance of the Fund was \$1.2 million at June 30, 2015; the total amount is classified as restricted for debt service.





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

These government-wide financial statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for regardless of when the cash is paid or received.

These statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is one way to measure the City's financial health, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are among indicators used to assess whether the financial condition of the City is improving or deteriorating. It is also important to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax values and sales tax outlets, and the condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e. parks and streets), to accurately assess the overall health of the City.

The Government-wide statements present information about the City's activities. These include services provided by police, fire, community development, public works and parks, beaches, and recreations. These services are funded from monies received from property, sales and other taxes, direct charges for services provided, grants, contributions from other agencies and impact fees collected from new development. The following analysis focuses on net position and how it has changed, within the City's Governmental Activities (Tables 1, 2 and 3) and Business-Type Activities (Tables 4 and 5) as presented in the Government-wide *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position*.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities

Net position, representing the difference between total assets and total liabilities, of the City's governmental activities was \$31.6 million at June 30, 2016, an increase of (44.3%) from the total at June 30, 2015. The table below summarizes the City's net position.

The City implemented new pension accounting standards during 2014-15, following guidance from the Government Accounting Standards Board. A new Net Pension Liability of \$27.5 million has been recorded as of June 30, 2015. These new pension accounting standards respond to public interest about government pensions and provide new transparency about the City's considerable pension obligations and their funding progress. Comparative financial information is presented below to provide the reader with highlights of changes from the prior year.

In the following comparative tables, prior fiscal year 2014 balances are presented as originally reported in last year's financial statements. The City implemented the new pension accounting standards in the 2015 fiscal year that have adjusted the beginning balance for the net impact of the newly reported pension obligations at July 1, 2014. Comparative June 30, 2014 balances have not been restated because all information required to restate prior year amounts is not readily available.

	2	016	2015		
Cash and investments	\$	22.8	\$	15.1	
Other assets		5.1		7.7	
Capital assets		73.9		72.1	
Total assets		101.8		94.9	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		3.8		3.6	
Current liabilities		6.7		6.1	
Non-current liabilities		61.6		60.1	
Total liabilities		68.3		66.2	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5.7		10.4	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		56.9		56.4	
Restricted		13.8		11.5	
Unrestricted		(39.1)		(46.0)	
Total net position	\$	31.6	\$	21.9	

Table 1Governmental Statement of Net Position (In Millions) at June 30, 2016



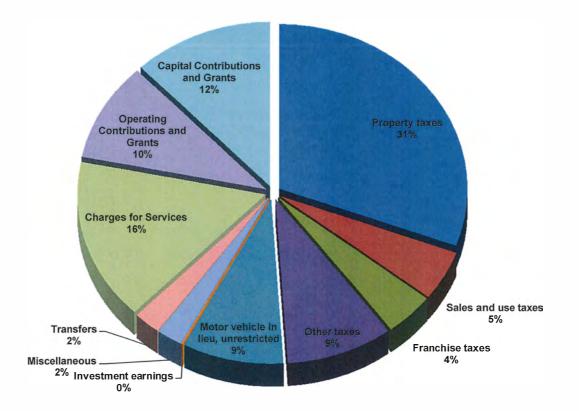
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Of the City's total net position, \$56.9 million reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The City's total liabilities of \$68 million represent outstanding obligations for operations, capital projects, deposits held for development projects and long-term debt.

Governmental Activities

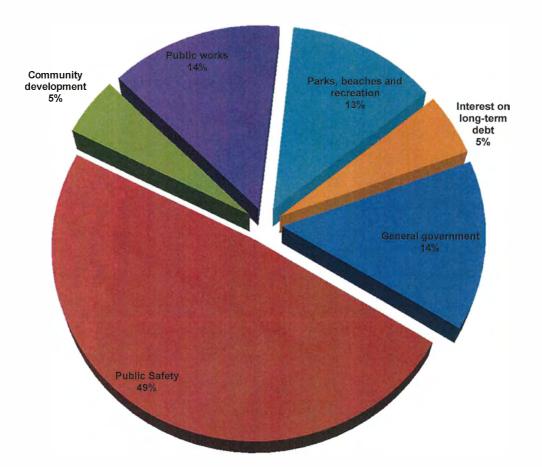
The charts below summarize general City revenues available for funding all City programs and major expenditure program categories, as well as program revenues used to fund specific expenditure programs. For fiscal year 2015-16, total revenues and transfers from all sources relating to governmental activities were \$42.4 million and total expenditures for all City programs relating to governmental activities were \$32.8 million.

Governmental Activities - Sources of Revenues FY 2015-2016 \$42.4M





Governmental Activities - Sources of Expenses FY 2015-2016 \$32.8M





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Table 2

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities for fiscal year ended June 30,

(In Millions)

Revenues	2	016	2	015
Program revenues	-			
Charges for service	\$	7.8	\$	5.8
Operating contributions and grants		3.9		4.3
Capital grants		4.9		4.7
Total program revenues		16.6		14.8
General revenues				
Taxes:				
Property		12.4		12.2
Sales and use		2.0		1.8
Franchise		1.7		1.7
Other taxes		3.7		3.5
Miscellaneous		1.4		0.2
Motor Vehicle In Lieu		3.5		3.3
Transfers		1.0		-
Total general revenues and transfers		25.8		22.7
Total revenues		42.4		37.5
Expenses				
Public safety		15.9		14.0
Public works		4.7		5.7
Community development		1.6		1.1
Parks, beaches and recreation		4.3		3.9
General government		4.6		4.3
Interest on long-term debt		1.7		2.1
Total expenses		32.7		31.1
Change in net position - Governmental Activities		9.7		6.4
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$	21.9	\$	15.5
Net position - ending	\$	31.6	\$	21.9



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities, Continued

Table 2, presented on the prior page, shows that governmental expenses, which totaled \$32.8 million, were offset in part by program revenues for governmental activities of \$16.6 million. These program revenues included \$7.8 million in charges for services, \$3.9 million in operating grants and contributions, and \$4.9 million in capital grants and contributions. Charges for services include traffic safety fines, plan check fees, building inspection fees, other charges related to new construction, and fees charged for parks, beaches, and recreational



events. Operating grants and contributions include amounts that can only go toward operations-related expenses, while capital grants and contributions are required to go toward capital investments. General revenues, as shown in Table 2 on the previous page, are available to pay for expenses not fully covered by program generated revenues.

Table 3 presents the program revenues and net expense of each of the City's largest programs. Net expense is defined as total program cost less the revenues generated or contributions received by those specific

Table 3
Governmental Activities
Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue From Services for fiscal year ended June 30,
(In Millions)

	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenu				
		2016	2	2015	2	2016	2	2015
General government		3.4		2.2	A6.	(1.2)		(2.1)
Public Safety	\$	1.3	\$	1.2	\$	(14.5)	\$	(12.8)
Community development		3.6		2.0		2.0		0.8
Public works		5.1		5.9		0.3		0.2
Parks, beaches, and recreation		3.2		3.5		(1.1)		(0.4)
Debt Service		π.		-		(1.7)		(2.1)
Totals	\$	16.6	\$	14.8	*\$	(16.2)	\$	(16.4)

activities.

Business-type Activities

The net position of the City's business-type activities was \$25.7 million at June 30, 2016. Assets included a total of \$10.6 million in cash and investments, \$42.1 million in capital assets, Deferred Outflows of \$448,000, \$1.9 million in other assets. Liabilities include \$25.9 million in long-term liabilities, \$125,000 in Deferred Inflows, and \$3.4 million in current liabilities. Total revenues for business-type activities totaled \$13.5 million for fiscal year 2015-16 while expenses totaled \$11.3 million.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued Business-type Activities, Continued

Table 4Business -Type Statement of Net Position at June 30,

(In Millions)

	2016		2	2015
Cash and investments	\$	10.6	\$	11.4
Other assets		1.9		0.9
Capital assets		42.1		43.4
Total assets		54.6		55.6
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		0.4		0.5
Current Liabilities		3.4		3.1
Non-Current Liabilities		25.9		28.3
Total liabilities		29.3		31.4
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0.1		0.4
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		16.0		15.3
Unrestricted		9.7		9.2
Total net position	\$	25.7	\$	24.4

Table 5

Change in Net Position - Business-type Activities for fiscal year ended June 30, (In Millions)

Revenues	2016		2015		
Program revenues	-		-		
Charges for service	\$	13.5	\$	14.3	
Total program revenues		13.5		14.3	
Total revenues		13.5		14.3	
	-			×.	
Expenses					
Sewer Operations		10.8		11.9	
Beach Parking		0.5		0.5	
Total expenses	-	11.3		12.4	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		2.2		1.9	
Transfers		(0.9)		-	
Change in net position - Business-Type Activities	\$	1.3	\$	1.9	
Net position - beginning	\$	24.4	\$	22.5	
Net position - ending	\$	25.7	\$	24.4	



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

These statements provide more detailed information about the City's major funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's or government agency's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City has twenty governmental funds, of which six are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The City's six major funds are - the General Fund, the Gas Tax Fund, the General Capital Improvement Fund, the Davies Trust Fund, the Disaster Accounting Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. The City has classified these funds as major funds. Data from the other fourteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided in the Required Supplementary Information section for these funds that demonstrates compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses two enterprise funds; the Sewer Utility which accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection system, (this fund is classified as major funds in the City's Statement of Net Position), and the Beach Parking Fund, which accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's beach parking facilities. The Beach Parking Fund was established during the 2014-15 fiscal year. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions and to build up reserves for future replacement of capital assets. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and equipment.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Proprietary funds, Continued

Because these services solely benefit the governmental function, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The two internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplemental Information section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The City is the agent for certain agencies and assessment districts, holding amounts collected which await payment as directed. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Agency Funds Statement of Assets and Liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City is acting as a trustee for these funds and cannot use these assets to finance its own operations. The City's fiduciary funds include a private-purpose trust fund to account for the activities of the City of Pacifica Successor Agency.

Summary Analysis of Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2016, the City's governmental fund balances were \$21.2 million. The following describe the specifics related to this variance:

- An increase of \$3.0 million in the General Fund, primarily due to the combination of increased revenues including property tax (\$548,000), sales tax (\$229,000), charges for services (\$609,000), licenses and permits (\$150,000), and intergovernmental revenues (\$234,000), netted against increases in expenditures;
- A decrease of \$0.8 million in the Disaster Accounting Fund due to increased expenditures due to the City's response to the winter storms of 2015-2016. Please note that the Disaster Accounting Fund has been added to the Major Funds group;
- An increase of \$2.4 million in the Other Governmental Funds category primarily due to receipts in the Excess Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) of \$1.4 million and new tax revenues for the Pacifica library.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Summary Analysis of Governmental Funds, Continued

Table 6Change in Fund Balance- Governmental Funds for the fiscal year ended June 30,(In Millions)

Revenues	2016		2015	
Taxes	\$	22.3	\$	21.2
Licenses and permits		0.8		0.7
Fines and forfeitures		0.2		0.2
Use of money and property		1.7		0.5
Intergovernmental		7.4		8.6
Charges for current services		2.8		2.2
Recreation programs		0.9		0.9
Other revenue		3.7	_	4.2
Total revenues	\$	39.8	\$	38.4
Expenditures				
General government	\$	4.3	\$	3.9
Public safety*		14.6	*	14.2
Community development		1.8		1.3
Public works		3.7		4.3
Parks, beaches, and recreation		4.3		4.0
Capital outlay		3.4		3.1
Debt service		3.8		3.7
Transfers (net)		0.3		(0.4)
Total expenditures	\$	36.2	\$	34.1



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Detailed Analysis of Major Governmental Funds by Fund

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. For the year ending June 30, 2016, the total fund balance was \$9.8 million, just over 49.5% of which is non-spendable or has been committed or assigned to cover contingencies, claims, advances to other funds and other City projects.

Revenues were up \$2.6 million in 2015-16 compared to last fiscal year, a change of 9%. Expenditures increased \$2.0 million in fiscal year 2015-16 compared to last fiscal year, a change of 7.9%. Significant changes in revenues and expenditures that affected the General Fund balances are discussed below:



General Fund Revenues

Property Tax increased by \$548,000 (5.6%) compared to the prior year resulting from increases in property tax from the distribution of residual payments from real property transfer tax revenues generated from the sale of property within the City, and higher assessed property valuations.

Sales and All Other Taxes increased \$289,000 (3.8%) from the prior year primarily due to increases in transient occupancy tax, sales tax, franchise tax, utility users tax, and business license tax from the improvement in the local economy and tourism.

Intergovernmental revenues increased \$234,000 (4.9%) from fiscal year 2014-15 due to the increase in the amounts received for state motor vehicle license revenues and supplemental tax netted and state and county grants for childcare, seniors, and police.

Charges for Services revenues increased \$609,000 (27.5%) more than prior fiscal mainly due to the increase in volume of development and renovation projects for planning, engineering, and building review and processing, and reimbursement for fire services.

Licenses, Permits and Fees revenues increased \$150,000 (22%) compared to the prior fiscal year due to the increase of the volume of permits including building, plumbing and electrical permit fees

Fines, Forfeitures, And Penalties and All Other Revenues increased by \$729,000 (22%) from the prior fiscal year; the majority of this increase is due to the recording of the interest revenue from the Successor Agency to the Former Redevelopment Agency.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Detailed Analysis of Major Governmental Funds by Fund, Continued

General Fund Expenditures

Public Safety expenditures consisting of the Police and Fire departments increased \$319,000 (2.2%).

Public Works expenditures increased \$314,000 (15.3%) compared to the prior year.

Planning Department expenditures increased \$543,000 (44%) from fiscal year 2014-15. This increase is attributable to filling departmental vacancies and increased activities due to the increased volume of development.

Parks, Beaches, And Recreation expenditures were \$345,000 (8.7%) more than the prior year primarily due to the increases in salary and benefits required to run various programs including elementary age programs and senior programs.

General Government expenditures increased \$433,000 (11.1%) due to the increase of contractual services and increased staff cost due to filling vacant positions.

General Capital Improvement Fund

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for funds used for capital improvements and significant maintenance projects. As of June 30, 2016, its fund deficit was \$-249,000.

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund

The Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund was established to receive and expend the City's allocation of the State Gasoline Taxes. Expenditures are restricted for street related purposes, including construction or purchasing of right-of-ways on minor streets and



street engineering. As of June 30, 2016, its fund balance of \$640,000 is restricted for street related purposes.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued Detailed Analysis of Major Governmental Funds by Fund, Continued

Davies Trust Fund

The Davies Trust Fund accounts for a donation by a private individual which is restricted for specific purposes. The funds are to be used to help acquire, build remodel, improve, support, and maintain the equipment, buildings, grounds, yard, gardens, and landscaped areas of the various parks, beaches, and recreational area located in Pacifica and to conduct related educational and recreational programs for the benefit of the general public. As of June 30, 2016, its fund balance was approximately \$3.5 million.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund for the accumulation and disbursement of funds from the financing of various longterm debt liabilities. As of June 30, 2016, its fund balance was approximately \$1.2 million. This fund balance is typically restricted or assigned for the payment of long term debt that the City has incurred.

Disaster Accounting Fund

The Disaster Accounting Fund accounts for both revenues (from grants and other reimbursements) and expenditures associated with catastrophic events occurring in the City. As of June 30, 2016, its fund deficit was approximately \$-2.1 million. However, the City does expect some level of reimbursement for Disaster related expenditures from third parties, thus mitigating this deficit in the future.

Summary Analysis of Proprietary Funds

As of June 30, 2016, the Enterprise Fund had a net position balance of \$25.7 million, representing a \$1.2 million (5%) increase. The majority of the net position (62%) is held for the net investment in capital assets.

The net position balance of the Internal Service Funds is \$5.2 million, an increase of approximately \$0.2 million (5%) from the previous fiscal year.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Summary Analysis of Proprietary Funds, Continued

Table 7 Change in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds for the year ended June 30, (In Millions)

	Total Enterprise Funds			Total Internal Service Fun			Funds	
		2016		2015	-	2016		2014
Operating revenues	\$	13.5	\$	14.3	\$	2.2	\$	2.1
Operating expenses		11.0		10.7		2.7		1.5
Operating income (loss)		2.5		3.6	-	(0.5)		0.6
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Net income (loss) before contributions		(0.4)		(1.7)	-	0.0		0.0
and operating transfers		2.1		1.9	-	(0.4)		0.6
Transfers in (out)		(0.9)		-		0.7		0.4
Change in net position	\$	1.2	\$	1.9	\$	0.2	\$	1.0

Sewer Utility Enterprise Funds

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection system, including the operating costs of the wastewater collection system and water recycling plant. Of the total net position, \$16.0 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Parking Enterprise Fund

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's parking facilities. The fund was established during the 2014-15 fiscal year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS OF THE CITY'S GENERAL FUND

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City's budget with adjustments for various revenue and expenditure changes. After taking into account these adjustments, General Fund actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$2.3 million (8%), which is primarily attributable to higher revenues from sales taxes, charges for services revenue, and the recording of the interest revenue from the Successor Agency to the Former Redevelopment Agency. General Fund actual expenditures were approximately \$350,000 (1.3%) under the final budget.



CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

GASB 34 requires the City to record all of its capital assets, including infrastructure in the Statement of Net Position. Infrastructure includes roads, bridges, signals and similar assets used by the entire population. The City has recorded its capital assets at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. In addition, donated fixed assets have been valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

At June 30, 2016 the cost of infrastructure and other capital assets recorded on the City's financial statements is shown in Table 8 below:

Table 8 Capital Assets at June 30, (In Millions)

	2016		2	2015
Governmental activities				
Land	\$	39.8	\$	38.4
Construction in progress		0.8		0.3
Building and improvements		16.0		15.9
Machinery and equipment		2.7		2.6
Vehicles		6.6		6.6
Infrastructure		33.7		31.8
Less accumulated depreciation		(25.6)		(23.4)
Totals	\$	74.0	\$	72.2
Business-type activities				
Land	\$	4.0	\$	4.0
Construction in progress		0.4		_
Buildings		77.2		76.7
Collection Systems		12.4		12.1
Machinery and equipment		1.5		1.5
Less accumulated depreciation		(53.5)		(50.9)
Totals	\$	42.0	\$	43.4

At June 30, 2016, the City had \$74.0 million, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets used in governmental activities and \$42.0 million, also net of depreciation, invested in Business-type activities assets, as shown in the table above.

The City depreciates all its capital assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of a capital asset over the years of its useful life so that an allocable portion of the cost of the asset is borne by all users. Additional information on capital assets may be found in Notes 1 and 5.



CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG TERM DEBT, Continued

Long Term Debt

At June 30, 2016 the City's Governmental Activities had debt outstanding in the amount of approximately \$28.3 million, all backed by the full faith and credit of the government. More information on long-term debt activity may be found in Note 6 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Table 9 Outstanding Debt at June 30, (In Millions)

	2016		2015	
Governmental activities	-			
2008 Certificate of Participation	\$	16.2	\$	16.7
Capital Lease Payable		0.8		0.9
2010 Pension Obligation Bond		11.3		12.7
Notes Payable		-		0.9
Total Debt Outstanding	\$	28.3	\$	31.2

The City has made all required debt service payments on the issues listed above. The City maintains an "AA-" rating from Standard and Poor's on the General Obligation debt.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

As the City looks ahead to fiscal year 2016-2017, management remains encouraged by indicators that a recovery is underway as evidenced by relatively strong growth in our regional economy.

The City has a promising future buoyed by vision, innovation and partnerships. To assist in the development of the 2016-2017 Budget and to improve the City's fiscal health, the City Council has adopted a Long Term Financial Plan for the last three fiscal years. This practice will continue into the FY 2016-17 fiscal year as well.

While revenues are recovering from the impact of the Great Recession, expenditure pressures to maintain existing services are substantial. Increases in employee benefit costs are expected to rise for the existing retirement and health care systems provided as part of overall compensation strategies to attract and retain high performing individuals to serve our community.

The City is able to achieve a balanced budget for fiscal year 2016-17 and maintain adequate reserves for the General Fund through a combination of measures, including the following:

- Cost Recovery. With the completion of the Cost Allocation Plan and Fee Study, the City began to have a better understanding of the true cost of delivering services and has moved toward recovering those costs in appropriate ways.
- Budget annual expenses at or below annual revenues to ensure the City is living within its means.



ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES (continued)

- Align one-time money to cover one-time expenses rather than ongoing operations. This is a direction that the City has been moving toward for some time.
- Increase financial transparency. In recent budget communications, staff has been focused on sharing financial information is such a way as to engender trust in how the City manages the public's money. Sharing the assumptions in the City's financial projections is a key example of this emphasis on transparency, as is translating numbers and spreadsheets into a meaningful, easy to read, document at the conclusion of the budget process.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to Lorenzo Hines Jr., Assistant City Manager at City of Pacifica, City Manager's Office, 170 Santa Maria Avenue, Pacifica, California 94044.

A copy of this financial report is also located at the City's website at <u>http://www.cityofpacifica.org</u>, by selecting "Departments/Administrative Services/Finance/2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report" and then selecting the "year".

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CITY OF PACIFICA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS Cash and investments (Note 3) Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)	\$17,386,471 1,971,893	\$10,624,473	\$28,010,944 1,971,893
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Taxes receivable	3,459,330 1,352,577		3,459,330 1,352,577
Accounts receivable, net of allowance Interest receivable	656,643 9,680	29,927	686,570 9,680
Grants receivable Prepaid items Inventories	469,578 33,423 36,317	352,672 217,073	469,578 386,095 253,390
Receivable from successor agency (Note 11) Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 5) Capital assets, being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 5)	3,838,365 40,578,579	4,455,701	3,838,365 45,034,280 70,916,318
Internal balances) 33,320,873 (1,333,638)	37,595,445 1,333,638	/0,910,310
Total assets	101,780,091	54,608,929	156,389,020
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	042.902	244.202	4 955 995
Deferred charge on refunding of debt Related to pension (Note 8)	913,863 2,938,674	341,362 106,598	1,255,225 3,045,272
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,852,537	447,960	4,300,497
LIABILITIES	4 250 490	501 400	4 0 47 599
Accounts payable Interest payable	1,356,186 624,447	591,402 82,690	1,947,588 707,137
Refundable deposits	1,037,572 312,238		1,037,572 312,238
Unearned revenue Claims payable due within one year (Note 9)	244,776		244,776
Net OPEB obligation, due in more than one year (Note 7) Compensated absences (Note 1M):	2,996,136		2,996,136
Due within one year Due in more than one year	862,000 582,608	154,000 103,596	1,016,000 686,204
Long term debt (Note 6):	·		
Due within one year Due in more than one year	2,246,940 26,078,020	2,513,425 24,993,891	4,760,365 51,071,911
Net pension liability, due in more than one year (Note 8)	32,006,157	834,882	32,841,039
Total Liabilities	68,347,080	29,273,886	97,620,966
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,725,282	124,782	5,850,064
Related to pension (Note 8) Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,725,282	124,782	5,850,064
NET POSITION	i	,	,,
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	56,878,228	15,985,969	72,864,197
Construction of capital assets	5,253,142		5,253,142
Streets, highways, and other related purposes Parks, beaches and recreation	4,158,891 3,588,222		4,158,891 3,588,222
Stormwater operations	678,123		678,123
Public safety	130,195	0.070.075	130,195
Unrestricted	(39,126,535)	9,672,252	(29,454,283)
Total Net Position	\$31,560,266	\$25,658,221	\$57,218,487

CITY OF PACIFICA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		F	Program Revenues	5
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Contributions	Contributions
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants
Governmental Activities:	—			
General government	\$4,604,299	\$126,156	\$2,424,119	\$835,275
Public Safety	15,859,890	1,043,155	302,943	\$000,270
Community development	1,629,555	3,638,027	5,000	
Public works	4,714,402	786,000	177,618	4,076,870
Parks, beaches and recreation	4,329,044	2,220,263	1,013,446	.,
Interest on long-term debt	1,667,485		.,,	
5	<u>·</u>			
Total Governmental Activities	32,804,675	7,813,601	3,923,126	4,912,145
Business-type Activities:				
Sewer	10,816,732	12,959,708		
Beach Parking	532,102	533,952		
Total Business-type Activities	11,348,834	13,493,660		
Total	\$44,153,509	\$21,307,261	\$3,923,126	\$4,912,145
	General Revenues	5:		
	Taxes:			
	Property taxe			
	Sales and us			
	Franchise tax Other taxes	les		
	Motor vehicle in lie			
	Investment earning			
	Miscellaneous	93		
	Transfers			
	Total General F	Revenues		
	Change in Net Pos	sition		
	Net Position at be	ginning of year		
	Net Position at en	d of year		
See acc	ompanying notes to	financial statemen	ts	

Changes in Net Position		
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
(\$1,218,749) (14,513,792) 2,013,472 326,086 (1,095,335) (1,667,485)		(\$1,218,749) (14,513,792) 2,013,472 326,086 (1,095,335) (1,667,485)
(16,155,803)		(16,155,803)
	\$2,142,976 1,850	2,142,976 1,850
	2,144,826	2,144,826
(16,155,803)	2,144,826	(14,010,977)
12,445,509 1,983,930 1,736,620 3,710,615 3,543,953 (44,457) 1,481,757 939,559	22,337 (939,559)	12,445,509 1,983,930 1,736,620 3,710,615 3,543,953 (22,120) 1,481,757
25,797,486	(917,222)	24,880,264
9,641,683	1,227,604	10,869,287
21,918,583	24,430,617	46,349,200
\$31,560,266	\$25,658,221	\$57,218,487

Net (Expense) Revenue and

.

CITY OF PACIFICA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

Special Revenue Funds

	General	Gas Tax	Davies Trust
Assets			
Cash and investments (Note 3) Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Receivables:	\$3,971,592	\$732,905	\$3,459,330
Taxes Accounts Interest Grants	1,346,327 654,760 9,680 172,340		
Due from other funds (Note 10) Prepaid items Inventories Receivable from RDA successor agency (Note 10)	3,155,391 30,923 3,663 3,838,365		
Advance to other funds (Note 10)	75,000		
Total Assets	\$13,258,041	\$732,905	\$3,459,330
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Refundable deposits Due to other funds (Note 10) Unearned revenue Advance from other funds (Note 10)	\$1,059,601 1,037,572 15,000 1,333,638	\$93,238	\$216
Total Liabilities	3,445,811	93,238	216
Fund balances (Note 12): Non-spendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	3,947,951 904,240 4,960,039	639,667	3,459,114
Total Fund Balances	9,812,230	639,667	3,459,114
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$13,258,041	\$732,905	\$3,459,330

Special Revenue Fund	General Capital Improvement Capital	Debt	Other	
Disaster	Project Fund	Service	Governmental	Total
Accounting	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
	\$1,892,082	\$759,030	\$5,998,196	\$13,353,805
	113,415	458,478	1,400,000	1,971,893
	110,410	400,470	1,400,000	3,459,330
				-,,
			6,250	1,352,577
				654,760
			007 000	9,680
			297,238	469,578 3,155,391
		2,500		33,423
		2,000		3,663
				3,838,365
			2,218,700	2,293,700
	\$2,005,497	\$1,220,008	\$9,920,384	\$30,596,165
				······································
\$41,717	\$35,618		\$23,367	\$1,253,541
0 000 407			4 000 000	1,037,572
2,086,167			1,069,008	3,155,391
	2,218,700		297,238 75,000	312,238 3,627,338
	2,210,700			0,027,000
2,127,884	2,254,318		1,464,613	9,386,080
				3,947,951
		\$1,220,008	8,489,784	13,808,573
				904,240
(2,127,884)	(248,821)		(34,013)	2,549,321
(2,127,884)	(248,821)	1,220,008	8,455,771	21,210,085
	.	i		<u>.</u>
	\$2,005,497	\$1,220,008	\$9,920,384	\$30,596,165
	<u> </u>	<u>\</u>	<u>40,020,004</u>	

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CITY OF PACIFICA Reconciliation of the GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET with the STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$21,210,085
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different from those reported in the governmental funds because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	72,215,331
Deferred charge on refunding, net of accumulated amortization has not been reported in the governmental funds. This was capitalized and amortized over the life of the new debt or old debt whichever is shorter in the Statement of Net Position.	913,863
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	
The items below are not financial resources / (not due and payable) in the current period ar therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences	(1,404,097)
Long term debt	(28,131,666)
Interest payable	(623,984)
Net OPEB obligation	(2,996,136)
Net Pension Liability	(32,006,157)
Deferred inflows related to pension	(5,725,282)
Deferred outflows related to pension	2,938,674
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central garage, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in Governmental Activities in the Statement	
of Net Position.	5, 169, 635
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$31,560,266

CITY OF PACIFICA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Special Revenue Fund

	-	Special Revenue Fund	
	General	Gas Tax	Davies Trust
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$18,239,197	\$753,892	
Licenses and permits	821,062		
Fines and forfeitures	149,573	4 070	A (570
Use of money and property	1,646,405	1,272	\$1,579
Intergovernmental Charges for current services	4,979,472 2,828,678		
Recreation programs	898,197		
Other	1,410,468	84	
Total Revenues	30,973,052	755,248	1,579
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	4,332,310		
Public safety	14,498,573		
Community development	1,768,130	704 050	
Public works	2,369,526	781,853	
Parks, beaches, and recreation	4,332,583	00.000	
Capital outlay Debt service:	56,557	26,386	
Principal			
Interest and fiscal charges			
Total Expenditures	27,357,679	808,239	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	3,615,373	(52,991)	1,579
		(02,001)	1,075
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in (Note 10)	805,952		
Transfers out (Note 10)	(1,403,000)	(144,200)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(597,048)	(144,200)	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	3,018,325	(197,191)	1,579
Fund Balances at beginning of year	6,793,905	836,858	3,457,535
Fund Balances at end of year	\$9,812,230	\$639,667	\$3,459,114

Special Revenue Fund	General Capital Improvement Capital	Debt	Other	
Disaster Accounting	Project Fund	Service Fund	Governmental Funds	Total
	\$6,092		\$3,301,328	\$22,294,417 827,154 149,573
	3,290 5,000	\$2,519	8,094 2,454,953	1,663,159 7,439,425 2,828,678
		2,200,706	78,856	898,197 3,690,114
	14,382	2,203,225	5,843,231	39,790,717
\$104,308 720,640	41,668 133,401	2,046,380	55,986 4,072 451,272 2,456,379	4,332,310 14,554,559 1,813,870 3,706,959 4,332,583 3,393,363 2,046,380 1,686,075
824,948	175,069	3,732,455	2,967,709	35,866,099
(824,948)	(160,687)	(1,529,230)	2,875,522	3,924,618
	(143,000)	1,678,650	129,000 (636,650)	2,613,602 (2,326,850)
	(143,000)	1,678,650	(507,650)	286,752
(824,948)	(303,687)	149,420	2,367,872	4,211,370
(1,302,936)	54,866	1,070,588	6,087,899	16,998,715
(\$2,127,884)	(\$248,821)	\$1,220,008	\$8,455,771	\$21,210,085

CITY OF PACIFICA Reconciliation of the NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS with the STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measure only changes in current asset and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

Net Change in fund balance	\$4,211,370
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balances Depreciation expense Successor Agency transfer of land to City	3,080,391 (1,801,628) 835,275
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.	
Repayment of debt principal Interest expense	3,001,763 (104,372)
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences (net change) Net Pension Liability (net change) Net OPEB obligation	(90,536) 508,749 (233,823)
The internal services funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities such as insurance and central garage, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	234,494
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$9,641,683

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	,			Governmental
	Major	siness-Type Activit Non-major Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	ies Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets:		¥		
Current Assets: Cash and investments (Note 3) Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)	\$10,575,360	\$49,113	\$10,624,473	\$4,032,666
Accounts receivable Prepaid Items	25,579 352,672	4,348	29,927 352,672	1,883
Inventory	217,073		217,073	32,654
Total Current Assets	11,170,684	53,461	11,224,145	4,067,203
Noncurrent Assets:				
Advance to other funds (Note 10)	1,333,638		1,333,638	
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 5)	4,455,701		4,455,701	258,774
Capital assets, being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 5)	37,595,445		37,595,445	1,425,347
Total Noncurrent assets	43,384,784		43,384,784	1,684,121
Total Assets	54,555,468	53,461	54,608,929	5,751,324
			0 1,000,010	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred charge on refunding (Note 6)	341,362		244 262	
Related to pension (Note 8)	106,598		341,362 106,598	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	447,960		447,960	
	447,900_		447,900	840.0
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	580,704	10,698	591,402	102,645
Interest payable	82,690		82,690	463
Claims payable (Note 9): Due within one year				244,776
Compensated absences (Note 1M): Due within one year	142,000	12,000	154,000	24,000
Due in more than one year	95,960	7,636	103,596	16,511
Long term debt (Note 6):	00,000	,,	100,000	10,011
Due within one year	2,513,425		2,513,425	26,596
Due in more than one year	24,993,891		24,993,891	166,698
Net pension liability:				
Due in more than one year (Note 8)	834,882		834,882	
Total Liabilities	29,243,552		29,273,886	581,689
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Related to pension (Note 8)	124,782		124,782	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	15,985,969		15,985,969	1,684,121
Unrestricted	9,649,125	23,127	9,672,252	3,485,514
Total Net Position	\$25,635,094	\$23,127	\$25,658,221	\$5,169,635

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Bus	siness-Type Activit	ies	Governmental Activities
	Major	Non-major Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$12,879,458	\$533,952	\$13,413,410	\$1,297,828
Other operating income	80,250		80,250	936,916
Total Operating Revenues	12,959,708	533,952	13,493,660	2,234,744
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel services	3,470,298	447,113	3,917,411	475,668
Administration	980,466	61,407	1,041,873	32,945
Supplies and materials	977,613	7,882	985,495	325,595
Insurance	192,000		192,000	989,408
Outside contractors	280,363		280,363	11,733
Maintenance	475,016	15,700	490,716	39,060
Utilities	1,475,306		1,475,306	
Insurance claims				347,917
Depreciation	2,585,148		2,585,148	479,552
Total Operating Expenses	10,436,210	532,102	10,968,312	2,701,878
Operating Income (Loss)	2,523,498	1,850	2,525,348	(467,134)
Non-operating revenues (Expenses):				
Investment earnings	22,337		22,337	5,429
Gain on sale of capital assets				435
Interest and fiscal charges	(481,227)		(481,227)	42,957
Amortization	100,705		100,705	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(358,185)		(358,185)	48,821
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	2,165,313	1,850	2,167,163	(418,313)
Transfers:				
Transfers in (Note 10)				652,807
Transfers out (Note 10)	(939,559)		(939,559)	
Changes in Net Position	1,225,754	1,850	1,227,604	234,494
Net Position, Beginning of Year	24,409,340	21,277	24,430,617	4,935,141
Net Position, End of Year	\$25,635,094	\$23,127	\$25,658,221	\$5,169,635

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Bus	siness-Type Activit	ties	Governmental Activities
		Non-major Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$12,624,723	\$534,353	\$13,159,076	\$2,240,778
Payments to suppliers Payments for claims	(4,040,760)	(78,369) (1,184)	(4,119,129) (1,184)	(1,341,386) (228,060)
Payments to employees	(3,446,145)	(447,032)	(3,893,177)	(469,602)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	5,137,818	7,768	5,145,586	201,730
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities: Interfund (payment) Transfers in	(1,631,511)		(1,631,511)	652,807
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	(1,631,511)		(1,631,511)	652,807
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(1,235,529)		(1,235,529)	(144,939) 435
Principal payments on bonds and notes Interest paid	(2,604,662) (444,472)		(2,604,662) (444,472)	(72,386) 42,957
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(4,284,663)		(4,284,663)	(173,933)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	22,337		22,337	5,429
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	22,337		22,337	5,429
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(756,019)	7,768	(748,251)	686,033
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Fiscal year	11,331,379	41,345	11,372,724	3,346,633
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Fiscal Year	\$10,575,360	\$49,113	\$10,624,473	\$4,032,666
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and investments	\$10,575,360	\$49,113	\$10,624,473	\$4,032,666
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,575,360	\$49,113	\$10,624,473	\$4,032,666

See accompanying notes to financial statements

(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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	Bus	iness-Type Activit	ies	Governmental Activities
		Non-major Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to	Sewer Utility	Beach Parking	Funds	Funds
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (loss)	\$2,523,498	\$1,850	\$2,525,348	(\$467,134)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	\$ =,0=0,000	<i>† .,000</i>	+=,===,=	(* 107,101)
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	2,585,148		2,585,148	479,552
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:	, ,		, ,	
Accounts Receivable	(24,373)	401	(23,972)	(220)
Prepaid Items	(352,672)		(352,672)	
Inventories	42,060		42,060	6,254
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	340,004	6,620	346,624	57,626
Accrued liabilities		(1,184)	(1,184)	(271)
Claims payable				119,857
Net Pension Liability, Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows	73,775		73,775	
Compensated Absences	(49,622)	81	(49,541)	6,066
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$5,137,818	\$7,768	\$5,145,586	\$201,730
Noncash Transactions				
Amortization of bond premium	\$100,705			1990-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1

CITY OF PACIFICA SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Assets:	
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$525,091
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)	221,951
Total Assets	747,042
Liabilities:	
Interest payable	37,092
Loan payable to the City - due in more than one year (Note 11)	3,838,365
Long-term debt:	
Due within one year (Note 14)	55,000
Due in more than one year (Note 14)	1,255,000
Total liabilities	5,185,457
Net Position:	
Restricted for debt service	87,092
Unrestricted	(4,525,507)
Total Net Position (deficit)	(\$4,438,415)

CITY OF PACIFICA SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Additions: Investment revenue Taxes and assessments Other revenue	(\$67,085) 258,011 293,257
Total additions	484,183
Deductions: Administration Interest expense Land transferred to the City of Pacifica	13,522 1,480,310 835,275
Total deductions	2,329,107
Change in net position before special item	(1,844,924)
Net position (deficit)at beginning of year	(2,593,491)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	(\$4,438,415)

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NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Pacifica (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("USGAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting principles are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Pacifica was incorporated November 22, 1957 under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges applicable to a General Law City. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. There are five Council Members who serve overlapping terms of four years, and the Council, in turn, elects one of the Council Members to serve as Mayor for one year. This legislative body selects a City Manager to administer the affairs of the City. The City provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and civil defense), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements include the financial activities of the City.

The City of Pacifica Financing Authority is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing certain public capital facilities for the City through the issuance of bonds or other forms of debt. The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The City participates in the ABAG Plan Corporation, a public entity risk pool, whose financial activities are not included in the basic financial statements as it is administered by a board, separate from and independent, of the City (See Note 9).

There are no other entities which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61, criteria for blended or discrete disclosure within these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental activities and business-type activities for the City, accompanied by a total column. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed generally through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities (Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund) are financed generally through user fees.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include three categories: (1) charges for services, (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation on the Statement of Activities.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board No.34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments ("GASB No. 34") in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables.

D. Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category–governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary–are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds. The internal service funds are also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liabilities are incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operation of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. Fiduciary funds represent private-purpose trust funds, which the City serves as a trustee for the Successor Agency. Trust funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. The City has two private-purpose trust funds, the RDA Low/Mod Successor Agency fund and RDA Successor Agency fund.

E. Major Funds

GASB 34 defines major funds and requires that the City's major governmental funds be identified and presented separately in the Fund financial statements. All other governmental funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. Major funds are defined as funds which have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to or greater than ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total of all fund types, excluding fiduciary. The general fund is always a major fund. The major funds of the City are:

- **General Fund** The General Fund is used to account for the resources to carry out basic governmental activities of the City such as general government, public safety, public works, community development, and parks, beaches, and recreation, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund This fund was established to receive and expend the City's allocation of the State Gasoline Taxes. Each City is allocated funds on a population basis in accordance with Section 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 of the California Street and Highway Code. Population is determined by the latest Federal Census or survey requested and certified by the Cities and conducted by the State Department of Finance. Expenditures may be made for construction or purchasing of right-of-way on minor streets. Expenditures of money apportioned under Section 2107 may be made for any street purpose. Under Section 2107.5 a flat allocation of \$6,000 per year is granted the City for street engineering.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

- E. Major Funds (Continued)
 - General Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for revenues derived from fees and apportionments from General Fund to be used for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities of the City.
 - **Davies Trust Special Revenue Fund** This fund was established to account for a donation by a private individual which is restricted for specific purposes. The funds are to be used to help acquire, build, remodel, improve, support, and maintain the equipment, buildings, grounds, yard, gardens, and landscaped areas of the various parks, beaches, and recreational area located in Pacifica, to conduct related educational and recreational programs for the benefit of the general public.
 - **Debt Service Fund** This fund is used to account for the accumulated and the disbursement of account for expenditures and financing of various long-term debt liabilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• **The Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund** – This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection system including operating costs of the wastewater collection system and water recycling plant.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- The Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has two internal service funds, the Motor Pool Fund and the Self Insurance Fund. The Motor Pool Fund accounts for the City's central garage, and the Self Insurance Fund accounts for the employee dental, workers' compensation, general liability, property, and automobile liability insurance.
- The RDA Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Funds account for the former Redevelopment Agency activities.

F. Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide, Proprietary funds, and Fiduciary funds financial statements are required by GASB 34 to be reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

F. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

The Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and liabilities (except for long-term advances from the City) are included in the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue are collected within ninety days after fiscal year end. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considered cash and cash equivalents (investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase) as short term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling the cash of all funds, including the City's Enterprise and Internal Service Funds.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

H. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, except for investments that are not transferable and have terms that are not affected by change in market rates are reported at cost.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as revenues from use of money reported for that fiscal year. Revenues from use of money include interest earnings, change in fair value, gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investment and rental income. Changes in the fair value of investments during this fiscal year were calculated and booked.

I. Receivables and Payables

All accounts, grants, tax, and note receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

General fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased. These inventories are stated at cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market, and consist of expendable materials and supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventories and prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance for noncurrent assets in governmental funds, to indicate that they do not constitute resources available for appropriation.

K. Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary fund financial statements. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expense each year, and the total amount of accumulated depreciation taken over the years, is reported on the respective statements as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

L. Encumbrances

The City uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executor contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities, but as restricted, or unassigned fund balance.

M. Compensated Absences

City employees accrue vacation, sick, holiday, and compensatory time off benefits. An employee may accumulate vacation time equal to an amount as stipulated in their contracts. No cash compensation is payable for accrued vacation until the employee terminates employment. Sick leave is compensated in cash only upon an employee's retirement. Maximum limit per employee is \$3,000 or one quarter of employee's sick leave credit, whichever is lower. Two employee groups have elected to participate in a retirement health savings program and have directed vacation and limited sick leave cash out to separation of this program. It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate compensatory time within set limits instead of drawing overtime. This accumulation may subsequently be exchanged into cash or time taken.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when they have matured (such as vacation time, estimated to be paid upon retirement by the end of the fiscal year with expendable available financial resources). Each fiscal year, an adjustment to the liability is made based on pay rate changes and adjustments for the current portion. The General Fund is primarily responsible for the repayment of the governmental portion of compensated absences.

Beginning Balance Additions Payments	Governmental Activities \$1,348,006 916,003 (819,401)	Business-Type Activities \$307,137 123,731 (173,272)	Total \$1,655,143 1,039,734 (992,673)
Ending Balance	\$1,444,608	\$257,596	\$1,702,204
Current Portion	\$862,000	\$154,000	\$1,016,000
Non-current Portion	\$582,608	\$103,596	\$686,204

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

N. Property Tax Revenues

California Constitution Article XIII A limits the combined property tax rate to one percent of a property's assessed valuation. Additional taxes may be imposed with voter approval. Assessed value is calculated at one hundred percent of a property's fair value, as defined by Article XIII A, and may be increased no more than two percent per year unless a change in ownership occurs. The County of San Mateo collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to adjustments for voter-approved debt. The City receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan," whereby the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the City. The City recognizes property tax revenues (including tax increment revenues) to the extent of each year's tax allocation received or to be received within 60 days after the end of each fiscal year.

O. Property Tax Revenues (Continued)

The County assesses properties, bills for, collects, and distributes property taxes per the following schedule:

	Secured	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation dates	January 1	January 1
Lien/Levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates	50% on November 1 50% on February 1	July 1
Delinquent as of	December 10 April 10	August 31

The term "Unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land, and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on property being taxed.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Q. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

R. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds incurred departmental expenditures in excess of appropriations:

	Excess of Expenditures
Fund/Department	Over
Major Funds:	
General Fund	
Community Development	(\$162,930)
Parks, Beaches and Recreation	(258,383)
General Capital Projects Fund	
Community Development	(41,668)
Capital outlay	(63,101)
Non-Major Funds: Parks and Playfield	
Capital Projects Fund	(4,072)

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

Budgetary information

The City operates under the general law of the State of California, and annually adopts a budget to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Manager submits a Preliminary Budget to the City Council on or about May 15 each year. This Preliminary Budget is the fiscal plan for the ensuing twelve months starting July 1, and includes proposals for expenditures for operations and capital improvement, and the resources to meet them. City Council conducts public hearings at Council Chambers before adopting the budget. The Council approves total appropriations at the department level in the General Fund, and at the fund level in other funds. The Budget is adopted by City resolution prior to June 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget appropriations within departments in conformance with the adopted policies set by the City Council. All other transfers must be approved by the City Council. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures are budgeted at, and may not legally exceed, the department level for the General Fund and the fund level for Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Internal Service Funds. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council during the fiscal year. During the fiscal year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

Budgets for General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Internal Service Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). Except for Capital Project Funds, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and are rebudgeted for the coming year. The following capital projects funds are not budgeted annually: Aircraft Noise Project Fund, Parking In-lieu Fund, Excess ERAF Fund and Public Library Fund.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are recorded as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

As of June 30, 2016 the following funds had a deficit net position/fund balance:

Major Special Revenue Fund: Disaster Accounting Fund	\$2,127,884
Major Capital Projects Fund: General Capital Improvement	248,821
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund: Highway 1 Improvement	34,013

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued):

The deficits in the governmental funds are due to the City paying expenditures in advance of receiving revenues. The majority of these deficits are going to be repaid once reimbursements are received from the grantor, and if there are any outstanding deficits after the repayments, the General Fund should cover these deficits when the fund is closed out.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$27,967,896
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,971,893
Restricted cash and investments	3,459,330
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	568,139
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	221,951
Total cash and investments	\$34,189,209

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage/ Investment of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Commercial Paper	180 days	A-1	15%	None
Bankers Acceptances	270 days	A-1+	40%	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	50%	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	None	50%	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	30%	None
State of California Local Agency				
Investment Funds (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$50,000,000	\$50,000,000
Banks and Savings and Loan Time Deposits	N/A	A-1+	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	15%	None
Mutual Funds	5 years	AAAm	15%	None

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by trustees is governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Maximum	Minimum Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
Municipal Bonds	None	AAA
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None
Time Deposits (Unsecured)	30 days	A-1
Money Market Funds	None	AAAm
Investment Contracts	None	AA-
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	1 year	A-1+
Bankers Acceptances	1 year	A-1+
Pre-refunding Municipal Bonds	None	AAA
State and Municipal Bonds	None	Two Highest Categories

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to change in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments and those held by trustees to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)		
Investment Type	12 Months Or Less	Totals	
California Local Agency Investment Fund Held by Trustees:	\$7,121,550	\$7,121,550	
Money Market Fund	2,180,381	2,180,381	
Total Investments	\$9,301,931	9,301,931	
Cash in Banks Petty Cash	_	24,883,633 3,645	
Total Cash	_	24,887,278	
Total Cash and Investments	=	\$34,189,209	

Money market mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2016, have an average maturity of 19-43 days.

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City's investments (including investments held by trustees) include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above). The City does not hold any specific investments that need to be reported here.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

The California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) classified in Level 2 is valued based on the fair value factor provided by the Treasurer of the State of California, which is calculated as fair value divided by the amortized cost of the investment pool. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the custodian bank.

Money market funds are exempt from fair value measurement and are reported at amortized cost.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Rating as of Fi		
Investment Type	AAA	Not Rated	Total
California Local Agency Investment Fund Held by Trustees:		\$7,121,550	\$7,121,550
Money Market Fund	\$2,180,381		2,180,381
Total Investments	\$2,180,381	\$7,121,550	\$9,301,931

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City has no investments in any one issuer (other than money market funds and an external investment pool) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2016, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. At June 30, 2016, these investments have an average maturity of 167 days.

NOTE 4 - Notes Receivable and Note Payable

On October 6, 2015, the City entered into the HELP Loan Release Agreement with a California nonprofit public benefit corporation (nonprofit corporation). Under the release agreement, the city agreed to transfer the note receivable from NCR to the nonprofit corporation. In addition, the nonprofit corporation also agreed to repay in full the \$875,378 loan principal payable and accrued interest directly to CHFA. Lastly, the nonprofit corporation also agreed to repay the City \$292,083 and any accrued interest. As a result, the note receivable from NCR was deemed fully received; and the note payable to CHFA was deemed fully repaid.

NOTE 5 - Capital Assets:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. GASB Statement No.34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of the depreciation is to spread the cost of the capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro-rata share of the cost of the capital assets. Depreciation is provided using the straight–line method over its expected useful life. Capital assets with a value of \$5,000 or more are capitalized.

The City has assigned the following useful lives to capital assets: Buildings and improvements (25-30 years); Police Vehicles (4 years); Other Vehicles (5-25 years); Machinery and Equipment (5-15 years); Collection System (20 years); and Infrastructure (15-30 years).

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2016:

	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Contribution from Successor Agency	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$38,362,546	\$573,873		\$15,000	\$835,275	\$39,786,694
Construction in progress	301,727	505,158	<u> </u>	(15,000)	·	791,885
Total capital assets not being depreciated	38,664,273	1,079,031			835,275	40,578,579
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings & improvements	15,910,466	47,440				15,957,906
Vehicles	6,563,145	144,939	(\$109,340)			6,598,744
Machinery and equipment	2,659,914	40,820				2,700,734
Infrastructure	31,763,858	1,913,100				33,676,958
Total capital assets being depreciated	56,897,383	2,146,299	(109,340)			58,934,342
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings & improvements	(8,366,477)	(486,077)				(8,852,554)
Vehicles	(5,029,779)	(456,622)	109,340			(5,377,061)
Machinery & equipment	(2,249,296)	(215,913)				(2,465,209)
Infrastructure	(7,796,077)	(1,122,568)			-	(8,918,645)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,441,629)	(2,281,180)	109,340		·	(25,613,469)
Depreciable capital assets, net	33,455,754	(134,881)	<u></u> ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	33,320,873
Total capital assets, net	\$72,120,027	\$944,150	<u> </u>		\$835,275	\$73,899,452

NOTE 5 - Capital Assets (Continued):

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$131,202
Public safety	430,420
Public works	1,153,145
Parks, beaches, and recreation	86,861
Internal Service Fund	479,552
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,281,180

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities as of June 30, 2016:

	Balance June 30, 2015	Additions	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	\$4,014,412		\$4,014,412
Construction in progress		\$441,289	441,289
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,014,412	441,289	4,455,701
Depreciable capital assets:			
Buildings & improvements	76,723,148	442,689	77,165,837
Collection system	12,052,794	323,646	12,376,440
Machinery and equipment	1,488,615	27,905	1,516,520
Total capital assets being depreciated	90,264,557	794,240	91,058,797
Less accumulated depreciation for:			
Buildings & improvements	(45,474,839)	(1,916,557)	(47,391,396)
Collection system	(4,298,763)	(560,560)	(4,859,323)
Machinery & equipment	(1,104,602)	(108,031)	(1,212,633)
Total accumulated depreciation	(50,878,204)	(2,585,148)	(53,463,352)
Depreciable capital assets, net	. 39,386,353	(1,790,908)	37,595,445
Total capital assets, net	\$43,400,765	(\$1,349,619)	\$42,051,146

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Debt:

The City generally incurs debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The City's debt issues and transactions related to both governmental and business-type activities are summarized below and discussed in detail subsequently.

Governmental Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016	Due in One Year
Certificates of Participation:				
2008 COP	\$16,740,000	(\$530,000)	\$16,210,000	\$580,000
Capital Lease Payable:				
Energy retrofit lease	918,514	(107,290)	811,224	111,624
Pension Obligation Bonds:				
2010 Pension obligation bond				
(88.622%)	12,712,826	(1,409,090)	11,303,736	1,555,316
Notes payable:				
2001 CHFA Loan	875,378	(875,378)		·
	\$31,246,718	(\$2,921,758)	\$28,324,960	\$2,246,940

Business-type Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016	Due in One year
Revenue bonds:				
2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding	\$6,740,000		\$6,740,000	
Net Premium	1,364,160	(\$118,623)	1,245,537	
Pension Obligation bonds:				
2010 Pension obligation bond				
(11.378%)	1,632,174	(180,910)	1,451,264	\$199,684
Notes payable:				
State of California Water				
Resources Board	14,461,430	(2,065,919)	12,395,511	2,065,919
Loan and Installment Agreement	5,914,214	(239,210)	5,675,004	247,822
Total notes payable	20,375,644	(2,305,129)	18,070,515	2,313,741
	\$30,111,978	(\$2,604,662)	\$27,507,316	\$2,513,425

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

6A. Governmental Activities Debt

<u>2008 Certificates of Participation</u>: On July 28, 2008, the City of Pacifica issued Certificates of Participation (COP) in the amount of \$19,815,000 (par value) payable annually beginning January 1, 2010 and with interest rates ranging from 3.000% to 5.375%, payable each July 1 and January 1, beginning January 1, 2009. The COP matures on January 1, 2037. The purpose of the COP is to (i) fund an escrow to cause the mandatory tender of all outstanding certificates for the 2006 issue, (ii) provide funds relating to the acquisition, construction, and equipping of certain City public street improvement projects, (iii) fund certain costs relating to termination of a swap agreement relating to the 2006 COP, (iv) fund capitalized interest, (v) fund or provide for satisfaction of the Reserve Fund Requirement, and (vi) pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution, delivery, and sale of the 2008 COPs.

The bonds are payable from any source of available funds of the City. 25.235% of each debt service is payable from and ratably secured by a pledge of the gas tax revenues.

\$15,882,250 from the 2008 COP was placed in an irrevocable trust that was used to pay off the 2006 COP. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debts) of \$1,497,410.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred charge on refunding balance at June 30, 2016 was \$913,863 for the 2008 COP.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2008 Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$580,000	\$828,931	\$1,408,931
2018	555,000	804,281	1,359,281
2019	625,000	780,000	1,405,000
2020	625,000	751,875	1,376,875
2021	600,000	722,969	1,322,969
2022-2026	3,475,000	3,127,344	6,602,344
2027-2031	4,000,000	2,194,844	6,194,844
2032-2036	4,725,000	1,053,500	5,778,500
2037	1,025,000	55,094	1,080,094
Total	\$16,210,000	\$10,318,838	\$26,528,838

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Energy Retrofit Lease: On November 1, 2012, the City entered into a lease/purchase agreement with Holman Capital Corporation for energy efficiency measures at various City owned buildings. The effective interest rate on the lease is 4.0% and lease payments are payable semiannually on November 15 and May 15, commencing May 15, 2013. The lease ends on November 15, 2022.

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$111,624	\$31,344	\$142,968
2018	116,134	26,834	142,968
2019	120,825	22,142	142,967
2020	125,707	17,261	142,968
2021	130,785	12,183	142,968
2022-2023	206,149	8,301	214,450
Total	\$811,224	\$118,065	\$929,289

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the Energy Retrofit Lease are as follows:

2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds: During May 2010, the City of Pacifica issued \$20,510,000 of Pension Obligation Bonds bearing interest between 1.425% and 6.899% and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing December 1, 2010. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030. These bonds were used to advance pay miscellaneous and safety employee pension obligations. Approximately 88.622% of the bond proceeds were allocated to governmental activities (including 1.71% to the Motor Pool internal service fund). This portion of the outstanding principal balance at June 30, 2016 is \$11,110,443.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2010 Pension Obligation Bonds (governmental portion) are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$1,555,316	\$719,639	\$2,274,955
2018	855,202	640,195	1,495,397
2019	957,118	591,002	1,548,120
2020	372,212	534,035	906,247
2021	425,386	510,392	935,778
2022-2026	3,150,513	2,059,793	5,210,306
2027-2031	3,987,989	707,699	4,695,688
Total	\$11,303,736	\$5,762,755	\$17,066,491

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

6B. Business Type Activities Debt

Loan and Installment Agreement: On August 27, 2012, the City of Pacifica entered into a loan and installment agreement with the City of Pacifica Financing Authority in the amount of \$6,402,594 payable annually beginning July 1, 2013 at an interest rate of 3.6%, payable each July 1 and January 1, beginning January 1, 2013. The agreement matures on July 1, 2032. The purpose of this agreement is to (i) fund an escrow to cause the mandatory tender of the outstanding 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds (ii) provide funds relating to the Equalization Basin Project, the Collection System Capacity Improvement Projects, and the Collection System Repair, Rehabilitation, and Replacement Projects, (iii) fund or provide for satisfaction of the defeasance of the 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds, (iv) fund or provide for satisfaction of the Reserve Fund Requirement, and (vi) pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution of the Loan and Installment Sale. The outstanding principal balance at June 30, 2016 is \$5,675,004.

\$3,480,000 from the Loan and Installment Sale was placed in an irrevocable trust that was used to pay off the 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debts) of \$156,235.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred charge on refunding balance at June 30, 2016 was \$65,473 for the Loan and Installment Sale.

The defeased 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds have been paid off. Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the Loan and Installment Agreement are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	ar ended Principal Interest		Total	
2017	\$247,822	\$199,839	\$447,661	
2018	256,744	190,757	447,501	
2019	265,986	181,348	447,334	
2020	275,562	171,600	447,162	
2021	285,482	161,501	446,983	
2022-2026	1,589,214	642,831	2,232,045	
2027-2031	1,896,576	329,898	2,226,474	
2032-2034	857,618	31,148	888,766	
Total	\$5,675,004	\$1,908,922	\$7,583,926	

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds: During May 2010, the City of Pacifica issued \$20,510,000 of Pension Obligation Bonds bearing interest between 1.425% and 6.899% and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing December 1, 2010. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030. These bonds were used to advance pay miscellaneous and safety employee pension obligations. Approximately 11.378% of the bond proceeds were allocated to business-type activities.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2010 Pension Obligation Bonds (business-type portion) are as follows:

Fiscal year ended Principal Interest	Total
2017 \$199,684 \$92,393	\$292,077
2018 109,798 82,193	191,991
2019 122,882 75,878	198,760
2020 47,788 68,564	116,352
2021 54,614 65,528	120,142
2022-2026 404,488 264,453	668,941
2027-2030 512,010 90,860	602,870
Total \$1,451,264 \$739,869 \$	52,191,133

State of California Water Resource Control Board Loan: On February 20, 1997, the State of California Water Resource Control Board entered into an agreement to Ioan to the City \$41,304,818 for the construction of a new wastewater treatment facility.

No interest is charged on the loan. Principal payments are due each July 31, with the final payment due July 31, 2021.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the State of California Water Resource Control Board Loan are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Total
2017	\$2,065,919	\$2,065,919
2018	2,065,919	2,065,919
2019	2,065,919	2,065,919
2020	2,065,919	2,065,919
2021	2,065,919	2,065,919
2022	2,065,916	2,065,916
Total	\$12,395,511	\$12,395,511

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

2004 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds: During July 2004, the City of Pacifica issued \$9,250,000 in 2004 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds (2004 bonds) at interest rates varying from 5% to 5.25%. The net proceeds of the bonds were issued to refund a portion of the State of California Water Resource Control Board Loan (payments due through July 31, 2007) and to establish a reserve fund. In November 2014, the 2004 bonds were refunded by the 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds as discussed below. The outstanding principal balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2016 is \$6,740,000.

2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds: In November 2014, the City issued \$6,470,000 in 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds (2014 bonds) with interest rates ranging from 5% to 5.25%. The proceeds were used to advance refund the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Net proceeds of \$9.3 million (including a \$1.4 million premium and other city funds) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed. The reacquisition price totaled to the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds.

The refunding reduced total debt service payments over 12 years by \$3,861,102 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,796,336.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred charge on refunding balance at June 30, 2016 was \$275,889 for the 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Interests on the 2014 bonds are payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year, commenced April 1, 2015. Principal payments which are due each October 1 will commence on October 1, 2022, with the last payment due on October 1, 2026. The bonds are paid from and secured by the net revenues of the wastewater collection system of the City.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	year ended Principal Interest		Total	
2017		\$337,000	\$337,000	
2018		337,000	337,000	
2019		337,000	337,000	
2020		337,000	337,000	
2021		337,000	337,000	
2022-2026	\$6,545,000	1,050,125	7,595,125	
2027	195,000	4,875	199,875	
Total	\$6,740,000	\$2,740,000	\$9,480,000	
		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

NOTE 7 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

Plan Description

The City participates in the CalPERS medical program. Employees in the following bargaining groups who retire from the City and receive a CalPERS pension are eligible to receive City contributions towards the costs of their (OPEB) coverage:

- Department Directors
- Battalion Chiefs
- Firefighters
- Management Unit
- Police Officers
- Police Supervisors
- Police Management
- Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Miscellaneous Employees

In general, employees in the above groups may choose to receive their medical benefits from Union Trust Plans (except Public Safety – Firefighters and Police) or enroll in any of the CalPERS medical plans. For the retirees who do not participate in the CalPERS medical programs, the City does not make a contribution toward the cost of postemployment healthcare benefits.

Funding Policy

Under its arrangement with the CaIPERS medical program, the City contributes the minimum amount provided under Government Code Section 22825 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act. Retirees must contribute any premium amounts in excess of the City contribution.

Retired Department Directors, retired Management Unit employees, unrepresented managers, and confidential employees receive an additional \$100 monthly benefit.

The City's policy is to contribute an amount sufficient to pay the current year's minimum employer contribution only.

NOTE 7 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

Annual OPEB and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years, on a closed basis. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$375,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	110,493
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(141,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	344,493
Contributions made	(110,670)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	233,823
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	2,762,313
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$2,996,136

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and the two preceding fiscal years were as follows:

		Percentage of Annual OPEB	
	Annual	Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2014	\$312,757	30.0%	\$2,537,737
6/30/2015	328,509	11.9%	2,762,313
6/30/2016	344,493	11.5%	2,996,136

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 7 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.0 percent general inflation rate, a 4.0 percent investment rate of return, which is the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets, an annual increase in the minimum monthly benefit (healthcare cost trend rate) of 4.5 percent, and a 3.25 percent annual rate of increase in payroll. The actuarial value of assets is not applicable (no assets as of the valuation date). The UAAL is being amortized as a flat percentage of covered payroll over thirty years, on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 was 22 years.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (a)	Actuarial Value of Assets (b)	Unfunded Liability (Excess Assets) (a)-(b)	Funded Status _(b)/(a)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a)-(b)/(c)]
07/01/2007	\$5,127,629	\$0	\$5,127,629	0%	\$15,457,782	33.2%
07/01/2010	\$3,443,589	\$0	\$3,443,589	0%	\$15,929,273	21.6%
06/30/2013	\$3,701,000	\$0	\$3,701,000	0%	\$13,745,000	26.9%

Most Recent Actuarial Studies – Schedule of Funding Progress

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans:

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

The City has pension plans with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) and the California Public Employees Retirement System (PARS). Information about the pension plans follows.

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's defined benefit pension plans as follows:

- Miscellaneous (agent multiple-employer plan)
- Safety Police (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)
- Pepra Safety Police (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)
- Safety Fire (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)
- Pepra Safety Fire (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)

These plans are administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

B. Miscellaneous Plan

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

CalPERS	Miscellaneous
Benefit formula	2% @ 55
	2.5% @ 55
	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	55-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2-2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.965%
Required employer contribution rates	15.286%

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

B. Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers to be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous Plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2014 Measurement Date	\$83,032,579	\$74,857,522	\$8,175,057
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	1,427,162		1,427,162
Interest on the total pension liability	6,123,624		6,123,624
Contribution - employer		1,081,227	(1,081,227)
Contribution - employee		622,660	(622,660)
Net investment income		1,641,405	(1,641,405)
Changes in assumptions	(1,478,509)		(1,478,509)
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	(328,078)		(328,078)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(3,784,383)	(3,784,383)	
Administrative expense		(83,654)	83,654
Net changes	1,959,816	(522,745)	2,482,561
Balance at June 30, 2015 Measurement Date	\$84,992,395	\$74,334,777	\$10,657,618

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

B. Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1%	0.05%
Decrease	6.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$21,868,670
Current Discount Rate	7.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$10,657,618
1%	
Increase	8.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$1,382,114

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$98,112. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$1,256,739		
Differences between actual and expected experience		(\$185,435)	
Changes in assumptions		(835,679)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments		(677,343)	
Total	\$1,256,739	(\$1,698,457)	

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

B. Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

\$1,256,739 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2017	(\$1,277,567)
2018	(727,735)
2019	(492,094)
2020	798,939

Contributions, Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 8E below.

C. Safety Plan

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense. All other assumptions for the June 30, 2014 measurement date were the same as those used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

C. Safety Plan (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	Safety Police	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	8.986%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates	18.524%	11.153%

	Safety Fire	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	8.980%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates	16.523%	11.153%

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

C. Safety Plan (Continued)

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Safety Plan as \$20,914,148.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Safety	
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	6.65% \$34,881,757	
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	7.65% \$20,914,148	
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	8.65% \$9,460,965	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows or resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.501%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.508%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.007%

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

C. Safety Plan (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	Safety Police	
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	8.986%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates	18.524%	11.153%

	Safety Fire	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	8.980%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates	16.523%	11.153%

Contributions, Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 8E below.

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

D. PARS Plan

Plan Description – The PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP) was implemented July 1, 2003 and closed to new participants hired after January 1, 2012. Eligibility to participate in REP is for the following positions: City Attorney, Administrative Services Director, non-safety Department Director or non-safety management employee of the City on or after July 1, 2003. Participants receiving the benefits are non-safety Management Group Employees. This plan is separate from CaIPERS and is established as a 401 (a) Defined Benefit Plan. The REP is administered by PARS.

The REP provides a benefit equal to 0.5% of final average compensation for City management service earned after plan inception (July 1, 2003). In addition, any City employee in a covered management position as of the date of plan inception will receive up to an additional 10 years of service for any City service (management or non-management) prior to July 1, 2003.

Eligibility for an immediate benefit is defined as reaching age 55, completing five years of fulltime City management service, and retiring concurrently from both the City and CalPERS after leaving City employment.

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2016 there were 12 active employees covered by the benefit terms of the plan.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – The net pension liability of the REP is measured as of June 30, 2016, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 projected forward to June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2015 Measurement			
Date	\$3,161,548	\$2,055,482	\$1,106,066
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	55,073		55,073
Interest on the total pension liability	228,048		228,048
Contribution - employer		127,848	(127,848)
Net investment income		7,840	(7,840)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(136,732)		(136,732)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	143,356		143,356
Administrative expenses		(9,150)	9,150
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(144,782)	(144,782)	
Net changes	144,963	(18,244)	163,207
Balance at June 30, 2016 Measurement			
Date	\$3,306,511	\$2,037,238	\$1,269,273

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

D. PARS Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	PARS
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	6.25% \$1,673,949
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	7.25% \$1,269,273
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	8.25% \$929,032

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$228,393. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	PARS	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience		(\$84,143)
Changes in assumptions	\$88,219	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		
plan investments	177,877	
- / ·	*************	
Total	\$266,096	(\$84,143)

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

D. PARS Plan (Continued)

\$127,848 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2017	\$52,490
2018	51,470
2019	49,944
2020	28,049

Contributions, Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 9E below.

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the cost-sharing plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability and side fund was \$868,425 in fiscal year 2016.

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers to be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP) - The City makes all contributions necessary to fund the benefits available under the REP. Employees are not permitted to make any contributions.

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the contributions to all Plans were as follows:

	Employer Contributions	
CalPERS:		
Miscellaneous	\$1,256,739	
Safety	1,364,845	
PARS REP	127,848	
Total:	\$2,749,432	

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2014 total pension liability. The June 30, 2014 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	CalPERS	PARS REP
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Norma	al Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.25%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%	Not stated
Projected Salary Increase	3.2% - 12.2% (1)	3.40% to 11.60%
Investment Rate of Return	7.65% (2)	7.25%

(1) Depending on age, service and type of employment

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

California Public Employees Retirement System Plans (CalPERS)

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions – GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense. All other assumptions for the June 30, 2014 measurement date were the same as those used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65% will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a buildingblock approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

CalPERS			
AssetClass	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

(a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

(b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

NOTE 8 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP)

The REP's range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation as follows:

PARS REP		
		Long-term
		Expected
	Target	Arithmetic Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	4.03%	0.42%
Core Fixed Income	56.90%	2.12%
Broad US Equities	28.81%	5.12%
Developed Foreign Equities	6.13%	5.85%
Emerging Market Equities	2.66%	8.07%
US REITs	1.47%	5.14%
Total	100%	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position with CalPERS and PARS are available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report with CalPERS and City of Pacifica respectively.

NOTE 9 – Risk Management:

Workers' Compensation

The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California, which pools risks under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with 31 other cities and governmental agencies. The City has no workers' compensation deductible for claims and the Authority covers claims up to \$500,000. The Authority purchases excess insurance from \$500,000 to the statutory limit. The City paid premiums of \$839,408 during fiscal year end June 30, 2016 for workers' compensation coverage.

The Authority is governed by a Board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the Authority, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board.

The City's deposits with the Authority are in accordance with formulas established by the Authority. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Audited financial statements can be obtained from Municipal Pooling Authority, 1911 San Miguel Drive #100, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

General Liability

On July 1, 1986, the City became a member of the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) Pooled Liability Assurance Network (PLAN). PLAN is a not-for-profit organization established to provide certain levels of liability insurance coverage, claims and risk management services, and legal defense to thirty- one San Francisco Bay Area cities. PLAN is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of officials appointed by each participating member and is administered by the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG). Complete financial statements for ABAG PLAN may be obtained from their offices at the following address: ABAG PLAN, Finance Department, P.O. Box 2050, Oakland, CA 94604.

The City paid premiums of \$446,315 during fiscal year 2015-2016 for general liability and property coverage in excess of the City's self-insured retention. Members may receive rebates when declared by ABAG or, in the event excess liability claims against ABAG exceed available resources, may be required to make additional contributions.

The City is self-insured for the first \$50,000 of general and property liability for each occurrence, and the excess (up to \$10,000,000 for each occurrence and annual aggregate) is covered through the City's participation in the ABAG PLAN.

NOTE 9 – Risk Management (Continued):

Dental

On July 1, 1988, the City established a program of self-insurance with respect to Employee's Dental Insurance, in accordance with the provisions of a Memorandum of Understanding between the City and all full-time employees. This program is administered by TLC Administrators and provides claims review and processing. The maximum benefit per employee per plan year varies between \$1,500 and \$2,000; the maximum benefit per dependent per plan year is also between \$1,500 and \$2,000.

The City maintains an internal service fund to account for these insurance programs. Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Changes in the total reported liability resulted from the following:

	Fiscal Year ended in June 30,		
	2015	2016	
July 1 Liability	\$888,563	\$124,919	
Claims & change in estimate	(617, 183)	467,774	
Payments for claims	(146,461)	(347,917)	
June 30 Liability	\$124,919	\$244,776	

NOTE 10 - Interfund Transactions:

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/interfund payables (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as interfund receivables or interfund payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Due To/From Other Funds

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business, to fund projects until the borrowing fund receives revenues to repay the lending fund and to assist funds with negative cash balance at the fiscal year end. The following is a summary of Interfund balances as of June 30, 2016:

Funds	Due from other funds	Due to other funds
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$3,155,391	
Special Revenue Fund:		
Davies Trust Fund		\$216
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Disaster Accounting		2,086,167
Street Construction Fund		1,050,615
Capital Project Fund:		
Highway 1 Improvement		18,393
Total	\$3,155,391	\$3, 155, 391

Transfers

Transfers report the nonreciprocal contribution of resources from one fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made expenditures on behalf of another fund. Less often a transfer may be made to open or close a fund. The principal purpose of the City's interfund transfers as shown below was for operational support to other funds.

Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 10 - Interfund Transactions (Continued):

Funds	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Funds:		,
General Fund	\$805,952	\$1,403,000
General Capital Improvement Fund		143,000
Debt Service Fund	1,678,650	
Gas Tax Fund		144,200
Sewer Utility Fund		939,559
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Street Construction Fund		538,650
NPDES Stormwater Fund		60,000
PB&R	129,000	
Excess ERAF Fund		13,000
Parks and Playfield		25,000
Internal Service Fund:		
Motor Pool Fund	272,807	
Self Insurance Fund	380,000	
Total	\$3,266,409	\$3,266,409

The following is a summary of transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

<u>Advances</u>

At June 30, 2016 the funds below had made advances that are not expected to be repaid within the next year. These long-term interfund advances are expected to be repaid out of future developer fees.

General Fund/Sewer Utility Fund

• Per the repayment plan approved by the Pacifica City Council on June 23, 2014, repayment of this advance will begin in 2016-17 and conclude in 2020-21.

General Fund/NPDES Fund

• A repayment plan will be finalized by the 2017-18 fiscal year.

Street Construction Fund/General Capital Improvement Fund

• A repayment plan will be finalized by the 2017-18 fiscal year.

Advance From Other Funds	Advance To Other Funds		Amount of Advance
General Fund NPDES Stormwater General Capital Improvement Fund	Sewer Utility Fund General Fund Street Construction Fund		\$1,333,638 75,000 2,218,700
		otal	\$3,627,338

NOTE 11 – Loan Receivable from Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund:

Prior to the dissolution of the former redevelopment agency, the General Fund had loaned money to the former Redevelopment Agency Rockaway Beach Fund to carry out redevelopment activities. As a result of the dissolution, the loan receivable is now recorded as a loan receivable from the Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund. Interest accrues on the original advance at the current Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate. At June 30, 2016, outstanding loans totaled \$3,838,365 (\$2,240,283 in principal and \$1,598,082 in accrued interest).

NOTE 12 – Net Position and Fund Balances:

A. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 adds the concept of net position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

Net position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34 and 63. These captions apply only to net position as determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of net position, which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include capital projects, revolving loan programs, and other various grant programs.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted resources are depleted first before the unrestricted resources are used.

B. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

NOTE 12 – Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued):

B. Fund Balances (Continued)

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City ordinance (City Manager).

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 12 – Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued):

B. Fund Balances (Continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	General Fund	Gas Tax Fund	Davies Trust Fund	Disaster Accounting Fund	General Capital Improvement Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$30,923							\$30,923
Inventory	3,663							3,663
Loan receivable	75,000							75,000
Advances	3,838,365					-	·	3,838,365
Subtotal	3,947,951							3,947,951
Restricted for: Supplemental law enforcement							\$130,195	130,195
Trust Activities			\$3,459,114					3,459,114
Streets and roads		\$639,667					3,519,224	4,158,891
Housing							3,396,990	3,396,990
Parking							21,086	21,086
Debt services Stormwater						\$1,220,008		1,220,008
operations							37,566	37,566
Capital projects							<u>1,384,723</u>	1,384,723
Subtotal		639,667	3,459,114			1,220,008	8,489,784	13,808,573
Assigned for:	100,000							100,000
Police services	50,751							50,751
Public works	50,751							50,751
Parks, beaches								
and recreation	753,489							753,489
Subtotal	904,240							904,240
Unassigned	4,960,039			(\$2,127,884)	(\$248,821)	·	(34,013)	2,549,321
Total Fund Balances	\$9,812,230	\$639,667	\$3,459,114	(\$2,127,884)	(\$248,821)	\$1,220,008	\$8,455,771	\$21,210,085
						-		

NOTE 13 – Contingencies:

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 14 – Successor Agency to Former Redevelopment Agency Activities:

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Pacifica that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit. On January 23, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 01-2012.

Long Range Property Management Plan – On December 10, 2015 the Successor Agency received confirmation from the California Department of Finance that it had reviewed and approved the Successor Agency's Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP).

Loan Payable to the City – Please see Note 11.

Capital Assets – The LRPMP authorized the transfer of land in the amount of \$835,275 to the City of Pacifica.

Long-term Debt – Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	Balance July 01, 2015	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016	Due in One Year
2004 Tax allocation bonds	\$1,360,000	(\$50,000)	\$1,310,000	\$55,000

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 14 – Successor Agency to Former Redevelopment Agency Activities (Continued):

2004 Tax Allocation Bonds: In August 2004, the former Redevelopment Agency (Agency) issued \$1,725,000 in Rockaway Beach Redevelopment Project 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds at interest rates ranging from 2.9% to 5.75%. The net proceeds of the bonds were issued to refinance redevelopment activities by repaying a portion of the loan made by the City to the Agency and to establish a reserve fund. Interest on the bonds will be payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 each year, commencing January 1, 2005. The bonds mature on July 1, 2031. The bonds are payable exclusively from pledged tax revenues to be derived from the project area and from the amounts on deposits in certain funds and accounts, including the reserve account and the revenue account.

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$55,000	\$72,754	\$127,754	
2018	55,000	69,866	124,866	
2019	60,000	66,788	126,788	
2020	60,000	63,518	123,518	
2021	65,000	60,040	125,040	
2022-2026	385,000	238,171	623,171	
2027-2031	510,000	111,551	621,551	
2032	120,000	3,450	123,450	
Total	\$1,310,000	\$686,138	\$1,996,138	

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds are as follows:

NOTE 15 – Subsequent Event

-

2016 Certificates of Participation: On September 22, 2016, the City of Pacifica issued Certificates of Participation (COP) in the amount of \$14,680,000 (par value) payable annually beginning January 1, 2021 and with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%, payable each July 1 and January 1, beginning January 1, 2017. The COP matures on January 1, 2037. The purpose of the COP is to (i) fund an escrow to cause the mandatory tender of all outstanding certificates for the 2008 issue, (ii) fund capitalized interest, (iii) fund or provide for satisfaction of the Reserve Fund Requirement, and (iv) pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution, delivery, and sale of the 2008 COPs.

Pension Liability: In December 2016, CalPERS' Board of Directors voted to lower the discount rate from 7.5% to 7.0% over the next three fiscal years, beginning in fiscal year 2018. The change in the discount rate will affect the contribution rates beginning in fiscal year 2019 and result in increases to the normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Miscellaneous		
	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$1,445,205	\$1,427,162	
Interest	5,862,583	6,123,624	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(328,078)	
Changes in assumptions		(1,478,509)	
Changes in benefits			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(3,440,758)	(3,784,383)	
Net change in total pension liability	3,867,030	1,959,816	
Total pension liability - beginning	79,165,549	83,032,579	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$83,032,579	\$84,992,395	
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$993,077	\$1,081,227	
Contributions - employee	622,734	622,660	
Net investment income	11,283,773	1,641,405	
Administrative expense		(83,654)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(3,440,758)	(3,784,383)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	9,458,826	(522,745)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	65,398,696	74,857,522	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$74,857,522	\$74,334,777	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$8,175,057	\$10,657,618	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	90.15%	87.46%	
Covered - employee payroll	\$7,815,500	\$7,831,182	
Net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee			
payroll	104.60%	136.09%	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes - The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the actuarial valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> - GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense. All other assumptions for the June 30, 2014 measurement date were the same as those used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date. * - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years* Schedule of Contributions

	Miscellaneous		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$1,081,226	\$1,256,739	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>(1,081,226)</u> \$0	(1,256,739) \$0	
Covered-employee payroll	\$7,831,182	\$8,289,027	
covered-employee payroll	13.81%	15.16%	
Notes to Schedule	C/20/2012	C/20/2014	
Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return	Entry age normal Level percentage of payroll, closed 15 years Actuarial valuation of assets 2.75% Varies by entry age and service 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense and administrative expenses, include inflation
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS experience study for the period 1997 to 2007.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre- retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years* SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF THE MEASUREMENT DATE

	Safety Plan		
Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.50100%	0.50800%	
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$18,808,357	\$20,914,148	
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$6,196,651	\$6,025,009	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	303.52%	347.12%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	76.77%	79.47%	

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	Safety Plan		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$1,437,730	\$1,364,845	
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	(1,437,730) \$0	(1,364,845) \$0	
Covered payroll	\$6,025,009	\$6,162,891	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.86%	22.15%	
Plan's proportionate share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the plan's Total Pension Liability	90.15%	87.46%	

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

PARS REP Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	PARS		
	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$97,626	\$55,073	
Interest	218,058	228,048	
Differences between expected and actual experience			
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(136,732)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		143,356	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(126,197)	(144,782)	
Net change in total pension liability	189,487	144,963	
Total pension liability - beginning	2,972,061	3,161,548	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$3,161,548	\$3,306,511	
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$159,573	\$127,848	
Net investment income	44,261	7,840	
Investment expense	(8,227)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(126,197)	(144,782)	
Administrative expenses	(8,448)	(9,150)	
	(0,110)	(0,100)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	60,962	(18,244)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,994,520	2,055,482	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$2,055,482	\$2,037,238	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$1 106 066	¢1 260 272	
Net persion liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$1,106,066	\$1,269,273	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	65.02%	61.61%	
		••	
Covered - employee payroll	\$508,622	\$548,377	
Net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee			
payroll	217.46%	231.46%	
	2	2011.070	

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes - The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the actuarial valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> - There were no changes in assumptions. * - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

PARS Retirement Enhance Plan (REP) Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years* Schedule of Contributions

	PARS		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$220,169	\$127,848	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(220,169)	(127,848)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	
Covered-employee payroll	\$548,377	\$643,378	
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	40.15%	19.87%	
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2013	

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	17 years
Asset valuation method	Actuarial valuation of assets
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Retirement age	Retirement rates of 30% per year starting at age 55 with required years of service.
Mortality	Consistent with the Non-Industrial rates used to value the Miscellaneous CalPERS Pension Plans.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$10,427,445	\$10,796,155	\$10,808,032	\$11,877
Sales	1,750,340	1,750,340	1,983,930	233,590
Franchise	1,643,200	1,643,200	1,736,620	93,420
Other	3,532,940	3,666,578	3,710,615	44,037
Licenses and permits	636,830	636,830	821,062	184,232
Fines and forfeitures	175,000	175,000	149,573	(25,427)
Use of money and property	157,150	157,150	1,646,405	1,489,255
Intergovernmental	4,673,545	4,887,570	4,979,472	91,902
Charges for current services	2,141,225	2,141,225	2,828,678	687,453
Recreation programs	844,190	844,190	898,197	54,007
Other	1,972,445	1,972,445	1,410,468	(561,977)
Total revenues	27,954,310	28,670,683	30,973,052	2,302,369
Expenditures: Current				
General Government				
City Council	135,100	135,100	120,116	14,984
City Manager	1,219,200	1,219,200	933,108	286,092
Human Resources	651,100	721,100	627,730	93,370
City Attorney	444,200	604,200	593,711	10,489
Finance	1,407,600	1,407,600	1,402,239	5,361
Non-departmental	717,510	717,510	655,406	62,104
Total General Government	4,574,710	4,804,710	4,332,310	472,400
Public Safety				
Police	8,878,000	8,878,000	8,595,836	282,164
Fire	5,736,700	5,736,700	5,902,737	(166,037)
Total Public Safety	14,614,700	14,614,700	14,498,573	116,127
Community dovelopment				
	1,605,200	1,605,200	1,763,989	(158,789)
Planning Code enforcement	1,005,200	1,005,200		• • •
Code enforcement			4,141	(4,141)
Total Community Development	1,605,200	1,605,200	1,768,130	(162,930)
Public Works				
Engineering Services	619,400	619,400	608,509	10,891
Street and traffic maintenance	464,200	464,200	465,624	(1,424)
Building maintenance and improvement	434,700	434,700	442,092	(7,392)
Fishing pier/rest stop maintenance	103,900	103,900	86,244	17,656
City parks and playfields	847,900	847,900	767,057	80,843
Total Public Works	2,470,100	2,470,100	2,369,526	100,574

(Continued)

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CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures Current: Parks, Beaches, and Recreation Parks, beaches, and recreation Community center programs Cultural arts Elementary age recreation Teens and j-teens recreation Adult sports Senior Instructional class Recreation swimming Swim Team	287,400 209,100 11,600 143,200 75,300 500 194,200 134,600 354,300 138,600	287,400 209,100 11,600 143,200 75,300 500 194,200 134,600 354,300 138,600	257,910 201,781 11,444 173,001 84,226 42 202,613 140,222 456,283 166,714	29,490 7,319 156 (29,801) (8,926) 458 (8,413) (5,622) (101,983) (28,114)	
Special community recreation Special projects	75,900 2,449,500	75,900 2,449,500	79,268 2,559,079	(3,368) (109,579)	
Total Parks, Beaches and Recreation Capital Outlay	4,074,200	4,074,200	4,332,583	(258,383) 81,843	
Total Expenditures	27,477,310	27,707,310	27,357,679	349,631	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	477,000	963,373	3,615,373	2,652,000	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers (out)	797,000 (1,274,000)	797,000 (1,274,000)	805,952 (1,403,000)	(8,952) 129,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(477,000)	(477,000)	(597,048)	120,048	
Net Change in Fund Balance		\$486,373	3,018,325	\$2,772,048	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			6,793,905		
Fund Balance at End of Year		-	\$9,812,230		

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CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$859,825	\$753,892	(\$105,933)
Use of money and property	250	1,272	1,022
Other		84	84

Total revenues	860,075	755,248	(104,827)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	845,725	781,853	63,872
Capital outlay	15,500	26,386	(10,886)
			<u></u>
Total expenditures	861,225	808,239	52,986
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,150)	(52,991)	(51,841)
Other financing sources (Uses):			
Transfers out	(144,200)	(144,200)	
		<u></u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(144,200)	(144,200)	
Net change in fund balance	(\$145,350)	(197,191)	(\$51,841)
	<u> </u>		
Fund balance at beginning of year		836,858	
		<u></u>	
Fund balance at end of year		\$639,667	

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DAVIES TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Use of money and property	\$350	\$1,579	\$1,229
Total Revenues	350	1,579	1,229
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$350	1,579	\$1,229
Fund Balance at beginning of year		3,457,535	
Fund balance at end of year		\$3,459,114	

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City prepares a budget for each fiscal year on or before June 30. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an Appropriation Resolution. This resolution mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the City Council.

From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the department level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The legal level of control is the department. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General fund and Special Revenue and Capital Project Funds. The General Fund budget and Special Revenue and Capital Project Fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (USGAAP) and are consistent with the basis used for financial reporting. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budget amounts without any reconciliation.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Use of money and property	\$1,300	\$2,519	\$1,219
Other	2,401,550	2,200,706	(200,844)
Total Revenues	2,402,850	2,203,225	(199,625)
Expenditures:			
Debt Service: Principal	2,248,123	2,046,380	201,743
Interest and fiscal charges	1,818,852	2,040,380 1,686,075	132,777
interest and hood charges		1,000,070	102,111
Total expenditures	4,066,975	3,732,455	334,520
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,664,125)	(1,529,230)	134,895
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4 070 050	4 070 050	
Transfers in	1,678,650	1,678,650	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,678,650	1,678,650	
		1,070,000	·····
Net change in fund balance	\$14,525	149,420	\$134,895
	<u></u>		
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,070,588	
Fund holonoo at and of year		¢1 000 000	
Fund balance at end of year		\$1,220,008	

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Dudget	Actual	(Negative)
Licenses and permits	\$50,000	\$6,092	(\$43,908)
Use of money and property	400,000	3,290	3,290
Intergovernmental	77,500	5,000	(72,500)
•	······································		
Total revenues	127,500	14,382	(113,118)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Community development		41,668	(41,668)
Capital Outlay	70,300	133,401	(63,101)
	i	175.000	
Total expenditures	70,300	175,069	(104,769)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	57,200	(160,687)	(217,887)
Other Financing sources (Uses)			
Transfers (out)	(143,000)	(143,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(143,000)	(143,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$85,800)	(303,687)	(\$217,887)
Fund balance at beginning of year		54,866	
Fund balance at end of year		(\$248,821)	

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are created in accordance with Federal, State, or City regulations which require that monies apportioned from these specific funds be spent only for certain designated purposes. Funds included in this fund category are:

<u>SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES FUND</u> - This fund was created to account for revenues and expenditures associated with money allocated by the legislature to all cities and counties throughout the state to supplement front line law enforcement services.

<u>NPDES STORMWATER FUND</u> - The NPDES (National Pollution Discharge Elimination System) Stormwater Fund was established in fiscal year 1994-95 to account for revenues and expenditures associated with Federal and State mandated stormwater operations.

<u>DISASTER ACCOUNTING FUND</u> - This fund was established to account for all revenues received and expenditures incurred due to natural and man-made disasters.

HOUSING IN-LIEU FUND - This fund was established to account for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for improvements.

<u>PARKING IN-LIEU FUND</u> – This fund was established to account for receipts and expenditures from fees imposed on developers to provide for parking facilities improvements.

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities of the City. Appropriations are made from the funds annually.

<u>HIGHWAY 1 IMPROVEMENT FUND</u> - This fund is financed by traffic impact mitigation fees as outlined in the Pacifica Municipal Code (Section 8-15.01 to Section 8-15.06).

MANOR DRIVE IMPROVEMENT FUND - This fund was established to account for the Manor Drive/Palmetto Avenue/Oceana Boulevard intersection construction and is financed by traffic impact mitigation fees as outlined in the Pacifica Municipal Code (Section 8-18.01 to Section 8-18.06).

<u>AIRCRAFT NOISE PROJECT FUND</u> - This fund was established to record the financial transactions of an Aircraft Noise Abatement Project funded with Federal and San Francisco Airport grants.

<u>PARKS AND PLAYFIELD FUND</u> - This fund was financed by Parkland Dedication Fees as outlined in the Pacifica Municipal Code (Section 8-19.01 to Section 8-19.03).

<u>PLANNED LOCAL DRAINAGE FUND</u> - Revenues are derived from fees levied on new construction in local districts. Funds can be utilized only for the drainage system in those particular districts.

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CITY OF PACIFICA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	Supplemental					
	Law					
	Enforcement	NPDES	Housing	Parking		
	Services	Stormwater	In-Lieu	In-Lieu		
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$130,195	\$120,314	\$307,906	\$21,086		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents						
Receivable:						
Taxes						
Grants						
Advance to other funds						
Total assets	\$130,195	\$120,314	\$307,906	\$21,086		
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		\$7,748				
Due to other funds						
Unearned revenue						
Advance from other funds		75,000				
Total liabilities		82,748				
Fund Balances:						
Restricted	\$130,195	37,566	\$307,906	\$21,086		
Assigned						
Unassigned						
Total fund balances (deficits)	130,195	37,566	307,906	21,086		
Total liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources						
and fund balances	\$130,195	\$120,314	\$307,906	\$21,086		

SPECIAL RE		S (Continued)	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS			
Street Construction	Excess ERAF	Parks, Beaches and Recreation		Manor Drive Improvement	Aircra t Noise Project	Parks and Playfield
\$1,400,000	\$3,089,084	\$129,108		\$951,139	\$283	\$39,718
2,218,700	297,238					
\$3,618,700	\$3,386,322	\$129,108		\$951,139	\$283	\$39,718
\$1,050,615	\$297,238		\$15,620 18,393			(\$1)
1,050,615	297,238		34,013			(1)
2,568,085	3,089,084	\$129,108	(34,013)	\$951,139	\$283	\$39,719
2,568,085	3,089,084	129,108	(34,013)	951,139	283	39,719
\$3,618,700	\$3,386,322	\$129,108		<u>\$951,139</u>	\$283	\$39,718 (Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Assets:	Planned Local Drainage	Pacifica Library	Frontierland Remediation	Total
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$640,557	\$500,000	\$68,806	\$5,998,196 1,400,000
Receivable: Taxes Grants Advance to other funds			6,250	6,250 297,238 2,218,700
Total assets	\$640,557	\$500,000	\$75,056	\$9,920,384
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Advance from other funds				\$23,367 1,069,008 297,238 75,000
Total liabilities				1,464,613
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$640,557	\$500,000	\$75,056	8,489,784 (34,013)
Total fund balances (deficits)	640,557	500,000	75,056	8,455,771
Total liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources and fund balances	\$640,557	\$500,000	\$75,056	\$9,920,384

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CITY OF PACIFICA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUNDS	
	Supplemental			
	Law	NDDEO		D 1.
	Enforcement Services	NPDES Stormwater	Housing In-Lieu	Parking In-Lieu
	<u>Services</u>	Stornwater		In-Lieu
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Other taxes		\$177,618		
Use of money and property	\$203	160	\$515	\$35
Intergovernmental Other	124,300			
Other				
	124,503	177,778	515	35
				······································
Expenditures:				
Current:	55,986			
Public Safety Community development	55,960			
Public works		82,231		
Capital outlay	83,344		12,249	
	139,330	82,231	12,249 _	
Excess (Deficit) of revenues				
over expenditures	(14,827)	95,547	(11,734)	35
Other financing sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		(60,000)		
Transfers (out)		(60,000)		
		(60,000)		
Net change in fund balances	(14 927)	35,547	(11 724)	25
Net change in fund balances	(14,827)	55,547	(11,734)	35
Fund belonger (definite) at beginning of user	445.000	0.040	040 040	04 054
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year	145,022	2,019	319,640	21,051
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$130,195	\$37,566	\$307,906	\$21,086

SPECIAL REV		S (Continued)	CAPITAL PROJ	ECTS FUNDS		
Street Construction	Excess ERAF	Parks, Beaches and Recreation		Manor Drive Improvement	Aircraft Noise Project	Parks and Playfields
\$906,233 148,941 356	\$1,717,477 4,378 360,000	\$108	\$1,821,712	\$1,579		\$78,500
1,055,530	2,081,855	108	1,821,712	1,579		78,500
255,260	88,910 586,173		24,871 1,844,870	4,743		4,072
255,260	675,083		1,869,741	4,743		4,072
800,270	1,406,772	108	(48,029)	(3,164)		74,428
(529,650)	(12.000)	129,000				(25.000)
(538,650)	(13,000)				·	(25,000)
(538,650)	(13,000)	129,000				(25,000)
261,620	1,393,772	129,108	(48,029)	(3,164)		49,428
2,306,465	1,695,312		14,016	954,303	\$283	(9,709)
\$2,568,085	\$3,089,084	\$129,108	(\$34,013)	\$951,139	\$283	\$39,719
						(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	CAPITA			
	Planned Local Drainage	Pacifica Library	Frontierland Remediation	Total
Interest receivable				
Taxes: Other taxes		\$500,000		\$3,301,328
Use of money and property	\$1,060	¥000,000	\$56	8,094
Intergovernmental				2,454,953
Other				78,856
Total Revenues	1,060	500,000	56	5,843,231
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Safety				55,986
Community development				4,072
Public works Capital outlay			(75,000)	451,272 2,456,379
Capital Outlay			(73,000)	2,430,379
Total Expenditures			(75,000)	2,967,709
Excess (Deficit) of revenues				
over expenditures	1,060	500,000	75,056	2,875,522
Other financing sources (Uses)				
Transfers in				129,000
Transfers (out)				(636,650)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(507,650)
Net change in fund balances	1,060	500,000	75,056	2,367,872
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year	639,497			6,087,899
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$640,557	\$500,000	\$75,056	\$8,455,771

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CITY OF PACIFICA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	Su						
	Enfor	cement Servic	es	NP	er		
	Final	Actual	Variance Positive	Final	Actual	Variance Positive	
Devenues	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes							
Other taxes				\$180,500	\$177,618	(\$2,882)	
Use of money and property		\$203	\$203	Ψ100,000	160	(\$2,002)	
Intergovernmental	\$100,000	124,300	24,300		100	100	
Other	\$100,000	124,000	24,000				
Other							
Total Revenues	100,000	124,503	24,503	180,500	177,778	(2,722)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Safety	64,285	55,986	8,299	111,500	82,231	29,269	
Community development							
Public works							
Capital outlay	113,362	83,344	30,018				
Total expenditures	177,647	139,330	38,317	111,500	82,231	29,269	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(77,647)	(14,827)	62,820	69,000	95,547	26,547	
Other financing sources (Uses)							
Transfers in				(60,000)	(60,000)		
Transfers (out)				(00,000)	(00,000)		
Total other financing sources (Uses)				(60,000)	(60,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(\$77,647)	(14,827)	\$62,820	\$9,000	35,547	\$26,547	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	-	145,022			2,019		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	=	\$130,195		•	\$37,566		

		SPECIAL REVI	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND					
н	ousing In-Lieu		St	reet Constructio	n	Higt	way 1 Improven	nent
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	\$515	\$515	\$847,000	\$906,233	\$59,233			
			588,300	148,941 356	(439,359) 356	\$7,527,229	\$1,821,712	(5,705,517)
	515	515	1,435,300	1,055,530	(379,770)	7,527,229	<u>1,821,712</u>	(5,705,517
\$15,000	12,249	2,751	794,752 2,600	255,260	539,492 2,600	2,000 7,499,314	24,871 1,844,870	(22,871) 5,654,444
15,000	12,249	2,751	797,352	255,260	542,092	7,501,314	1,869,741	5,631,573
(15,000)	(11,734)	3,266	637,948	800,270	162,322	25,915_	(48,029)	(73,944
			(538,650)	(538,650)				
	(11 = 0.1)		(538,650)	(538,650)				
(\$15,000)	(11,734) 319,640	\$3,266	\$99,298	261,620 2,306,465	\$162,322	\$25,915	(48,029)	(\$73,944)
-	\$307,906			\$2,568,085			(\$34,013)	

CITY OF PACIFICA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS						
	Manor	Drive Improve	ment	Par	ds		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	ks and Playfiel	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Taxes Other taxes							
Use of money and property				\$200		(\$200)	
Intergovernmental	\$1,000	\$1,579	\$579	,		(+===)	
Other		<u> </u>		50,000	\$78,500	28,500	
Total Revenues	1,000	1,579	579	50,200	78,500	28,300	
Expenditures: Current:							
Public Safety Community development	1,800				4,072	4,072	
Public works							
Capital outlay	528,250	4,743	523,507				
Total expenditures	530,050	4,743	523,507		4,072	4,072	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(529,050)	(3,164)	525,886	50,200	74,428	24,228	
Other financing sources (Uses) Transfers in							
Transfers (out)		<u> </u>		(25,000)	(25,000)		
Total other financing sources (Uses)				(25,000)	(25,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(\$529,050)	(3,164)	\$525,886	\$25,200	49,428	\$24,228	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	-	954,303		-	(9,709)		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	=	\$951,139		=	\$39,719		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS							
Plan	Planned Local Drainage			Frontier Remediation			
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$1,000	\$1,060	\$60		\$56	\$56		
1,000	1,060	60		56	56		
3,000		3,000	\$35,816 (75,000)	(75,000)			
3,000		3,000	(39,184)	(75,000)			
(2,000)	<u>1,060</u>	3,060	39,184	75,056	35,872		
(\$2,000)	1,060	\$3,060	\$39,184	75,056	\$35,872		
	639,497						
:	\$640,557		:	\$75,056			

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CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

MOTOR POOL FUND - City of Pacifica operates a central garage, which provides services to various City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Revenues for the fund are derived from rentals to the departments for usage of the equipment. The fund can be used only for the operation and replacement of the equipment.

<u>SELF INSURANCE FUND</u> - City of Pacifica established Self Insurance Funds to cover Employee Dental Insurance, Workers' Compensation, General Liability, Property, and Automobile Liability Insurance. Expenses are restricted to payments of claims, the premium for umbrella insurance, administration costs, and expenditures relating to the Safety Committee.

CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Assets			
Current Assets: Cash and investments Receivable:	\$1,497,255	\$2,535,411	\$4,032,666
Accounts Inventories	1,883 32,654		1,883 32,654
Total Current Assets	1,531,792	2,535,411	4,067,203
Non-current assets: Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated,	258,774		258,774
net of accumulated depreciation	1,425,347	. <u></u> .	1,425,347
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,684,121		1,684,121
Total Assets	3,215,913	2,535,411	5,751,324
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	74,120	28,525	102,645
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Claims payable Compensated absences Bonds payable	463 24,000 26,596	244,776	463 244,776 24,000 26,596
Total Current Liabilities	125,179	273,301	398,480
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Bonds payable	16,511 166,698		16,511 166,698
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	183,209		183,209
Total Liabilities	308,388	273,301	581,689
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,684,121 1,223,404	2,262,110	1,684,121 3,485,514
Total net position	\$2,907,525	\$2,262,110	\$5,169,635

CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other operating income	\$1,070,100 12	\$227,728 936,904	\$1,297,828 936,916
Total operating revenues	1,070,112	1,164,632	2,234,744
Operating expenses: Personnel Services Administration Supplies and materials Insurance expense Outside Contractors Maintenance Insurance claims Depreciation	475,668 32,945 325,595 39,060 479,552	989,408 11,733 347,917	475,668 32,945 325,595 989,408 11,733 39,060 347,917 479,552
Total operating expenses	1,352,820	1,349,058	2,701,878
Ope Operating income (loss)	(282,708)	(184,426)	(467,134)
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest and fiscal charges Gain on sale of capital assets	1,817 42,957 435	3,612	5,429 42,957 435
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	45,209	3,612	48,821
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(237,499)	(180,814)	(418,313)
Transfers: Transfers in	272,807	380,000	652,807
Change in net position	35,308	.199,186	234,494
Net position at beginning of year	2,872,217	2,062,924	4,935,141
Net position at end of year	\$2,907,525	\$2,262,110	\$5,169,635

CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and users Payments for claims Payments to employees	\$1,076,146 (359,677) (469,602)	\$1,164,632 (981,709) (228,060)	\$2,240,778 (1,341,386) (228,060) (469,602)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	246,867	(45,137)	201,730
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities Transfers in	272,807	380,000	652,807
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	272,807	380,000	652,807
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal payments on bonds and notes Interest paid	(144,939) 435 (72,386) 42,957		(144,939) 435 (72,386) 42,957
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(173,933)		(173,933)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	1,817	3,612	5,429
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,817	3,612	5,429
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	347,558	338,475	686,033
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of Fiscal Year	1,149,697	2,196,936	3,346,633
Cash and Cash Equivalents ate End of Fiscal Year	\$1,497,255	\$2,535,411	\$4,032,666

(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Motor	Self	
	Pool	Insurance	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	(\$282,708)	(\$184,426)	(\$467,134)
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:	479,552		479,552
Accounts receivable	(220)		(220)
Inventories	6,254		6,254
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:	·		
Accounts payable	37,794	19,832	57,626
Accrued liabilities	129	(400)	(271)
Claims payable		119,857	119,857
Compensated absences	6,066		6,066
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$246,867	(\$45,137)	\$201,730

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA STATISTICAL SECTION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City's provides and the activities it performs.

Property Tax Information

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's property tax sources and changes.

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

CITY OF PACIFICA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>
Governmental activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 50,585,199	\$ 50,020,034	\$50,142,311	\$ 51,393,206
Restricted	7,370,411	7,064,256	5,597,188	4,962,287
Unrestricted	703,720	5,799,437	8,728,875	4,867,264
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 58,659,330	\$62,883,727	\$64,468,374	\$61,222,757
Business-type activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 12,423,925	\$ 11,483,688	\$10,796,034	\$11,247,270
Restricted	953,800	1,075,760	689,514	562,485
Unrestricted	(700,968)	2,341,086	5,776,571	7,139,231
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 12,676,757	\$ 14,900,534	\$ 17,262,119	\$ 18,948,986
Primary Government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$63,009,124	\$61,503,722	\$60,938,345	\$62,640,476
Restricted	8,324,211	8,140,016	6,286,702	5,524,772
Unrestricted	2,752	8,140,523	14,505,446	12,006,495
Total primary government net position	\$ 71,336,087	\$77,784,261	\$81,730,493	\$80,171,743

Notes:

The City began reporting in the GASB 34 format in 2003.

For the purpose of compliance with GASB 44 Statistical Section, cities are not required to re-format financial information prior to GASB34 implementation.

Total primary Government net position includes a prior period adjustment of \$3,429,632.

Source: City Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
\$54,212,344	\$ 54,455,020	\$ 56,461,478	\$ 56,995,945	\$ 56,431,400	\$ 56,878,228
4,825,393	8,216,813	7,944,025	9,049,015	11,517,455	13,808,573
(634,699)	4,681,456	(13,421,330)	(14,105,441)	(46,030,272)	(39,126,535)
\$58,403,038	\$67,353,289	\$ 50,984,173	\$ 51,939,519	\$ 21,918,583	\$ 31,560,266
A 4 4 7 9 9 9 7		A 45 000 750	A 17 070 500	• • • • • • • • • •	
\$14,179,807	\$15,462,599	\$ 15,963,759	\$ 17,679,506	\$ 15,266,626	\$ 15,985,969
- 5 545 100	- 5 025 174	-	-	-	-
5,545,190	5,935,174	5,238,849	5,663,853	9,163,991	9,672,252
\$ 19,724,997	\$21,397,773	\$ 21,202,608	\$ 23,343,359	\$ 24,430,617	\$25,658,221
\$68,392,151	\$69,917,619	\$ 72,425,237	\$ 74,675,451	\$ 71,698,026	\$72,864,197
4,825,393	8,216,813	7,944,025	9,049,015	11,517,455	13,808,573
4,910,491	10,616,630	(8,182,481)	(8,441,588)	(36,866,281)	(29,454,283)
\$78,128,035	\$88,751,062	\$ 72,186,781	\$ 75,282,878	\$ 46,349,200	\$ 57,218,487

CITY OF PACIFICA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

F		2007	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011
Expenses: Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$	5.798.391 \$	4,952,782 \$	4,083,959 \$	4.625.471 \$	4 212 408
Public Safety	φ	14,980,984	14,985,013	15,306,306	15,149,459	4,212,498 14,460,040
Community Development		1.178.590	1,343,220	1,356,494	1,402,574	1,549,299
Public Works		4,264,011	4,154,717	4,422,332	4.801.291	4,881,082
Parks, Beaches & Recreation		3,405,149	4,155,877	4,035,233	3,681,863	3,919,199
Interest on Long-term Debt		846,768	987,156	2,225,220	1,777,280	2,174,281
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$	30,473,893 \$	30,578,765 \$	31,429,544 \$	31,437,938 \$	31,196,399
Business-Type Activities:						
Sewer		9,084,345	8,095,219	9,084,439	9,658,229	10,944,059
Beach Parking			· ·			
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	\$	9,084,345 \$	8,095,219 \$	9,084,439 \$	9,658,229 \$	10,944,059
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	39,558,238 \$	38,673,984 \$	40,513,983 \$	41,096,167 \$	42,140,458
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: Charges for Services:						
General Government	\$	96,106 \$	110,868 \$	77,393 \$	69,853 \$	48,038
Public Safety		1,157,322	1,159,056	1,001,112	840,467	851,020
Community Development		732,372	792,532	606,991	568,871	631,767
Public Works		1,376,379	2,522,362	1,741,147	683,914	683,914
Parks, Beaches & Recreation		1,543,791	584,724	1,642,848	1,558,394	1,843,700
Operating Grants & Contributions		2,967,049	2,871,766	4,364,106	1,884,748	1,980,279
Capital Grants & Contributions		3,639,686	3,302,650	2,936,150	4,049,601	2,348,301
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$	11,512,705 \$\$	11,343,958 \$	12,369,747 \$	9,655,848 \$	8,387,019
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services:	•					
Sewer Beach Parking	\$	9,137,785 \$	10,181,406 \$	11,885,526 \$	11,367,645 \$	11,694,198
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue	\$	9,137,785 \$\$	10,181,406 \$	11,885,526 \$	11,367,645_\$	11,694,198
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	20,650,490 \$	21,525,364 \$	24,255,273 \$	21,023,493_\$	20,081,217
Net Revenues (Expenses):						
Governmental Activities	\$	(18,961,188) \$	(19,234,807) \$	(19,059,797) \$	(21,782,090) \$	(22,809,380)
Business-Type Activities		53,440	2,086,187	2,801,087	1,709,416	750,139
Total Net Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(18,907,748) \$	(17,148,620) \$	(16,258,710) \$	(20,072,674) \$	(22,059,241)
General Revenues and Other Change in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$	9,016,273 \$	9,623,522 \$	10,484,389 \$	10,603,749 \$	10,564,253
Sales Tax		1,096,165	1,225,279	1,365,710	1,306,611	1,434,710
Franchise Tax		1,539,123	1,558,164	1,740,754	1,372,885	1,565,634
Other Taxes		3,720,047	3,652,373	2,787,716	2,604,443	2,712,005
Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted		2,917,076	3,068,643	3,184,538	3,107,767	3,195,730
Use of Money/Property		568,021	532,887	528,768	211,681	192,620
Miscellaneous Transfers		369,309 815,000	3,986,507 45,000	507,569 45,000	341,313 45,000	324,709
Total Governmental Activities	\$	20,041,014 \$	23,692,375 \$	20,644,444 \$	19,593,449 \$	19,989,661
Business-Type Activities:	Visit					
Use of Money/Property	\$	14,881 \$	41,921 \$	23,667 \$	22,451 \$	25,872
Miscellaneous	Ψ	4,688	Ψ1,321 Ψ -	20,007 \$	22,431 \$	23,072
Transfers		(815,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)	-
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	(795,431) \$	(3,079) \$	(21,333) \$	(22,549) \$	25,872
Total Primary Government	\$	19,245,583 \$	23,689,296 \$	20,623,111 \$	19,570,900 \$	20,015,533
Changes in Net Position before Extraordinary Item:					······································	
Governmental Activities	\$	1,079,826 \$	4,457,568 \$	1,584,647 \$	(2,188,641) \$	(2,819,719)
Business-Type Activities		(741,991)	2,083,108	2,779,754	1,686,867	776,011
Total Primary Government before Extraordinary Item	\$	337,835 \$	6,540,676 \$	4,364,401 \$	(501,774) \$	(2,043,708)
Extraordinary Item						

Extraordinary Item Gain on transfer of assets and liabilities to RDA successor trust funds of

Changes in Net Position After Extraordinary Item:

Governmental Activities

Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government

Notes:

The City began reporting in the GASB 34 format in 2003.

For the purpose of compliance with GASB 44 Statistical Section, cities are not required to re-format financial information prior to GASB 34.

Prior period adjustment - \$3,429,632 reclassification of Davies trust fund to Special Revenue Fund

	<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
\$	4,019,613 13,568,582 1,631,678	\$	4,294,792 13,572,060 1,378,014	\$	4,473,909 13,935,234 1,250,419	\$	4,324,645 13,997,209 1,089,881	4,604,299 15,859,890 1,629,555
	4,688,440		4,088,408		4,138,762		5,757,332	4,714,402
	4,005,189		3,880,586		3,921,499		3,894,017	4,329,044
<u></u>	2,120,772		2,037,476		1,945,156		2,072,272	1,667,485
\$	30,034,274	\$	29,251,336	\$_	29,664,979	\$	31,135,356	32,804,675
	10,124,492		10,231,084		10,853,371		11,897,495 515,915	10,816,732 532,102
\$	10,124,492	\$	10,231,084	\$_	10,853,371	\$	12,413,410	11,348,834
\$	40,158,766	\$	39,482,420	\$_	40,518,350	\$	43,548,766	44,153,509
\$	12,512	\$	15,902	\$	18,796	\$	29,769	126,156
	681,205		836,279		999,209 989,356		938,379	1,043,155
	693,169 701,012		688,975 701,012		791,041		1,922,976 743,700	3,638,027 786,000
	2,063,812		2,067,301		2,248,642		2,107,720	2,220,263
	1,726,522		1,817,278		2,153,345		4,321,012	3,923,126
	3,519,266		2,311,468		6,364,781		4,709,960	4,912,145
\$	9,397,498	\$_	8,438,215	\$_	13,565,170	\$	14,773,516	16,648,872
\$ 	11,980,789		12,500,814	\$ -	13,331,596	\$	13,721,346 537,192	12,959,708 533,952
\$	11,980,789	.*_	12,500,814	\$_	13,331,596	\$	14,258,538	13,493,660
\$	21,378,287	\$_	20,939,029	\$_	26,896,766	\$	29,032,054	30,142,532
\$	(20,636,776) 1,856,297	\$	(20,813,121) 12,500,814	\$	(16,099,809) 2,478,225	\$	(16,361,840) 1,845,128	(16,155,803) 2,144,826
\$	(18,780,479)	\$_	(8,312,307)	\$_	(13,621,584)	\$	(14,516,712)	(14,010,977)
	10 101 510	<u> </u>	40 704 040	•	44 075 548	•	12 200 225	12 445 500
\$	10,434,510 1,519,978	Þ	10,701,810 1,588,277	Ф	11,275,518 1,686,593	Ф	12,200,335 1,754,568	12,445,509 1.983.930
	1,595,929		1,617,727		1,668,382		1,697,972	1,736,620
	3,005,388		3,152,723		3,329,647		3,529,485	3,710,615
	3,039,393		2,923,573		3,164,873		3,320,316	3,543,953
	334,475		164,114		184,700		29,979	(44,457)
	469,780		357,630		537,867		259,197	1,481,757
<u></u>	200,000		410,000		15,715		(150)	939,559
\$	20,599,453	\$	20,915,854	\$_	21,863,295	\$	22,791,702	25,797,486
\$	16,479		21,468 42,047	\$	19,808	\$	16,123	22,337
	(200,000)		(410,000)				150	(939,559)
\$	(183,521)	\$	(346,485)	\$_	19,808	\$	16,273	(917,222)
\$	20,415,932	\$_	20,569,369	\$_	21,883,103	\$	22,807,975	24,880,264
\$	(37,323) 1,672,776		102,733 12,154,329		5,763,486 2,498,033			9,641,683 1,227,604
\$	1,635,453		12,257,062	\$_		• •	8,291,263	
\$	5,557,942	\$_		\$_	-	\$.
\$	5,520,619		102,733		5,763,486		6,429,862	9,641,683
e —	<u>1,672,776</u> 7,193,395		<u>12,154,329</u> 12,257,062	. e _	2,498,033		1,861,401	1,227,604 10,869,287
۹ <u></u>	1,100,080	-*=	12,201,002	·*-	8,261,519	.Ψ.	8,291,263	10,009,207

CITY OF PACIFICA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000'S) (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	1	2006		2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$	5,103 896	\$		\$ 3,765 6,051	\$ 3,951 5,135	\$ 3,702 3,377
Total General Fund	\$	5,999		5,666	\$ 9,816	\$ 9,086	\$ 7,079
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved	\$	2,182	\$	2,190	\$ 2,419 (5,160)	\$ 2,881 (1,771)	\$ 3,415 (2,313)
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Debt service funds		3,216 (3,583) -		2,359 (3,371) -	 1,858 1,707 -	 (714) 1,532 -	 (1,076) 1,376 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,815	\$	1,178	\$ 824	\$ 1,928	\$ 1,402
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,814		\$	6,844	\$ 10,640	\$ 11,014	\$ 8,481

Notes:

The increase/decrease of fund balance of the General Fund and the reserved fund balance of the Debt Service fund are explained in the Management Discussion and Analysis.

Source: City Financial Reports

change in titles

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
General Fund Non Spendable Committed Assigned	\$ 2,518,609 567,465 150,369	\$ 2,519,544 743,683 130,858	\$ 2,522,197 899,051 117,873	\$ 2,540,590 907,519 168,197	\$ 3,996,158 - 904,240	\$ 3,947,951 - 904,240
Unassigned	841,392	227,012	127,980	1,341,251	1,893,507	4,960,039
Total General Fund	\$ 4,077,835	\$ 3,621,097	\$_3,667,101	\$ 4,957,557	\$ 6,793,905	\$ 9,812,230
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 8,304,103 - - (6,590,713)	\$ 9,042,672 - - (979,737)	\$ 8,230,761 - - (818,354)	\$ 10,155,601 - - (1,656,694)	\$ 11,501,420 - 16,035.0000 (1,312,645)	\$ 13,808,573 - (2,410,718)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,713,390	\$ 8,062,935	\$ 7,412,407	\$ 8,498,907	\$ 10,204,810	\$ 11,397,855
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,791,225	\$ 11,684,032	\$ 11,079,508	\$ 13,456,464	\$ 16,998,715	\$ 21,210,085

CITY OF PACIFICA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000's) (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	14,025	\$	14,913	\$	16,057	\$	16,230 \$	16,391
Licenses and Permits	•	335		471		558		402	350
Fines and Forfeitures		139		218		187		246	246
Use of Money and Property		317		464		432		679	390
Intergovernmental Revenues		9,194		8,601		8,044		9,320	8,497
Charges for Services		2,630		2,883		3,100		2,777	1,592
Recreation Programs		565		559		612		597	445
Other Revenues		3,328		2,530		6,115		1,455	1,620
Total Revenues	\$	30,533	\$_	30,639	\$_	35,105	\$	31,706 \$	29,531
EXPENDITURES									
Current:	•		•	4 0 7 0	•	0.004	•	4 000 0	7 400
General Government	\$	5,356	\$,	\$	3,961	\$	4,209 \$	7,430
Public Safety		13,182		14,567		14,970		14,896	16,575
Community Development		1,751		1,127		1,238		1,306	3,275
Public Works		3,285		3,471 3,318		3,726		3,722	8,888
Parks, Beaches & Recreation		3,009		1,027		3,744 437		3,929	8,725
Non-departmental Capital Outlay		3,303		2,595		1,677		3,912	2,286
Debt Service:		5,505		2,000		1,077		5,912	2,200
Principal Retirement		375		194		35		35	550
Interest and Other Charges		1,393		989		1,140		2,340	1,540
Total Expenditures	\$	31,654	\$	31,961	\$	30,928	\$	34,349 \$	49,269
-	• _	0.,001	· • -		- • -		• •	+	
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues	¢	(1 101)	¢	(1 200)	¢	4 477	¢	(0.640) @	(10 720)
Over/(Under) expenditures	\$	(1,121)	\$_	(1,322)	· Þ -	4,177	\$	(2,643) \$	(19,738)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers In	\$	4,631	\$	3,898	\$	815	\$	2,391 \$	1,489
Transfers (Out)		(4,931)		(3,503)		(1,072)		(2,846)	(1,869)
Other Sources/Uses:									
Issuance of Debt		15,725						19,815	17,826
Issuance Discount		(106)						(596)	(241)
Refunded to debt escrow agent		(13,299)						(15,747)	-
Debt Issuance Cost									
Proceeds of long-term debt	. –					/ `			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,020	\$_	395	\$ _	(257)	\$	3,017 \$	17,205
Net change in fund balances	\$ _	899	\$_	(927)	\$ _	3,920	\$	374 \$	(2,533)
Debt serviced as a percentage of									
noncapital expenditures		6.24%		4.03%		4.08%		7.82%	4.44%

Notes:

Above amounts include General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, RDA, and Debt Service Fund. Source: Annual Financial Statements, City of Pacifica

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
\$	16,454 \$	16,733 \$	17,238 \$	18,138 \$	21,216 \$	22,294
	341	409	389	515	683	827
	227	174	179	301	153	150
	154	220	155	178	459	1,663
	8,173	8,029	7,233	10,614	8,567	7,439
	1,676	1,515	1,679	1,996	2,219	2,829
	654	786	820	813	897	898
	1,540	1,790	1,531	2,285	4,163	3,690
\$	29,219 \$	29,656 \$	29,224 \$	34,840 \$	38,357 \$	39,790
\$	3,884 \$	3,428 \$	3,677 \$	3,866 \$	3,899 \$	4,332
	14,096	12,544	12,452	12,940	14,199	14,555
	1,435	1,491	1,331	1,250	1,318	1,814
	4,041	3,583	3,356	3,347	4,259	3,707
	3,581	3,644	3,552	3,585	3,988	4,333
	754	0.040	0.050	2 500	0.077	0.000
	754	2,843	2,659	3,529	3,077	3,393
	1,482	1,561	1,661	1,791	1,918	2,046
	2,256	2,250	1,912	1,878	1,777	1,686
\$	31,529 \$	31,344 \$	30,600 \$	32,186 \$	34,435 \$	35,866
\$	(2,310) \$	(1,688) \$	(1,376) \$	2,654 \$	3,922 \$	3,924
\$	3,387 \$	3,449 \$	3,619 \$	3,766 \$	1,924 \$	2,614
Ŧ	(3,767)	(4,504)	(4,017)	(4,146)	(2,304)	(2,327)
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\$ (380) \$	(1,055) \$	<u>1,169</u> <u>771</u> \$	(380) \$	(380) \$	287
\$ (2,690) \$	(2,743) \$	(605) \$	\$	3,542 \$	4,211
12.11%	13.33%	12.83%	12.46%	11.66%	11.49%

CITY OF PACIFICA TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN YEARS (IN \$000's)

<u>Categories</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>			Annual Years 2009		<u>2010</u> <u>2011</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>			2015	
Food Stores Eating & Drinking Places Building Materials Auto Dealers & Supplies Service Stations Other Retail Stores All Other Outlets	\$ 22,609 27,740 6,933 4,119 37,571 30,993 28,228	\$ 25,290 28,789 6,604 4,360 40,146 30,686 34,151	\$	25,359 28,659 5,838 3,953 44,064 31,214 35,454	\$	25,033 28,999 4,587 3,655 34,149 32,576 28,446	\$	24,665 30,244 3,856 3,637 39,755 33,749 32,277	\$	25,723 30,168 3,737 3,819 49,578 34,195 30,113	\$	26,201 33,666 3,863 4,095 52,508 34,441 33,155	\$ 26,938 39,443 3,735 4,385 54,192 35,602 36,638	4 5 3	7,941 5,038 3,805 4,685 2,293 4,111 8,654	·	27,953 49,449 3,929 4,534 44,580 35,469 40,107
Total	\$ 158,193	\$ 170,026	\$	174,541	\$	157,445	\$	168,183	\$	177,333	\$	187,929	\$ 200,933	\$20	6,527	\$ 2	206,021

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Notes:

Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest sales tax payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's sales tax revenue.

Source: State of California Board of Equalization and the HdL Companies

CITY OF PACIFICA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Annual Year</u>	State Rate	City Direct Rate	San Mateo County Rate	City/County Public Safety	District Rate	Total
2007	5.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	8.25%
2008	5.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	8.25%
2009	6.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%
2010	6.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%
2011	6.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%
2012	5.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	8.25%
2013	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2014	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2015	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2016	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%

Notes:

Proposition 172 approved by the voters in 1993 provides 1/2 cent sales tax for Public Safety Augmentation. San Mateo County Transportation Authority District is provided a 1/2 cent sales tax approved by the voters in 1989.

San Mateo County Transit District is provided a 1/2 cent sales tax approved by the voters in 1982. Voters approved a San Mateo County Transactions and Use Tax of a 1/2 cent effective in 2013.

Source: State Board of Equalization & HdL

CITY OF PACIFICA TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000's)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Taxes	Licenses <u>& Permits</u>	Use of Money <u>& Property</u>	Inter- <u>Governmental</u>	Current <u>Service Chgs.</u>	Fines & <u>Forfeitures</u>	Other <u>Revenues</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
2006-2007	14,855,725	470,947	337,904	5,466,565	2,213,594	217,699	2,021,496	25,583,930
2007-2008	16,056,908	558,068	431,880	8,043,733	3,712,339	186,600	6,115,511	35,105,039
2008-2009	16,230,066	402,639	679,477	9,320,112	2,776,779	245,675	2,051,545	31,706,293
2009-2010	16,391,061	350,181	390,276	8,496,563	2,037,223	245,835	1,620,197	29,531,336
2010-2011	16,454,504	340,779	154,429	8,173,354	1,676,210	226,650	2,193,458	29,219,384
2011-2012	16,733,367	409,098	219,957	8,028,700	1,515,050	173,944	2,576,009	29,656,125
2012-2013	17,238,036	389,107	154,513	7,233,370	1,679,210	178,727	2,351,178	29,224,141
2013-2014	18,137,639	514,854	177,610	10,614,499	1,996,318	300,611	3,099,290	34,840,821
2014-2015	21,215,649	683,517	458,823	8,567,028	2,219,356	153,031	5,059,783	38,357,187
2015-2016	22,294,417	827,154	1,663,159	7,439,425	2,828,678	149,573	4,588,311	39,790,717
% Change 2007-2016	50.07%	75.64%	392.20%	36.09%	27.79%	-31.29%	126.98%	55.53%

Notes:

Above amounts include General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, and Other Governmental Funds.. Above amounts exclude other financing sources.

Source: Annual Financial Statements, City of Pacifica and City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA ASSESSED VALUATION, TAX RATE, AND TAX LEVIES (IN \$000's) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		LOCALLY ASSESSED					TOTALS							
		Secured			Unsecured			Total Before Ex	emptions			Exemptio	ns/Net Totals	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Land <u>Value</u>	Improvements	Personal <u>Property</u>	Land <u>Value</u>	Improvements	Personal <u>Property</u>	Land <u>Value</u>	Improvements	Personal <u>Property</u>	Grand <u>Total</u>	(1) <u>H.O.P.T.R.</u>	<u>Other</u>	Total <u>Exemptions</u>	Net Subject <u>To Tax</u>
2006-2007	1,798,645	2,157,278	3,106	5,628	17,463	19,243	1,804,274	2,174,741	22,349	4,001,364	58,740	49,975	108,715	3,892,649
2007-2008	1,958,815	2,301,957	3,892	5,876	19,118	20,134	1,964,691	2,321,075	24,026	4,309,792	58,066	52,720	110,786	4,199,006
2008-2009	2,068,296	2,434,746	3,695	4,876	17,659	21,944	2,073,171	2,452,405	25,639	4,551,215	57,951	56,485	114,437	4,436,778
2009-2010	2,017,339	2,389,859	3,578	4,884	16,833	34,565	2,022,223	2,406,692	38,143	4,467,058	58,584	54,790	113,374	4,353,684
2010-2011	2,019,330	2,387,399	2,710	6,572	17,123	34,100	2,025,902	2,404,522	36,810	4,467,234	58,844	54,695	113,539	4,353,695
2011-2012	2,049,170	2,404,036	2,415	4,917	21,139	31,638	2,054,087	2,425,175	34,053	4,513,315	58,411	56,038	114,449	4,398,866
2012-2013	2,074,034	2,426,543	2,423	4,933	19,077	37,361	2,078,967	2,445,620	39,784	4,564,371	57,436	57,796	115,232	4,449,139
2013-2014	2,174,610	2,534,526	2,615	4,906	19,263	19,445	2,179,516	2,553,789	22,060	4,755,365	56,906	58,966	115,872	4,639,493
2014-2015	2,294,249	2,647,779	2,352	5,041	21,781	22,507	2,299,290	2,669,560	24,859	4,993,709	56,151	61,142	117,293	4,876,416
2015-2016	2,460,040	2,815,658	2,172	4,108	22,270	31,051	2,464,148	2,837,928	33,223	5,335,299	55,523	65,832	121,355	5,213,944
% Change 2007-2016	36.77%	30.52%	-30.07%	-27.01%	27.53%	61.36%	36.57%	30.49%	48.66%	33.34%	-5.48%	31.73%	11.63%	33.94%

(1) Homeowner's Property Tax Relief

Notes:

* California property tax assessments are "acquisition" based, rather than cyclical based. In California, the property tax system is acquisition based, meaning that all real property is assessed upon acquisition or when newly constructed, and assessed at a ratio of 100% of fair market value as of the event date. After the acquisition or new construction basis is determined, year to year increases in assessed value are limited to no more than 2%. In the event of an economic downturn, real property is assessed at the lower of its acquisition basis, increased by the maximum of 2% per year or the fair market value as of January 2, whichever is lower.

Source: County Tax Rolls - The County has never provided a breakdown between Residential, Commercial and Industrial Property. The Residential Property figures include all property in the City.

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CITY OF PACIFICA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		City Direct	Rate	Overlapping Rates						
	-	General				Jefferson	San Mateo			
Annual Year	City Basic Rate	Obligation Debt Service	Redevelopment Debt Service Rate	Pacifica School District	South San Francisco Unified	High School & Elementary School Districts	Junior College & High School	Millbrae Elementary	San Mateo County as Distributor	Total Direct Rate
2007	0%	0%	2.90%	0.0457%	0.0195%	0.0515%	0.0340%	0.0000%	1%	2.9019%
2008	0%	0%	2.90%	0.0411%	0.0189%	0.0701%	0.0321%	0.0000%	1%	2.9019%
2009	0%	0%	2.90%	0.0384%	0.0162%	0.0687%	0.0463%	0.000%	1%	2.9019%
2010	0%	0%	2.90%	0.0417%	0.0195%	0.0749%	0.0501%	0.0185%	1%	2.9019%
2011	0%	0%	2.90%	0.0412%	0.0196%	0.0815%	0.0515%	0.0254%	1%	2.9019%
2012	0%	0%	0.00%	0.0422%	0.0221%	0.0829%	0.0582%	0.0295%	1%	0.0019%
2013	0%	0%	0.00%	0.0432%	0.0327%	0.0746%	0.0575%	0.0355%	1%	0.0020%
2014	0%	0%	0.00%	0.0403%	0.0328%	0.1287%	0.0549%	0.4280%	1%	0.0019%
2015	0%	0%	0.00%	0.0392%	0.0000%	0.1192%	0.0190%	0.0000%	1%	0.0019%
2016	0%	0%	0.00%	0.0311%	0.0000%	0.0800%	0.0247%	0.0000%	1%	0.0019%

Notes:

Under constitutional Amendment (Proposition 13) passed by voters in the State of California in June 1978, the tax rate (excluding bonded debt) is frozen at 1% of the full market value of property. This tax is collected by the County Tax Collector and distributed on a formula determined by the State Legislature.

Local agencies levy only the tax rate for general obligation bonds, or in excess of 1% if two-thirds of the voters in the area authorize such a rate increase. All tax levies include Homeowner's Property Tax Relief and Business Inventory Property Tax Relief.

Source: San Mateo County Assessor 2004/05 - 2015/16 Tax Rate Table & HdL

CITY OF PACIFICA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO (in \$000's)

			2016				2007	1	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
FPA BAF Lands End Associates	\$	49,359	1	0.89%	\$	46,610	1	1.11%	
Linda Mar Shopping Center, LLP		34,228	2	0.62%		30,244	2	0.72%	
AIMCO Pacifica Park Apartments		21,730	5	0.39%		19,200	3	0.46%	
Marymount Summit ,LLC		19,910	6	0.36%		17,595	4	0.42%	
Horizons West Apartments, LLC		17,067	7	0.31%		15,081	5	0.36%	
PK III Fairmont Shopping Center		29,716	3	0.54%		13,980	6	0.33%	
Harry B. Lewis, et al		,				13,634	7	0.32%	
Bay Apartment Communities, Inc.		14,605	9	0.26%		12,905	8	0.31%	
National Church Residences		,				12,619	9	0.30%	
LBN Properties LP						12,319	10	0.29%	
CRP/PSE Seaside Pacifica Owner		22,250	4	0.40%		,			
Tajirian Investments LLC		16,800	8	0.30%					
Oceanview Housing Associates LLC		14,281	10	0.26%					
Total	\$	239,946		4.50%	\$	194,187		4.62%	

Notes:

This schedule serves a dual purpose of providing basic information about our jurisdiction's most significant revenue payers and highlighting the degree to which a government is dependent on a small number of payers. This schedule includes the ten largest taxpayers up to 50% of the revenue base.

Source: HdL reports

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000's)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied		l within the r of the Levy	Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Ending June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2007	7,620	7,620	100.00%	(28.0)	7,592	99.63%	
2008	8,180	8,179	99.99%	(3)	8,176	99.95%	
2009	8,597	8,554	99.50%	0	8,554	99.50%	
2010	8,499	8,499	100.00%	0	8,499	100.00%	
2011	8,532	8,532	100.00%	0	8,532	100.00%	
2012	8,678	8,519	98.17%	0	8,519	98.17%	
2013	8,688	8,641	99.46%	0	8,641	99.46%	
2014	9,010	9,010	100.00%	0	9,010	100.00%	
2015	9,738	9,738	100.00%	0	9,738	100.00%	
2016	10,068	10,068	100.00%	0	10,068	100.00%	
% Change 2007-2016	0.3213	0.3213	-	(1.00)	0.3261	0.0037	

Notes:

This Statement shows the period for which the tax is levied.

Includes Homeowner's Tax Relief (HOPTR).

Under constitutional Amendment (Proposition 13) passed by voters in the State of California in June 1978, the tax rate (excluding bonded debt) is frozen at 1% of the full market value of property. This tax is collected by the County Tax Collector and distributed on a formula determined by the State Legislature. Local agencies levy only the tax rate for general obligation bonds, or in excess of 1% if two-thirds of the voters in the area authorize such a rate increase. All tax levies include Homeowner's Property Tax Relief and Business Inventory Property Tax Relief.

* Information presented is most current at the time of preparation.

Sources: City Financial Reports and San Mateo County

CITY OF PACIFICA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Gove	ernmental Activ	vities	
Fiscal Year Ending	Pension Obligation Bond	Capital Lease Payable	Notes Payable	Certificates of Participation	Total Governmental Activities Debt
2007	-	-	875,378	15,725,000	17,600,378
2008	-	-	875,378	15,725,000	17,600,378
2009	-	-	875,378	19,815,000	20,690,378
2010	18,176,373	-	875,378	19,305,000	38,356,751
2011	17,170,125	-	875,378	18,850,000	36,895,503
2012	16,161,022	-	875,378	18,325,000	35,361,400
2013	15,059,702	1,120,756	875,378	16,754,619	33,810,455
2014	13,857,073	1,021,637	875,378	17,295,000	33,049,088
2015	12,712,826	918,514	875,378	16,740,000	31,246,718
2016	11,303,736	811,224	-	16,210,000	28,324,960

Notes:

Details regarding the city's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The City issued a total of \$13,630,000 of new certificates of participation in 1999, 2000 and 2003. The City issued \$19,815,000 of new COP's in 2008, refunding the 1999, 2000 and 2003 COP's. The City issued \$20,500,000 in Pension Obligation Bonds in 2010.

Sources: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports 2007-2016.

CITY OF PACIFICA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Busines	ss-Type Activities		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Fiscal Year Ending	Sewer Bonds	Notes Payable	Total Business-Type Government	Total Primary Government	Estimated Median Personal Income	Population	Debt Per Capita	Estimated Median Personal Income	Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income
2007	13,670,000	25,359,240	39,029,240	56,629,618	58,327	39,251	1,443	40,020	0.07%
2008	13,530,000	25,359,240	38,889,240	56,489,618	58,567	39,616	1,426	42,256	0.07%
2009	13,380,000	23,749,506	37,129,506	57,819,884	57,014	39,984	1,446	42,773	0.07%
2010	15,558,627	22,112,004	37,670,631	76,027,382	63,500	40,431	1,880	41,153	0.05%
2011	15,269,875	20,444,965	35,714,840	72,610,343	62,917	37,658	1,928	36,144	0.05%
2012	15,018,978	18,747,852	33,766,830	69,128,230	n/a	37,948	1,822	39,648	0.06%
2013	11,275,298	23,043,678	34,318,976	68,129,431	n/a	38,292	1,779	41,909	0.06%
2014	11,172,927	21,406,345	32,579,272	65,628,360	n/a	38,315	1,713	42,099	0.06%
2015	9,736,334	20,375,644	30,111,978	61,358,696	n/a	38,315	1,601	43,390	0.07%
2016	9,436,801	18,070,515	27,507,316	55,832,276	n/a	38,896	1,435	44,886	0.08%

Notes:

This schedule displays the Enterprise Fund debt of the Wastewater Treatment Plant. Details regarding the city's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources:

The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports 2007-2016.

CITY OF PACIFICA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000's)

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Assessed Valuation	\$3,892,649	\$4,199,006	\$4,436,778	\$ 4,353,684	\$ 4,353,695	\$ 4,398,866	\$ 4,449,139 \$	\$ 4,696,398	\$ 4,932,567	\$ 5,213,945
) Debt Limit	145,974	157,463	166,379	163,263	163,264	164,957	166,843	176,115	184,971	195,523
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	15,725	15,725	19,815	37,481	36,020	34,486	32,936	33,049	31,247	28,325
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 130,249	\$ 141,738	\$ 146,564	\$ 125,782	\$ 127,244	\$ 130,471	\$ 133,907 \$	143,066	\$ 153,724	\$ 167,198
Total Net Debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.77%	9.99%	11.91%	22.96%	22.06%	20.91%	19.74%	18.77%	16.89%	14.49%

Notes: Debt Limit is 3.75% of Assessed Value.

Source: City of Pacifica and San Mateo County Assessor's records

CITY OF PACIFICA WASTEWATER OBLIGATIONS PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS (IN \$000's)

			Enterp	rise Fund Bonds			
_		(1) Less	Pledaed	(2)	(3)		(4)
Fiscal Year	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenue	Bonded Debt Service	Other Parity Debt Service	Total Parity Debt Service	Coverage
2007	9,138	5,692	3,446	473	352	825	4.18
2008	10,181	5,216	4,965	473	2,413	2,886	1.72
2009	11,886	5,839	6,047	473	2,418	2,891	2.09
2010	11,367	6,359	5,008	473	2,417	2,890	1.73
2011	11,694	6,389	5,305	473	2,416	2,889	1.84
2012	11,981	6,735	5,246	473	2,414	2,887	1.82
2013	12,501	6,704	5,797	473	2,405	2,878	2.01
2014	13,332	7,281	6,051	473	2,549	3,022	2.00
2015	13,721	7,663	6,058	359	2,514	2,873	2.11
2016	12,960	7,851	5,109	337	2,514	2,851	1.79

Special Assessment Bonds

	Debt Sei	rvice (000's)
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest
2007	0	0
2007	0	0
2008	0	0
2009	0	0
2010	0	0
2011	0	0
2012	0	0
2013	0	0
2014	0	0
2015	0	0
2016	0	0

Notes:

(1) Operating Expenses excludes depreciation, capital expenditures and debt service

(2) Include the Series 2004 and the Series 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

(3) Includes the SRF Loan, CSCDA 2001 Loan and the 2012 Loan. Debt service on the SRF Loan for FY2006 and FY2007 had been prepaid by the 2004 Wastewater Bonds

(4) The bond indentures and the 2012 Loan Agreement require minimum annual debt service coverage of 1.25x. The 2001 CSCDA loan requires a minimum annual DS coverage of 1.10x.

Source: City Financial Reports

CITY OF PACIFICA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

			Per	
Calendar		Median	Capita	
Year		Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Ending	Population	Income	Income	Rate %
2006	38,679	55,973	40,020	4.2
2007	38,956	58,327	42,256	4.4
2008	39,473	58,567	42,773	5.6
2009	39,984	57,014	41,153	9.8
2010	40,431	63,500	36,144	10.2
2011	37,658	n/a	39,648	9.1
2012	37,948	n/a	41,909	5.8
2013	38,292	n/a	42,099	6.5
2014	38,315	n/a	43,390	3.9
2015	38,896	n/a	44,886	3.0

Notes:

The City of Pacifica is not a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA).

This information has not been tracked and the information provided here is extrapolated from the Census 2000. Population data is from the State of California Department of Finance or Census 2010. The unemployment rates are from San Mateo County overall.

The 2010 population has been changed to reflect the 2010 Census figure.

Source: HdL via U.S. Census Bureau 2010 and the State of California Department of Finance.

CITY OF PACIFICA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	2016		2007					
Employer	# of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	# of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Pacifica School District	349	1	N/A	307	1	N/A		
Safeway (2)	227	2	N/A	214	3	N/A		
City of Pacifica	192	3	N/A	287	2	N/A		
Jefferson High School	90	4	N/A	170	4	N/A		
Recology of the Coast	33	7	N/A					
Rite Aid (2)	37	6	N/A	52	6	N/A		
Ross Dress for Less	30	8	N/A	48	8	N/A		
North Coast County Water District	20	9	N/A	22	9	N/A		
Lucky (Save Mart Supermarkets)				125	5	N/A		
Coastside Scavenger				50	7	N/A		
Starbucks (3)	50	5	N/A					

Notes:

The City does not track this information. Our business license tax is based on gross receipts. The City of Pacifica is not a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) so this information is not readily available.

Source: City of Pacifica Research

CITY OF PACIFICA FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
General Government	·					······				
Administration	6.5	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	7
Finance	7.5	7.5	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6.5
Parks	39.75	39.75	37.75	37.75	58	58	58	53	54	65.5
Planning & Building	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
Public Works	29	24	24	26	26	18	18	20	21	19
Engineering	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Police										
Officers	38	40	40	36	36	33	33	33	34	29
Civilians	13.5	12.5	11.5	12.5	13	4	4	5	4	3
	·/				I <u></u>					
Fire]
Firefighters	30	28	27	27	27	23	23	25	25	25
Civilians	1.5	1	1	1	1.5	1	1	1	1	1
	10 77									
Wastewater Division	19.75	19.75	19.75	19.75	19.75	24	24	24	26	24
Total	198.5	192.5	188	186	208.25	186	186	186	189	192
	— ————									
Authorized Full-Time Positions										159

Notes:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave).

Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2080.

Total includes both Full time and Part-Time (converted to full-time equivalent) Positions excluding City Council.

Source: City Financial Reports

CITY OF PACIFICA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Government Image: Constraint of the second se						
Building Permits Issued 1,263 1,220 970 967 1,036 1,279 1,514 1,501 1,587 Building Inspections Conducted 2,550 3,000 2,745 2,727 2,500 2,770 2,710 2,818 3,018 Police 2,700 2,710 2,818 3,018 2,812 923	1,220 970 967 1,036 1,279 1,514 1,501 1,587 1,682	<u>10</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	Function/Program
Building Permits Issued 1,263 1,220 970 967 1,036 1,279 1,514 1,501 1,587 Building Inspections Conducted 2,550 3,000 2,745 2,727 2,500 2,770 2,710 2,818 3,018 Police 2,700 2,710 2,818 3,018 2,812 923	1,220 970 967 1,036 1,279 1,514 1,501 1,587 1,682					
Building Inspections Conducted 2,550 3,000 2,745 2,727 2,500 2,770 2,710 2,818 3,018 Police Physical Arrests 1,071 986 1,102 1,105 932 803 812 812 923 Parking Violations 2,998 2,792 3,250 3,427 2,635 1,829 3,652 3,652 5,085 Traffic Violations 2,531 2,586 3,368 3,427 2,635 1,829 3,652 3,652 5,085 Fire Emergency Responses 3,185 4,295 2,852 3,708 2,782 2,862 1,873 3,117 3,147 Fires Extinguished 136 175 139 104 87 90 101 96 106 Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00	1,220 970 967 1,036 1,279 1,514 1,501 1,587 1,682	007	070	4 000	4 000	
Police 1,071 986 1,102 1,105 932 803 812 812 923 Parking Violations 2,998 2,792 3,250 3,427 2,635 1,829 3,652 3,652 5,085 Traffic Violations 2,531 2,586 3,368 3,472 3,074 2,880 2,966 2,966 2,193 Fire						
Physical Arrests 1,071 986 1,102 1,105 932 803 812 812 923 Parking Violations 2,998 2,792 3,250 3,427 2,635 1,829 3,652 3,652 5,085 Traffic Violations 2,531 2,586 3,368 3,472 3,074 2,880 2,966 2,966 2,193 Fire	<u>3,000</u> 2,745 2,727 2,500 2,770 2,710 2,818 3,018 4,093	2,727	2,745	3,000	2,550	Building Inspections Conducted
Physical Arrests 1,071 986 1,102 1,105 932 803 812 812 923 Parking Violations 2,998 2,792 3,250 3,427 2,635 1,829 3,652 3,652 5,085 Traffic Violations 2,531 2,586 3,368 3,472 3,074 2,880 2,966 2,966 2,193 Fire						Police
Parking Violations 2,998 2,792 3,250 3,427 2,635 1,829 3,652 3,652 5,085 Traffic Violations 2,531 2,586 3,368 3,472 3,074 2,880 2,966 2,966 2,193 Fire	986 1.102 1.105 932 803 812 812 923 864	.105	1,102	986	1.071	Physical Arrests
Traffic Violations 2,531 2,586 3,368 3,472 3,074 2,880 2,966 2,966 2,193 Fire Emergency Responses 3,185 4,295 2,852 3,708 2,782 2,862 1,873 3,117 3,147 Fires Extinguished 136 175 139 104 87 90 101 96 106 Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.90 Potholes Repaired 360 400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351					<i>'</i>	
Fire 3,185 4,295 2,852 3,708 2,782 2,862 1,873 3,117 3,147 Fires Extinguished 136 175 139 104 87 90 101 96 106 Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.90 Potholes Repaired 360 400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351 Parks, Beaches & Recreation estimated					· ·	-
Emergency Responses 3,185 4,295 2,852 3,708 2,782 2,862 1,873 3,117 3,147 Fires Extinguished 136 175 139 104 87 90 101 96 106 Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.90 Potholes Repaired 360 400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351 Parks, Beaches & Recreation estimated est		,	0,000	2,000	2,001	
Emergency Responses 3,185 4,295 2,852 3,708 2,782 2,862 1,873 3,117 3,147 Fires Extinguished 136 175 139 104 87 90 101 96 106 Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works						Fire
Fires Extinguished 136 175 139 104 87 90 101 96 106 Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.90 Potholes Repaired 360 400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351 Parks, Beaches & Recreation estimated	4,295 2,852 3,708 2,782 2,862 1,873 3,117 3,147 3,215	.708	2,852	4,295	3,185	
Inspections 1,453 1,353 1,085 943 954 1,023 1,056 895 951 Other Public Works Image: Constraint of the street Re-surfacing (miles) 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.90 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><i>'</i></td><td></td></td<>					<i>'</i>	
Other Public Works Street Re-surfacing (miles)0.61.253.072.021.050.000.000.000.90Potholes Repaired360400414420432363379379351Parks, Beaches & Recreationestimated </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Street Re-surfacing (miles) 0.6 1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.90 Potholes Repaired 360 400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351 Image: Control of the stream of the		0.10	1,000	1,000	1,100	
Potholes Repaired 360 400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351 Image:						Other Public Works
Parks, Beaches & Recreation estimated estimate	1.25 3.07 2.02 1.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.90 0.00	2.02	3.07	1.25	0.6	Street Re-surfacing (miles)
	400 414 420 432 363 379 379 351 1,125	420	414	400	360	Potholes Repaired
	imated estimated estimated estimated estimated estimated estimated estimated	ated	estimated	estimated	estimated	Parks, Beaches & Recreation
Community Center Admissions 100,000 105,000 105,000 100,000 96,000 94,000 98,000 91,000 95,730	05,000 105,000 100,000 96,000 94,000 98,000 91,000 95,730 89,654	,000	105,000	105,000	100,000	Community Center Admissions
Enterprise Fund WWTP						Enterprise Fund WWTP
Residential Sewer Accounts 11,310 11,316 11,319 11,319 11,323 11,330 11,340 11,440 11,455	11,316 11,319 11,319 11,323 11,330 11,340 11,440 11,455 11,480	,319	11,319	11,316	11,310	Residential Sewer Accounts
Commercial Sewer Accounts 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 340 340	318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 316 340 345	318	318	318	318	Commercial Sewer Accounts
Total Accounts 11,628 11,634 11,637 11,637 11,641 11,648 11,658 11,756 11,795	11,634 11,637 11,637 11,641 11,648 11,658 11,756 11,795 11,825	,637	11,637	11,634	11,628	Total Accounts
				_		
New Connections 7 6 30 - 3 4 7 1 4	6 30 - 3 4 7 1 4 10	-	30	6	7	New Connections
Avg Daily Sewage Treatment (Gallons) 3,500,000 3,008,000 2,674,000 3,117,000 3,110,000 2,832,000 2,350,000 2,240,000 2,240,000 2,	08,000 2,674,000 3,117,000 3,110,000 2,832,000 2,350,000 2,240,000 2,240,000 2,463,000	.000	2.674.000	3.008.000	3,500,000	Avg Daily Sewage Treatment (Gallons)

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

Notes:

The City has not tracked some of this information in past years

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF PACIFICA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		FISCA	L YEAR EI	NDING JUN	IE 30					
Function/Program	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Fire	<u> </u>									
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9
Highways (miles)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Streetlights	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	1,775	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051
Traffic Signals	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parks, Beaches & Recreation								······	·	
Acreage	142.68	142.68	142.68	142.68	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13
Playgrounds	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	14
Baseball Diamonds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Soccer/Football Fields	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wastewater	1									
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
Storm Sewers (miles)	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Treatment Capacity (gallons)	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000

Notes:

No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

Source: Various City Departments

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CITY OF PACIFICA SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Minimum Annual Charge	Rate per 100 Cubic Feet
2007	352.08	7.33488
2008	384.50	8.01056
2009	456.70	9.51463
2010	468.28	9.75568
2011	493.54	10.28208
2012	510.34	10.63211
2013	567.18	11.81632
2014	567.18	11.81632
2015	583.26	12.15128
2016	600.42	12.50867

Notes:

Sewer rates are based on water usage. The North Coast County Water District invoices customers directly for water usage.

Source: City Records