



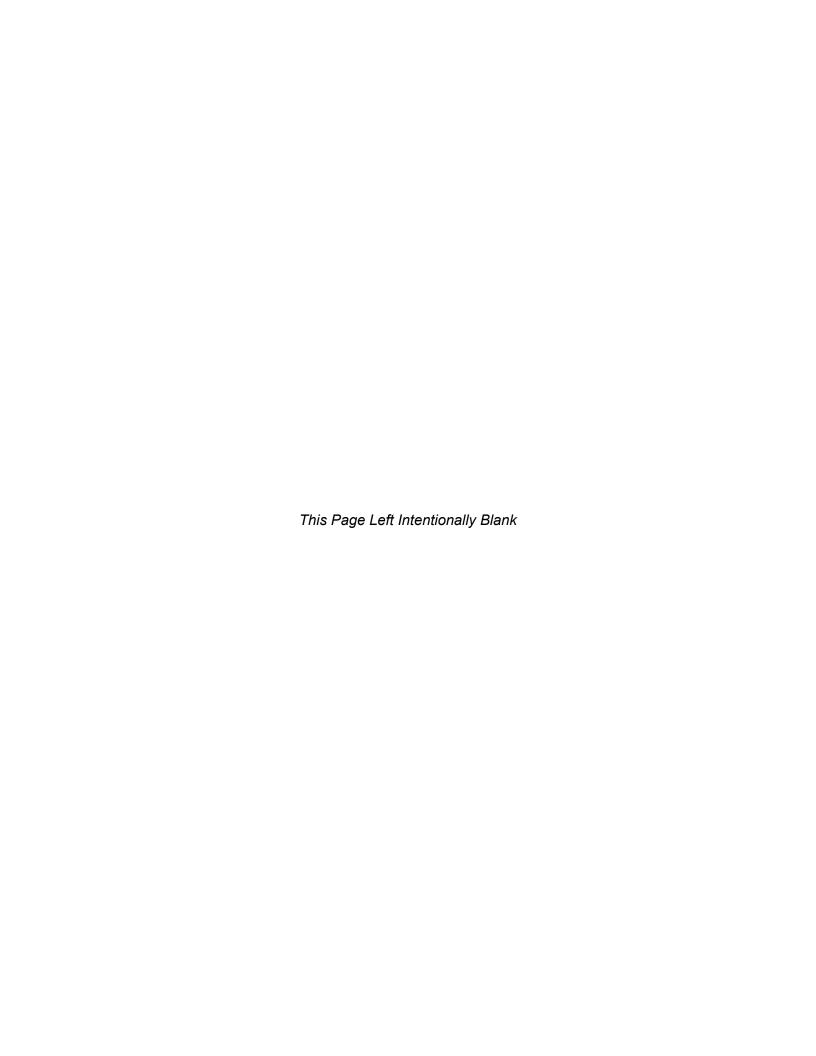




City of Pacifica, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

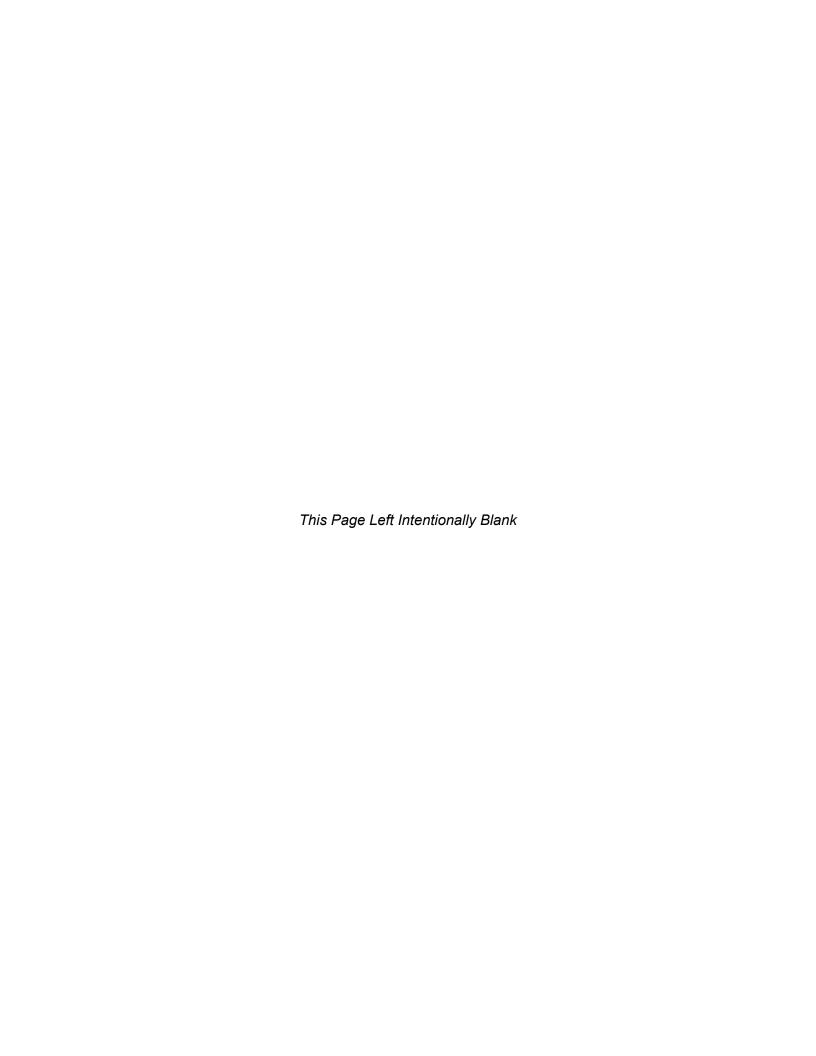
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020



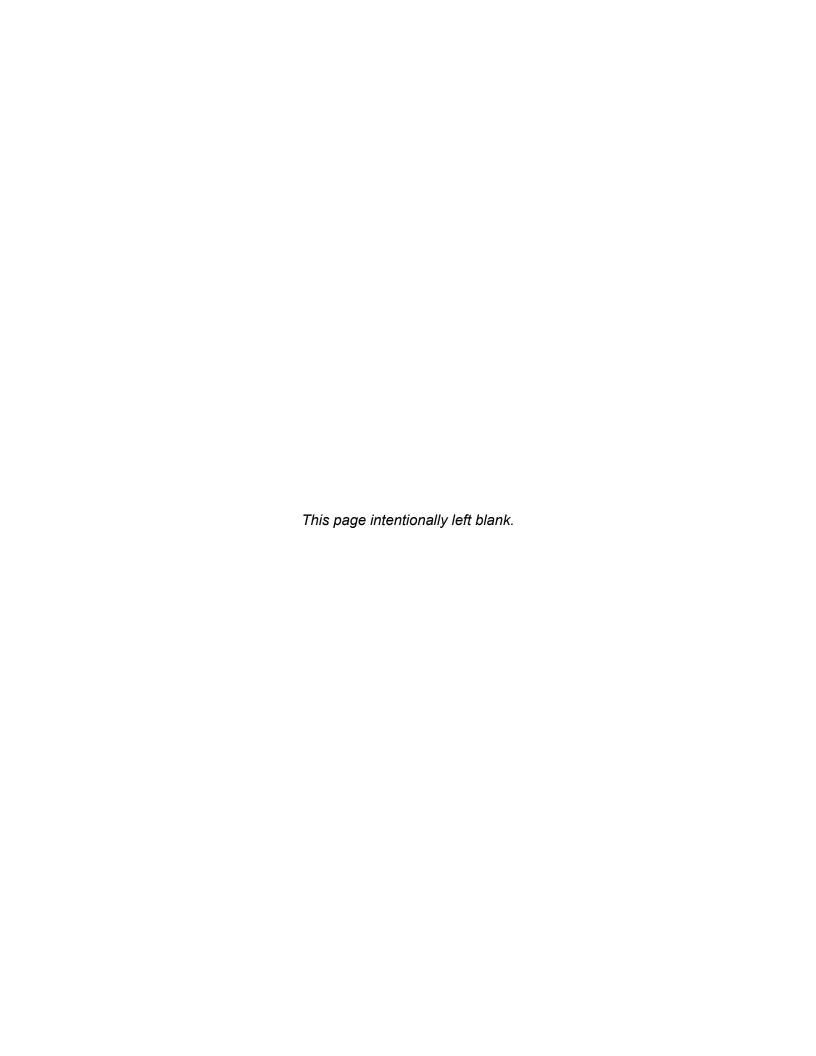
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by Finance Department







COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	<u>Page</u>
Letter of Transmittal	i
City Council Organizational Chart	iv
City Executive Staff	V
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Activities	24
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	26
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds-Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position	28
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	30
Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds with the Statement of Activities	
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	33
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	34
Statement of Cash Flows	36
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	38
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	39

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table of Contents

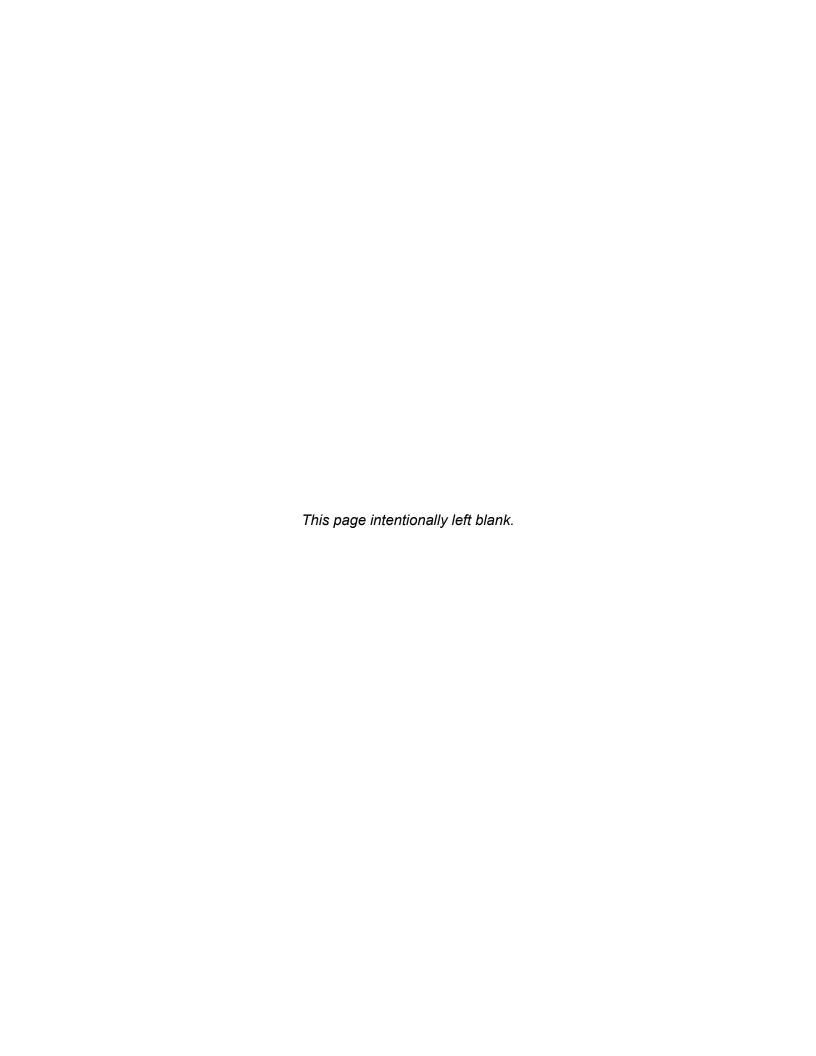
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued):	<u>Page</u>
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	41
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Miscellaneous	92
Schedule of Contributions - Miscellaneous	93
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
As of the Measurement Date – Safety Plan	94
Schedule of Contributions – Safety Plan	95
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – PARS	96
Schedule of Contributions – PARS	97
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	98
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
General Fund	99
Disaster Accounting Special Revenue Fund	101
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	102
Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
Debt Service Fund	104
General Capital Improvement - Capital Projects Fund	105
Non-major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	110
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances	114
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	118
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	124
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	126

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table of Contents

STATISTICAL SECTION:	<u>rage</u>
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component	132
Changes in Net Position	134
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	136
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	138
Revenue Capacity:	
Taxable Sales by Category	140
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rate	141
Tax Revenues by Source	142
Assessed Valuation, Tax Rate, and Tax Levies	143
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	144
Principal Property Taxpayers	145
Property Tax Levies and Collections	146
Debt Capacity:	
Outstanding Debt by Type – Governmental	147
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Business-Type	148
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	149
Legal Debt Margin Information	150
Wastewater Obligations Pledged Revenue Coverage	151
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics. Principal Employers	152 153
Operating Information:	
Full Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	154
Operating Indicators by Function/Program.	155
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program.	156
Sewer Rates	157





CITY OF PACIFICA

170 Santa Maria Avenue • Pacifica, California 94044-2506 www.cityofpacifica.org

MAYOR Sue Beckmeyer

MAYOR PRO TEM Mary Bier

COUNCIL Mike O'Neill Sue Vaterlaus Tygarjas Bigstyck

December 15, 2020

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Pacifica, California

We are pleased to submit the City of Pacifica's Comprehensive Annual financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the CAFR. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive framework of internal control that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). As the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City's independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The City's independent auditor, Maze & Associates, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Pacifica's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth by State law, the audit is also designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the auditor to report on the City's internal controls and compliance with certain legal requirements with special emphasis on the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

City of Pacifica Profile

The City of Pacifica is a full service city located on the Pacific Coast in San Mateo County south of San Francisco. Located within the Bay Area Peninsula, it is framed by the ridges of the Coast Range on the east, Montara Mountains on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west. The City of Pacifica encompasses roughly 12.6 square miles (of which approximately one-half is publicly owned open space), and serves a population of approximately 39,000. A combination of residential, office and commercial retail businesses, and natural open space, comprise the makeup of the City. The City of Pacifica, while located in the midst of a major metropolitan region, is a unique family-oriented coastal community that prides itself on fostering a "small town" feel. The City's geographic setting, its proximity to San Francisco and the San Francisco International Airport, along with its natural open space and coastal beauty, make it a desirable place to live and work.

The City of Pacifica is a General Law City incorporated in 1957 and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Legislative authority is vested in a five-member City Council elected for four-year overlapping terms. The Mayor is selected each year by a majority vote of the other Council members. The Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and members of advisory commissions and committees.

The City provides the following services to its residents: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, parks, beaches, and recreation, social services, planning and zoning, and leadership through general administrative services.

Water, garbage, gas and electric utilities are provided directly through other agencies not under City operations.

The City performed certain infrastructure construction and economic development activities through a separate Redevelopment Agency until its dissolution on February 1, 2012. The City of Pacifica accepted the role of Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency per Council action on January 23, 2012.

Economic and Financial Outlook

On March 2020, the City declared a state of emergency regarding Novel (new) Coronavirus ("COVID -19") while the virus spread worldwide, affecting most of the world, every U.S state and all Bay Area counties. As shelter in place orders were instituted in San Mateo County and the State of California, the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 reflects a quarter of financial uncertainty impacting residents, businesses and visitors of the City.

COVID-19 is a serious public health concern that also created serious economic impacts to our communities. San Mateo County's unemployment rate has increased to 6% since the pandemic hit the region, but the rate is lower than the State of California's unemployment rate of 9% and the United States' rate of 6.6%. Job growth is slow as economically sensitive revenue sources such as transient occupancy tax and on-the-ground retail sales tax have declined, but offset by growth in online sales. The City's largest revenue source, property tax has also been impacted, but not to the extent we anticipated due to its lagging characteristics, however, future revenues will be monitored closely.

¹ Bureau of Labor Statistics, San Francisco Area Economic Summary – Updated December 4, 2020

Residential development in the City has reached near build out conditions, but commercial development potential exists on sites that remain undeveloped or underdeveloped. There is also residential and commercial redevelopment potential on in-fill and/or underutilized sites. The City and the Pacifica Economic Development Committee are active in encouraging resident and visitor-serving business startups.

The City of Pacifica has continued to be fiscally conservative in financial investments, as well as with the development of a Long-Term Financial Plan. The current Long-Term Financial Plan was presented to the City Council in February 2020. The City remains vigilant in its efforts to continue to provide essential City services, while maintaining sufficient levels of fiscal control and accountability.

The City maintains budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, debt service fund, and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The Capital Improvement Projects budget reflects existing projects that do not lapse at year-end, but are carried forward until completion of the project.

The City Council conducts public hearings before adopting the budget, thus giving the public an opportunity to be heard. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained at the department level by tracking expenditures and budget authority. Unexpended budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year with the exception of capital improvement projects.

The City Manager is responsible for the preparation of the budget, and along with the Assistant City Manager, is responsible for monitoring the budget for legal compliance.

Acknowledgements

Our goal is to publish financial information that is helpful to policy leaders. Preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the City of Pacifica Finance Division. Every member of each department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in furthering the fiscal year-end audit, and for their continuing effort to improve the quality of this report. We would like to thank the audit firm of Maze and Associates for their assistance in meeting the City's audit report requirements and financial reporting.

We would also like to thank the members of the Pacifica City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and conservative manner in the best interests of the Citizens of Pacifica.

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin Woodhouse

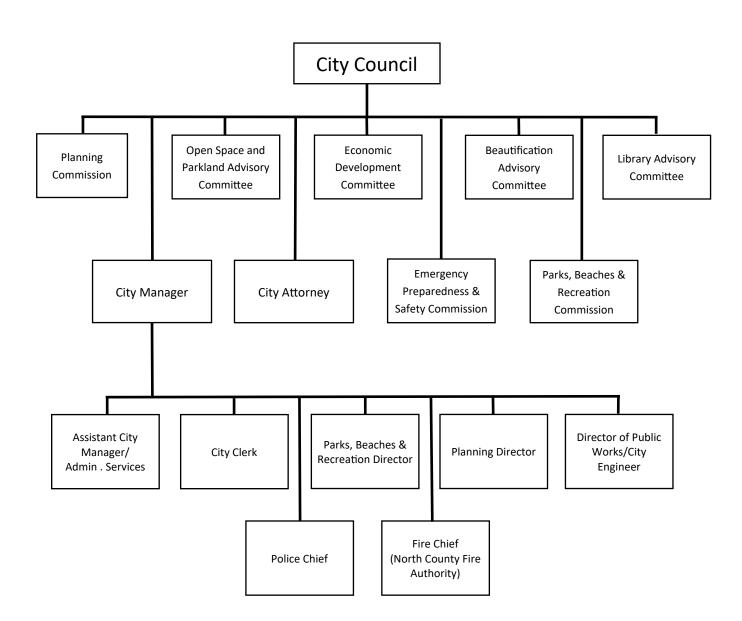
City Manager

Tina Wehrmeister
Assistant City Manager

Molumers



Citizens of Pacifica



SUE BECKMEYER Mayor

> MARY BIER Mayor Pro Tem

MIKE O'NEILL SUE VATERLAUS TYGARJAS BIGSTYCK Members of City Council

KEVIN WOODHOUSE City Manager

MICHELLE MARCHETTA KENYON

City Attorney

OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

TINA WEHRMEISTER Assistant City Manager/Planning Director

DAN STEIDLE Police Chief RON MYERS Fire Chief

LISA PETERSEN Director of Public Works/City Engineer

MICHAEL PEREZ Director of Parks, Beaches &

Recreation

SARAH COFFEY City Clerk

* * * * *

OFFICIAL COMMISSIONS AND COMMITTEES

BEAUTIFICATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

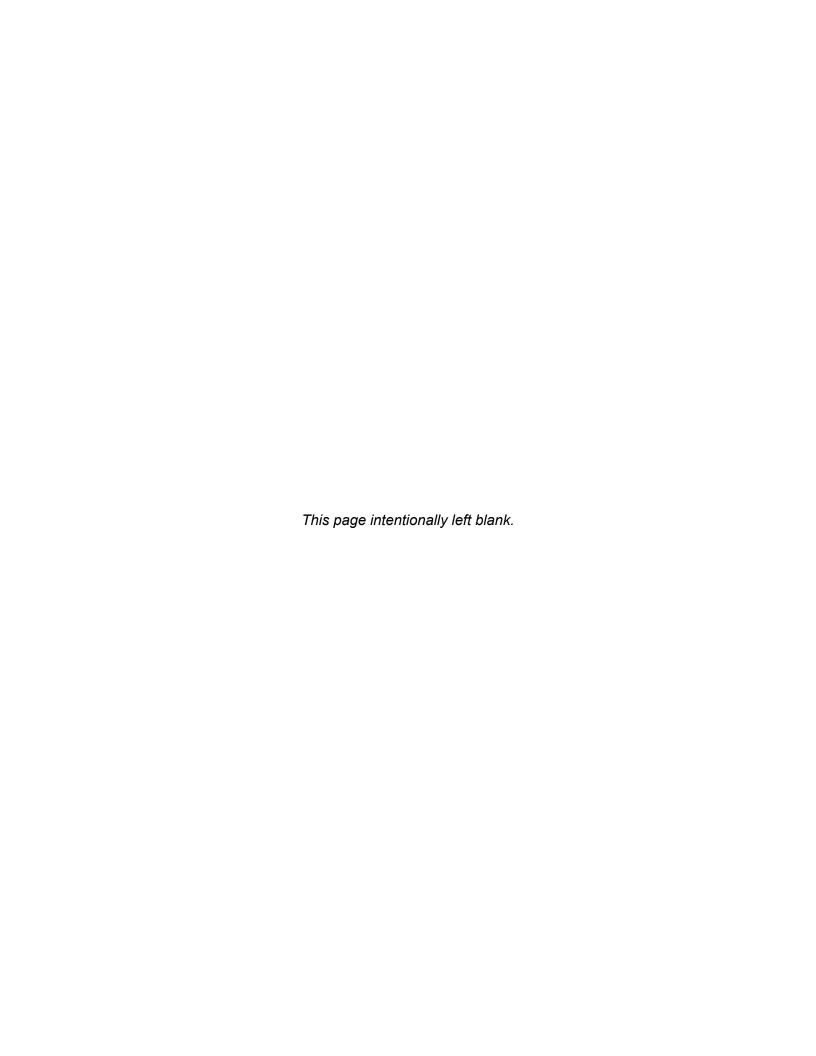
EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS & SAFETY COMMISSION

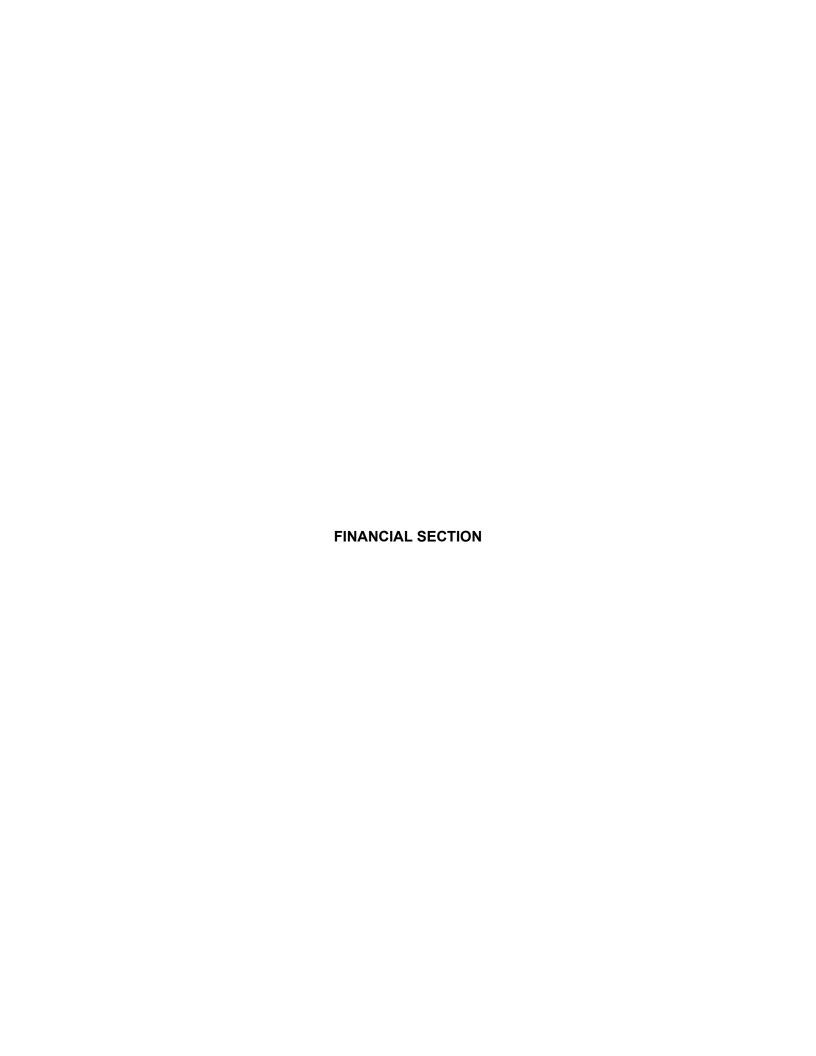
LIBRARY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

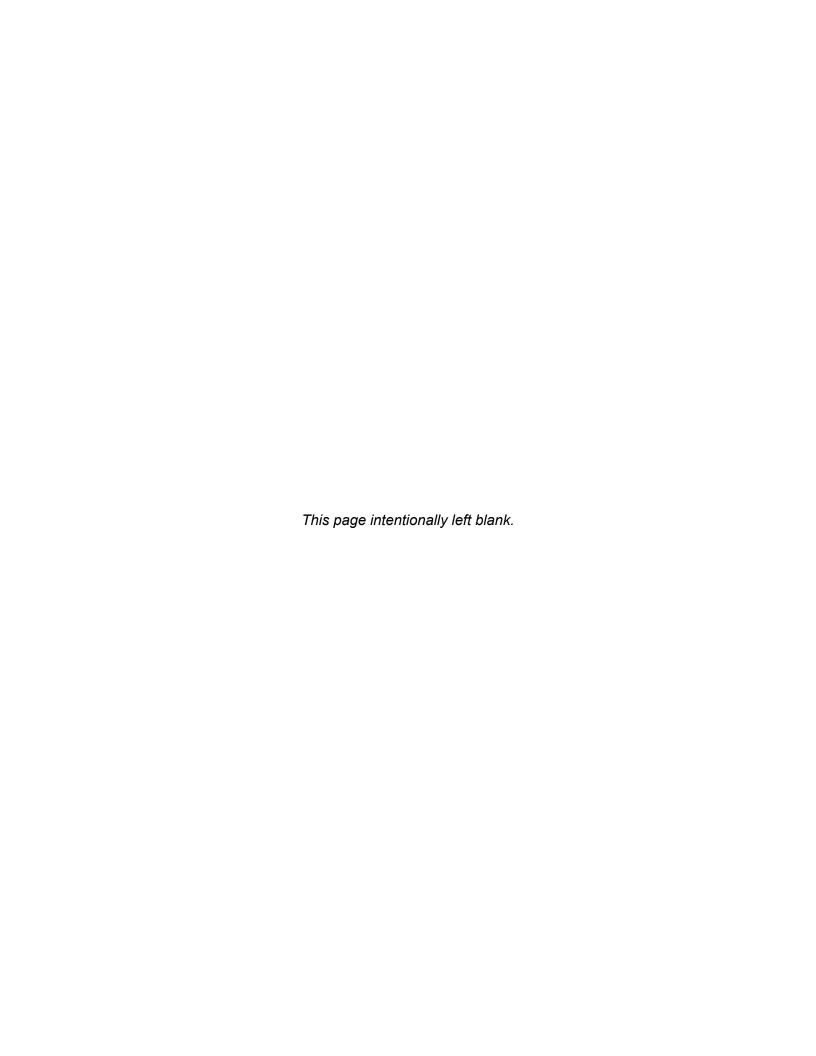
OPEN SPACE AND PARKLAND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

PARKS, BEACHES AND RECREATION COMMISSION

PLANNING COMMISSION









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Pacifica, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pacifica, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

F 925.930.0135

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplementary Information, and Statistical Section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

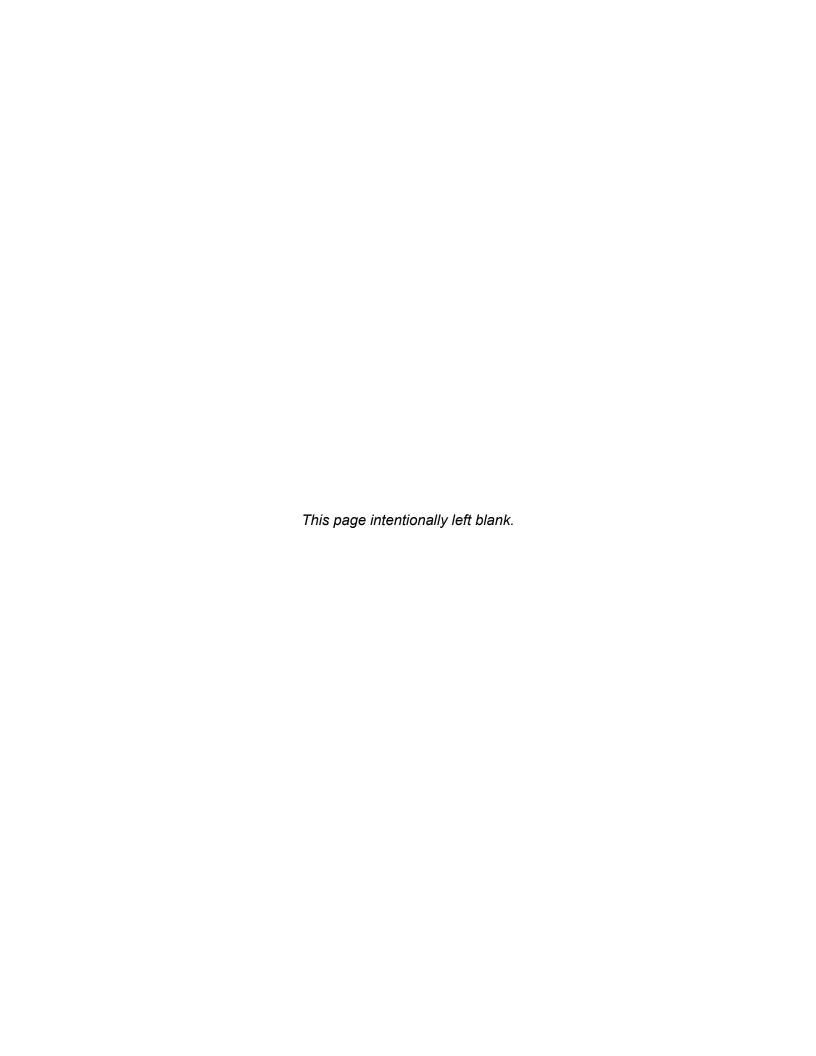
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

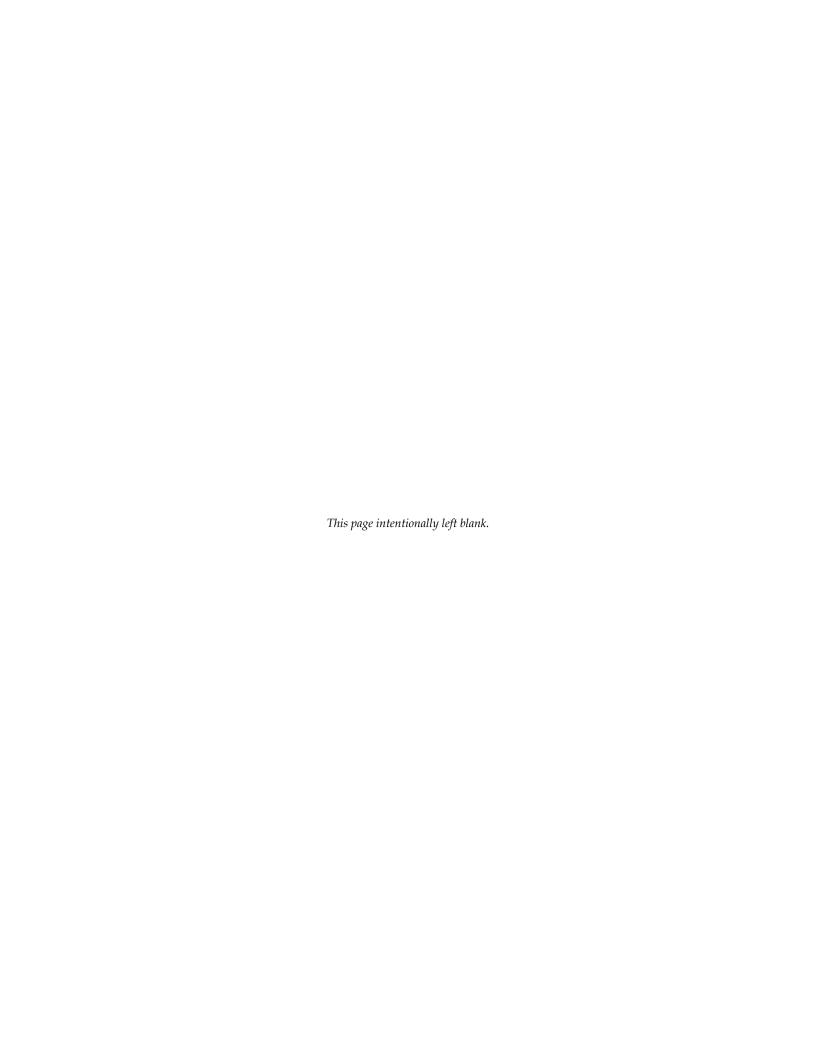
Pleasant Hill, California

Maze & Associates

December 15, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



The management staff of the City of Pacifica (City), offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of City financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It has been designed in accordance with standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Please read this overview in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2019-20

- The City's total net position was \$73.4 million at June 30, 2020, an increase of \$1.6 million from June 30, 2019. Of the \$73.4 million, \$49.3 million was in Governmental Activities and \$24.0 million was in Business-type Activities. The City's net investment in capital assets of \$98.7 is not available for future appropriation (see table 1 for additional information). The negative unrestricted net position of \$41.5 million is the result of implementing GASB Statement No. 6, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions recognizing the City's net pension liability, since fiscal year 2014-15.
- Total City revenues increased by \$0.5 million to \$62.7 million. A \$1.2 million decrease was derived from Governmental Activities and \$1.8 million increase was derived from Business-type Activities (see table 2 for additional information).
- Total City expenses were \$61.2 million; \$41.9 million for the Governmental Activities and \$19.3 million for the Business-type Activities. This is an increase of \$9.8 million compared to prior year. Prior year's expenses in Public Works was unusually low due to the capitalization of expenses (see table 2 for additional information).
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of 36.2 million, an increase of \$7.5 million compared to prior year. The Enterprise Funds' net position decreased by \$1.9 million to \$24.0 million, and the Internal Service Funds net position decreased by \$1.1 million to \$5.4 million.
- The General Fund ending fund balance increased from \$15.0 million to \$16.5 million. Of this amount, \$3.8 million is non-spendable and \$4.7 million has been assigned and intended to be used for specific purposes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's three basic financial statements:
1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. The report also contains supplemental information to help the reader develop a full understanding of the City's financial activities.

• **Government-Wide Financial Statements** – These statements include the *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*. These statements provide a broad overview of the City's finances, presented in a manner similar to private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position presents complete information on the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, as well as liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Changes in net position that occur over time may serve as an indicator of the City's financial position.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported using the "accrual basis of accounting." Changes are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues related to uncollected taxes, or earned but unused vacation leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City consist of general government, public safety, public works, parks, beaches and recreation and community development. The business-type activities of the City include sewer utility and beach parking.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23-25.

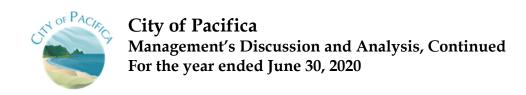
Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain
control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses
fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and accounting
requirements. The City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and
fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental activities and governmental funds.

The City has four major governmental funds: General, Disaster Accounting, General Capital Improvement, and Debt Service Fund. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds. Financial information for the remaining governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation called Other Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements located elsewhere in the report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 26-32 of this report.



Proprietary funds are used to account for services and activities for which a fee is charged to customers in exchange for City provided goods or services. Proprietary funds use the "economic resources" measurement focus, which concentrates on how transactions and events have affected the fund's total economic resources. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

<u>Business-Type Activities or Enterprise Funds</u>: These are funds that are used to report business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City has two enterprise funds: Sewer and Beach Parking.

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to allocate costs internally among the City's functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the maintenance and replacement of its fleet and rolling stock, general liability, worker's compensation and dental. These funds are included in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements because their activities support governmental programs. The internal service funds are then combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual data for the internal services funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-36 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for financial resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. The City holds these funds in a custodial capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's governmental activities.

The Successor Agency to the City of Pacifica Redevelopment Agency Trust Fund was created as a result of the California Supreme Court decision on December 29, 2011 upholding ABx1 26, which eliminated all redevelopment agencies in California and created a process for winding down their operations. Trust funds report an "income statement" referred to as a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on pages 38-39 of this report.

• Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found starting on page 37 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 92-102 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City has a total net position of \$73.4 million as of June 30, 2020. Net position increased by \$1.6 million or 2.2% from the beginning net position of \$71.8 million. Assets and deferred outflows of resources as of the end of June 30, 2020 were \$212.2 million, reflecting a 1.2% increase from prior year. The increase is mainly due to cash and investments. Liabilities and deferred inflows increased by \$1.0 million to \$138.9 million. The increase is due to the City's net OPEB liability and net pension liability (increase of \$0.5 million and \$4.2 million, respectively) offset by decreases in accounts payable, refundable deposits and long-term debts.

The largest portion of the City's net position is its net investment in capital assets totaling \$98.7 million. Capital assets are the aggregate value of land, buildings, and improvements that are used to provide services and are reported net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay these debts must be provided from other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's restricted net assets of \$16.1 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how the funds may be used, such as constructing specified capital projects, debt service, or other community programs. The remaining balance in unrestricted net position of negative \$41.5 million is the result of the City's recognition of net pension liability of \$57.5 million, as required by GASB 68.

Table 1
Comparative Statement of Net Position (In Millions) at June 30,

	Governmental Activities					Busine: Activ	ss-Typ vities	oe	Totals			
		2020	2	2019	2020 2019			2019		2020	2019	
Cash and investments	\$	32.2	\$	25.9	\$	3.3	\$	2.0	\$	35.5	\$	27.9
Other assets		9.4		10.5		8.2		9.4		17.6		19.9
Capital assets		85.7		84.7		60.3		65.1		146.0		149.8
Total assets		127.3		121.1		71.8		76.5		199.1		197.6
Deferred Outflows of Resources		12.4		11.3		0.8		0.8		13.2		12.1
Current liabilities		4.3		5.0		3.1		4.0		7.4		9.0
Non-current liabilities		83.2		77.4		45.1		47.2		128.3		124.6
Total liabilities		87.5		82.4		48.2		51.2		135.7		133.6
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2.9		4.1		0.3		0.3		3.2		4.4
Net Position												
Net investment in capital												
assets		85.7		67.7		13.0		16.0		98.7		83.7
Restricted		16.1		12.1						16.1		12.1
Unrestricted		(52.5)		(33.9)		11.0		9.9		(41.5)		(24.0)
Total net position	\$	49.3	\$	45.9	\$	24.0	\$	25.9	\$	73.4	\$	71.8

City of Pacifica Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2020

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3.4 million with a total net position of \$49.3 million at the end of the fiscal year. The increase was attributable to total governmental revenues exceeding total expenses.

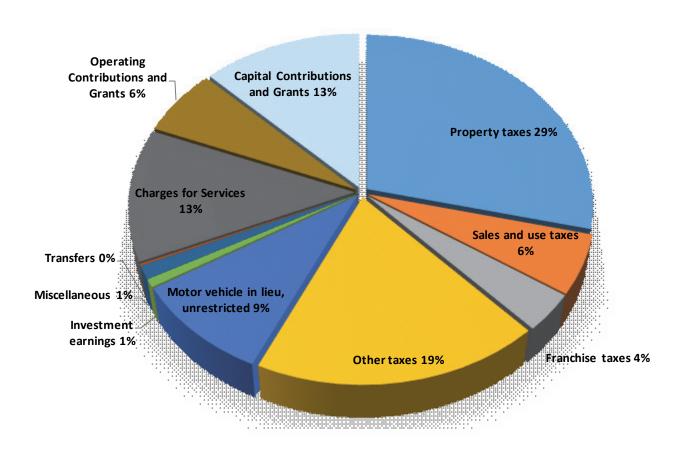
Table 2
Statement of Activities for fiscal year ended June 30, (In Millions)

		Govern Activ	nment vities	al	Busine: Activ	ре					
Revenues		2020		2019	 2020	2019		2020			2019
Program revenues											
Charges for service	\$	5.7	\$	6.6	\$ 17.1	\$	15.5	\$	22.8	\$	22.1
Operating contributions & grants		2.9		3.9					2.9		3.9
Capital grants		5.7		4.6					5.7		4.6
Total program revenues		14.3		15.1	17.1		15.5		31.4		30.6
General revenues											
Taxes:											
Property		13.0		14.7					13.0		14.7
Sales and use		2.6		2.6					2.6		2.6
Franchise		1.6		1.7					1.6		1.7
Other taxes		8.6		5.3					8.6		5.3
Motor Vehicle In Lieu		4.3		4.2					4.3		4.2
Investment Earnings		0.3		0.3	0.4		0.4		0.7		0.7
Miscellaneous		0.6		2.4					0.6		2.4
Transfers		0.1		0.3	(0.1)		(0.3)		0.0		-
Total general revenues and											
transfers		31.1		31.5	0.3		0.1		31.4		31.6
Total revenues		45.4		46.6	17.4		15.6		62.8		62.2
Expenses											
Governmental Activities											
Public safety		18.6		18.8					18.6		18.8
Public works		7.0		2.5					7.0		2.5
Community development		3.0		2.7					3.0		2.7
Parks, beaches and recreation		5.6		5.4					5.6		5.4
General government		6.3		5.7					6.3		5.7
Interest on long-term debt		1.4		0.7					1.4		0.7
Business-Type Activities				0.1							-
Sewer					18.8		15.0		18.8		15.0
Beach Parking					0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5
Total expenses		42.0		35.9	19.3		15.5		61.2		51.4
Turn of a suital accept											
Transfer of capital assets		-		-	- (4.0)		-		-		-
Change in net position		3.4	-	10.7	 (1.9)		0.1		1.6		10.8
Net position - beginning, as restated	i						,				
(Note 11C)	\$	45.9	\$	35.2	\$ 25.9	\$	25.8	\$	71.8	\$	61.0
Net position - ending	\$	49.3	\$	45.9	\$ 24.0	\$	25.9	\$	73.4	\$	71.8

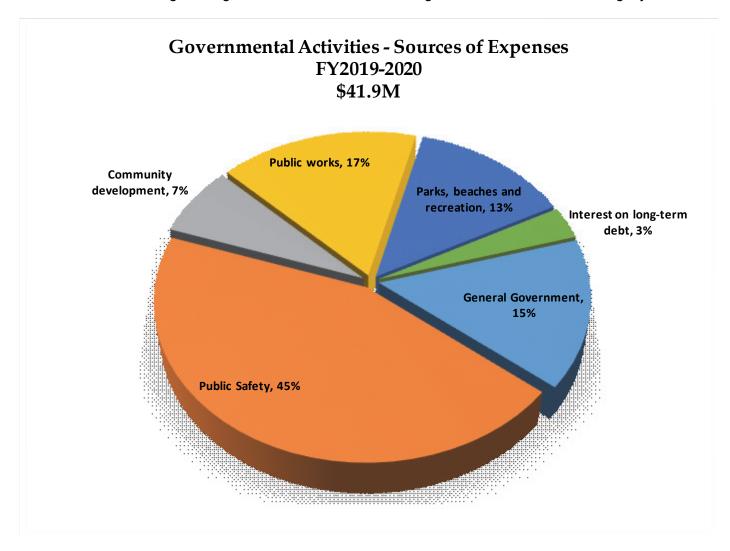


The chart below summarizes general City revenues available for funding all City programs and major expenditure program categories, as well as program revenues used to fund specific expenditure programs. For fiscal year 2019-20, program revenues decreased by \$0.8 million or 5.6% to \$14.3 million. General revenues and transfers from all sources relating to governmental activities decreased by \$0.4 million or 1.2% to \$31.1 million. The decrease in general revenues was the result of slightly lower property taxes and miscellaneous revenues which include donations. Last fiscal year, a \$1.8 million donation was given to the City of Pacifica from the Sirkka Niukkanen Endowment Fund.

Governmental Activities - Sources of Revenues FY 2019-2020 \$45.3M



Expenses from governmental activities increased by \$6.0 million or 16.9% to \$41.9 million for the fiscal year. Expenses increased by \$4.5 million in the area of public works. Last fiscal year's public work expenses was low due to reconciliation of capital assets. Expenses, some of which were from prior years, were capitalized in fiscal year 2018-19 so this year's expenses are at normal levels. Expenses in community development, parks, beaches and recreation, general government and interest on long-term debt also increased slightly.



The majority of these governmental activities are financed from City taxes. However, funds collected in program revenues for these various activities served to offset the departmental spending associated with some services. Governmental expenses, which totaled \$41.9 million, were offset in part by program revenues for governmental activities of \$14.3 million. These program revenues included \$5.7 million in charges for services, \$2.9 million in operating grants and contributions, and \$5.7 million in capital grants and contributions. Charges for services include traffic safety fines, plan check fees, building inspection fees, other charges related to new construction, and fees charged for parks, beaches, and recreational events. Operating grants and contributions include amounts that can only go toward operations-related expenses, while capital grants and contributions are required to go toward capital investments.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
Program Revenues and Net Revenue (Expense) From Services for fiscal year ended June 30,
(In Millions)

	Program Revenues					perating	Ex	penses	Net Revenue (Expense)			
		2020 2019		2019		2020		2019		2020	2019	
General government	\$	0.8	\$	1.8	\$	6.3	\$	5.7	\$	(5.5) \$	(3.9)	
Public Safety		1.2		1.5		18.7		18.8		(17.5)	(17.3)	
Community development		2.1		2.4		3.0		2.7		(0.9)	(0.3)	
Public works		6.7		5.5		7.0		2.5		(0.3)	3.0	
Parks, beaches, and recreation		3.5		4.0		5.6		5.4		(2.1)	(1.4)	
Interest on long-term debt		-				1.4		0.7		(1.4)	(0.7)	
	\$	14.3	\$	15.1	\$	41.9	\$	35.9	\$	(27.6) \$	(20.7)	

Business-type Activities

The net position of the City's business-type activities decreased by \$1.9 million from a beginning net position of \$25.9 million. In fiscal year 2019-20, enterprise operations produced total operating revenues of \$17.1 million, a \$1.6 million increase from prior year. The increase in revenue was mostly from the sewer utility as the 8% rate increase was implemented at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Business-type expenses totaled 19.3 million at the end of the fiscal year. Operating expenses for these activities increased by \$3.8 million or 24.6% from prior year. The increase was largely attributable to insurance, maintenance and depreciation expenses.

Unlike the government activities, program revenues cover total expenses in the business-type activities, with no contribution from City taxes. The City is able to adjust sewer and parking rates to cover expenditures and future liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF CITY FUNDS

Governmental funds

The Governmental Fund financial statements provide information on the short-term inflow, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending over the fiscal period. The goals of the funds are to have sufficient resources available to finance City services. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a measure of City funds that are available for spending in the short-term. The General Fund, General Capital Improvement Fund, Disaster Accounting Fund and the Debt Service Fund are the 'major funds' and are reported separately in the basic Financial Statements.

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's main operating fund. General Fund revenues totaled \$34.6 million in fiscal year 2019-20, a \$0.9 million or 2.6% increase from prior year. Expenditures totaled \$33.1 million, which remains unchanged from prior year. Revenues less operating expenditures before transfers were \$1.5 million. The General Fund received transfers in of \$1.0 million from the Street Construction Fund and Gas Tax Fund as reimbursement for salaries and benefits related expenditures. Detailed notes on the transfers can be found in the Interfund Transactions section - Note 9 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The General Fund balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$16.5 million, representing an increase of \$1.5 million from the prior year fund balance of \$15.0 million. The City Council assigned \$1.2 million as reserves for specific purposes as described in Note 11 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. A total of \$8.0 million of the General Fund balance is unassigned.

Disaster Accounting Fund

The Disaster Accounting Fund accounts for both revenues and expenditures associated with catastrophic events occurring in the City.

The Disaster Accounting Fund had revenues of \$2.8 million which is an increase of \$1.0 million from prior year. Majority of the revenues were from grant reimbursements and excess ERAF funds. Total expenditures in the Disaster Accounting fund decreased by \$1.5 million as work on the 400 Esplanade Infrastructure Preservation is on hold awaiting grant award.

General Capital Improvement Fund

The General Capital Improvement Fund accounts for funds used for capital improvements and significant maintenance projects. The City capitalizes equipment with a cost basis of at least \$5,000 and that has an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Structures, improvements, and infrastructure are also capitalized. All capital assets are valued at historical cost. For more information on capital assets, please refer to Note 4 on the Notes to the Basic Financial Statement.

The General Capital Improvement Fund had revenues of \$1.9 million which is an increase of \$1.6 million. The increase was largely due to a \$1.5 million grant for the Beach Boulevard Promenade Project. A total of \$0.8 million was transferred in from other funds to support ongoing construction costs and to support previously appropriated projects.

General Capital Improvement Fund expenditures totaled \$0.7 million which is an increase of \$0.2 million from prior year. The entire fund balance of \$3.6 million is assigned for on-going construction of capital projects.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources used to repay general long-term debt and to record the payment of principal and interest as well as other expenditures related to debt administration. The refunding of the 2010 Pension Obligation fund increased general government debt by \$0.4 million. Debt service expenditures represent principal payments, interest charges, and administrative costs of debt such as fiscal agent fees on existing government debt. A more detailed description of the City's outstanding debt and long-term obligations associated with each issue can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Table 4
Total Governmental Funds
(In Millions)

	Fund	Balance	Fund	Balance	Net change in		
	June 30, 2020			30, 2019	Fund Balance		
General Fund	\$	16.5	\$	15.0	\$	1.5	
Disaster Accounting Fund		3.0		0.3		2.7	
General Capital Improvement Fund		3.6		1.6		2.0	
Debt Service Fund		0.2		-		0.2	
Other Governmental Funds		13.0		11.8		1.2	
Total Governmental Funds	\$	36.2	\$	28.7	\$	7.5	

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. The City's enterprise funds include Sewer and Beach parking while the internal service funds include Self Funded Dental, Self Insurance Worker's Comp, Self Insurance Liability, Motor Pool Operations and Motor Pool Replacement funds.

Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund

The Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater system, including the operating costs of the wastewater collection system and water recycling plant. The Sewer Utility Fund continues to be stable as in prior years. There was a decrease of \$2.0 million in the fund's overall net position compared to prior year. A large portion of net position (54.4%) is related to the City's investment in capital assets.

The fund's net revenue increased by \$1.8 million from prior year, mostly the result of an 8% increase in sewer rate. The City Council approved an annual sewer rate increase until fiscal year 2021-22. Total operating expenses of the Sewer Utility Fund, however, increased by \$3.9 million largely in the areas of administration, insurance and maintenance.

Beach Parking Enterprise Fund

The Beach Parking Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of the City's parking facilities. The fund's overall net position had a very modest increase of \$92,000. Revenue in the Beach Parking Fund decreased by \$190,000 resulting from closure of beaches due to COVID-19 shelter-in-place orders. Operating expenses decreased by \$68,000 largely in part to a reduction in personnel service hours due to COVID-19. The future plan is to invest in newer equipment in the coming years.

Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds represent funds set aside to cover employee dental expenses and insurance deductibles for liability and worker's compensation. In addition, funds are also set aside to support the day to day operation and maintenance of city vehicles and equipment and to pay for the purchase of replacement of these vehicles and equipment. The internal service funds as a whole experienced a decrease in net position of \$1.1 million from prior year resulting from increased insurance premiums.

Table 5
Change in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds for the year ended June 30, (In Millions)

	•	Total Enter	orise Fu	unds	Total Internal Service Funds					
		2020		2019	2	2020	2019			
Operating revenues	\$	17.1	\$	15.5	\$	2.5	\$	2.4		
Operating expenses		17.6		13.8		3.6		3.0		
Operating income (loss)		(0.5)		1.7		(1.1)		(0.6)		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		(1.3)		(1.3)		0.0		0.1		
Net income (loss) before contribution	ns									
and operating transfers		(1.8)		0.4		(1.1)		(0.5)		
		-		-		-		-		
Transfers in (out)		(0.1)		(0.3)		(0.0)		0.9		
Change in net position	\$	(1.9)	\$	0.1	\$	(1.1)	\$	0.4		

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Detailed information on budget variances can be found on page 30 in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget to Actual. The adopted fiscal year 2019-20 General Fund budget assumed minimal growth in revenue, thus ongoing expenditures were also contained within the forecasted revenue in order to maintain a structurally balanced budget.

Total General Fund revenues were \$34.6 million, which is \$0.2 million or 0.6% over the final amended budget. Total expenditures were \$33.1 million, which is \$2.4 million or 6.7% under budget.

The most significant differences between estimated and actual results were as follows:

- Sales tax was under budget by \$101,394 or 5.8%. This was the result of the shelter in place orders which
 triggered closure of brick and mortar businesses resulting in lower sales revenues. However, online
 sales increased which made up for some of the losses.
- Other taxes which includes transient occupancy, business license, utility users, and cannabis taxes were under budget by \$209,307 or 4.6%. Transient occupancy tax was 22.1% under budget as travel was significantly curtailed by COVID-19, while utility tax payments were over budget by 15.3% as households were forced to work and learn from home.
- Licenses and permits were over budget by \$222,730 or 30.8% due mostly to an increase in building and electrical permits.
- Intergovernmental revenues were over budget by \$1.1 million or 20.8%. The cause of the over budget
 is due to a mid-year budget adjustment (decrease) for Vehicle License Fees based on projections from
 the County. Actual fees came in higher than the projected decrease. Grant funding for senior programs
 and police also came in slightly higher than budgeted.



City of Pacifica Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2020

- Expenditures in community development were under budget by \$1.0 million or 27.6% due to the slow progress of projects.
- Expenditures in public works were under budget by \$621,133 or 14.6% mostly in the areas of street and traffic maintenance and parks and playfields as projects that were planned for during the fiscal year were not completed or started due to changing priorities.
- Expenditures in parks, beaches and recreation were under budget by \$256,626 or 5.0% mainly due to part-timers being furloughed in the recreation, child care and senior programs as a result of program closures due to COVID-19.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

As reported in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities totaled \$146.0 million on June 30, 2020, net of depreciation, decreasing by \$3.8 million from the prior fiscal year. The investment in capital assets include: land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The City records its capital assets at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The City depreciates all its capital assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Additional information on capital assets may be found in Note 4 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The \$4.8 million decrease in the business-type activities is mostly due to the capitalization of the Equalization Basin Project.

Table 6
Capital Assets at June 30,
(In Millions)

	Governmental Activities		Busine: Activ		•	Total					
		2020	- 2	2019	2020	- 2	2019		2020		2019
Governmental activities											
Land	\$	40.5	\$	40.4	\$ 4.0	\$	4.0	\$	44.5	\$	44.4
Construction in progress		7.9		7.0	0.2		22.7		8.1		29.7
Building and improvements		16.2		16.1	77.6		77.3		93.8		93.4
Machinery and equipment		3.2		3.0	3.3		2.7		6.5		5.7
Collection Systems					44.0		20.2		44.0		20.2
Vehicles		8.5		7.6					8.5		7.6
Infrastructure		43.8		42.0					43.8		42.0
Less accumulated depreciation		(34.4)		(31.4)	(68.8)		(61.8)		(103.2)		(93.2)
Totals	\$	85.7	\$	84.7	\$ 60.3	\$	65.1	\$	146.0	\$	149.8

Long Term Debt

At June 30, 2020 the City had long-term debt obligations of \$70.7 million. Governmental Activities had debt outstanding in the amount of approximately \$25.6 million and the business-type activities had approximately \$42.8 million. The total reduction of \$2.1 million from prior year was a combination of additional debt due to the refunding of the 2010 Pension Obligation bond, offset by regular debt service payments. In 2019, the City received an upgraded bond rating to AA+ from Standard and Poors. Additional information on long-term debt activity may be found in Note 5 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Table 7
Outstanding Debt at June 30,
(In Millions)

		Govern	nment	al		Busine	ss-ty	pe				
	Activities			Activ	Activities			Total				
		2020	2	2019	2	2020	2	2019	2	2020	2	2019
2010 Pension Obligation Bond	\$	-	\$	7.9	\$	-	\$	1.0	\$	-	\$	8.9
2019 Pension Obligation Refunding Bond		8.6				1.1				9.7		-
2016 Certificate of Participation		16.6		16.7						16.6		16.7
Capital Lease Payable		0.3		0.5						0.3		0.5
2014 Wastewater Revenue												
Refunding Bond						7.5		7.6		7.5		7.6
2017 Wastewater Revenue Bond						25.7		25.9		25.7		25.9
Notes Payable		_				8.8		11.1		8.8		11.1
Total Debt Outstanding	\$	25.6	\$	25.1	\$	43.0	\$	45.6	\$	68.6	\$	70.7
Total Bonded Debt Outstanding	\$	25.6	\$	25.1	\$	43.0	\$	45.6	\$	68.6	\$	70.7

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The preparation of the fiscal year 2020-21 budget came at a challenging time in our country and the world, as the Coronavirus pandemic and resultant economic shutdown of society roared to the forefront in March. The budget contains staff estimates about anticipated revenues for the upcoming year, and a clear acknowledgment of the need to track revenue trends closely and revisit estimates in January 2021.

Revenue Projections: Tax revenues are projected to decrease by 3.1% over last year's mid-year adjusted tax revenue amounts. This translates to a nominal 0.6% increase over COVID-19 impacted FY19-20 year-end amounts. Immediate and continuing COVID-19 impacts created a projected 15% decrease in sales tax and a 42% decrease in transient occupancy tax revenue. Other taxes, such as utility users tax, franchise tax, and business license tax are projected to be flat, while property tax is projected to increase as recessionary impacts on property taxes typically lag one to two years behind the beginning of a recession. This revenue source will be monitored closely throughout the year.

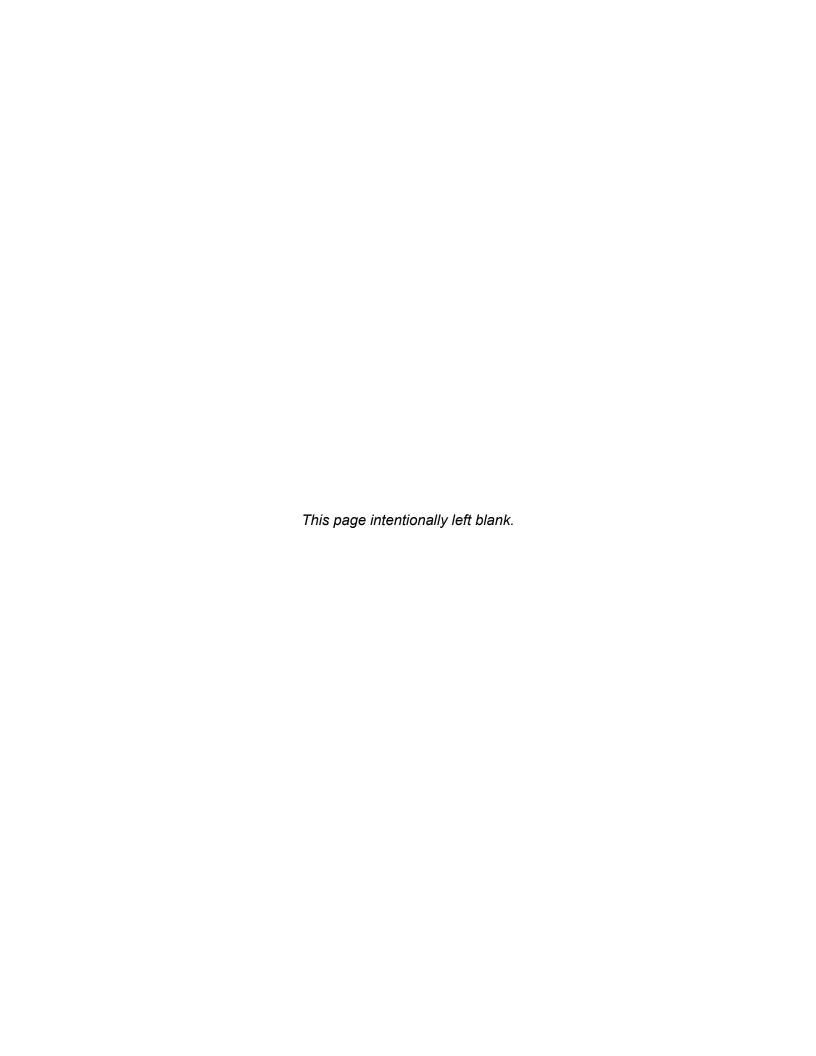
Expenditures: The General Fund's on-going and one-time expenditures are expected to increase by 1.9%. Various expenditure containment measures have helped minimize expenditure growth, while continuing to honor labor contract pay increases for seven of eight bargaining units of 2% for employees in FY20-21.

Sewer Rate Adjustments: The most recent rate study for the sewer utility was completed in 2017. Soon after, the City Council approved an ordinance which enacted a five year rate structure with a maximum annual rate increase for the City's wastewater program service charges from fiscal year 2017-18 through 2021-22. The revenues generated by the rate structure are the main source of revenue for the wastewater program and addresses its future capital and financial needs. The fiscal year 2020-21 rate increase was 7%.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to Tina Wehrmeister, Assistant City Manager at City of Pacifica, City Manager's Office, 170 Santa Maria Avenue, Pacifica, California 94044.

A copy of this financial report is also located at the City's website at http://www.cityofpacifica.org, by selecting "Departments/Administrative Services/Finance/Comprehensive Annual Financial Report" and then selecting the "year".



CITY OF PACIFICA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$32,226,485	\$3,294,379	\$35,520,864
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)	352,330	5,916,196	6,268,526
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3)	3,182,340		3,182,340
Taxes receivable	1,043,541		1,043,541
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	2,531,496	407,337	2,938,833
Interest receivable	25,595	000 000	25,595
Prepaid items	35,538	368,802	404,340
Inventories	21,473	17,388	38,861
Receivable from successor agency (Note 10) Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4)	3,676,329 48,325,365	4,222,927	3,676,329 52,548,292
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4) Capital assets, being depreciated,	40,323,303	4,222,921	32,340,292
net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	37,364,278	56,044,637	93,408,915
Internal balances (Note 9)	(1,449,938)	1,449,938	00,100,010
Total Assets	127,334,832	71,721,604	199,056,436
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	GGE OE1	240.044	015 905
Deferred charge on refunding of debt Related to OPEB (Note 6)	665,951 448,332	249,944 31,401	915,895 479,733
Related to OFEB (Note 0) Related to pension (Note 7)	11,264,006	512,928	11,776,934
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Total Deferred Outliows of Resources	12,378,289	794,273	13,172,562
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	1,181,866	505,112	1,686,978
Interest payable	343,002	86,319	429,321
Refundable deposits	974,717		974,717
Unearned revenue	7,500		7,500
Claims payable due within one year (Note 8)	216,408		216,408
Compensated absences (Note 1M): Due within one year	925,998	181,676	1,107,674
Due in more than one year	698,559	124,798	823,357
Long term debt (Note 5):	000,000	121,100	020,001
Due within one year	610,785	2,351,401	2,962,186
Due in more than one year	24,942,136	40,692,392	65,634,528
Net OPEB Liabilities, due in more than one year (Note 6)	5,513,796	1,047,591	6,561,387
Net pension liabilities, due in more than one year (Note 7)	52,037,791	3,188,285	55,226,076
Total Liabilities	87,452,558	48,177,574	135,630,132
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to OPEB (Note 6)	874,870	112,275	987,145
Related to pension (Note 7)	2,054,582	183,082	2,237,664
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,929,452	295,357	3,224,809
NET POSITION (Note 11)			
Net investment in capital assets	85,689,643	13,000,844	98,690,487
Restricted for:	03,003,043	13,000,044	30,030,407
Construction of capital assets	2,126,911		2,126,911
Streets, highways, and other related purposes	4,654,136		4,654,136
Parks, beaches and recreation	5,500,513		5,500,513
Stormwater operations	604,946		604,946
Public safety	3,280,435		3,280,435
Unrestricted	(52,525,473)	11,042,102	(41,483,371)
Total Net Position	\$49,331,111	\$24,042,946	\$73,374,057

CITY OF PACIFICA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants		
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$6,334,939	\$108,746	\$716,680			
Public safety	18,649,308	788,489	397,429			
Community development	2,984,755	2,100,634				
Public works	6,980,889	795,505	228,852	\$5,683,998		
Parks, beaches and recreation	5,586,758	1,902,841	1,549,175			
Interest on long-term debt	1,364,573					
Total Governmental Activities	41,901,222	5,696,215	2,892,136	5,683,998		
Business-type Activities:						
Sewer	18,794,726	16,591,415				
Beach Parking	468,537	485,883				
Total Business-type Activities	19,263,263	17,077,298				
Total	\$61,164,485	\$22,773,513	\$2,892,136	\$5,683,998		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfer

Change in Net Position

Net Position at beginning of year

Net Position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
(\$5,509,513)		(\$5,509,513)
(17,463,390)		(17,463,390)
(884,121)		(884,121)
(272,534)		(272,534)
(2,134,742)		(2,134,742)
(1,364,573)		(1,364,573)
(27,628,873)		(27,628,873)
	(\$2,203,311)	(2,203,311)
	17,346	17,346
	(2,185,965)	(2,185,965)
(27,628,873)	(2,185,965)	(29,814,838)
13,030,713		13,030,713
2,570,334		2,570,334
1,647,467		1,647,467
8,572,837		8,572,837
4,253,924	007.004	4,253,924
341,064	387,604	728,668
571,114	(80,000)	571,114
80,000	(80,000)	
31,067,453	307,604	31,375,057
3,438,580	(1,878,361)	1,560,219
45,892,531	25,921,307	71,813,838
\$49,331,111	\$24,042,946	\$73,374,057

CITY OF PACIFICA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

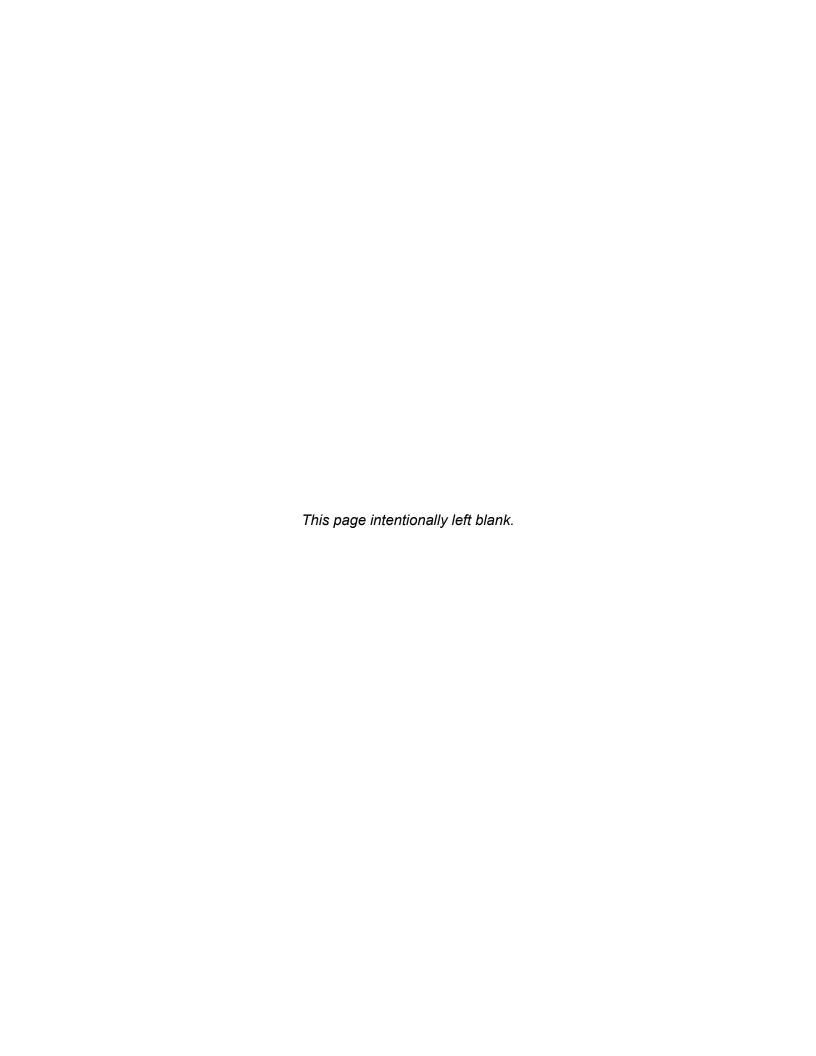
General

	General	Disaster Accounting Special Revenue Fund	Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund
Assets				
Cash and investments (Note 3) Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Receivables:	\$12,798,872	\$2,927,254	\$5,448,857 13,415	\$338,915
Taxes Accounts Interest Due from other funds (Note 9) Prepaid items Inventories Receivable from RDA successor agency (Note 10)	1,022,994 2,011,066 25,593 190,277 30,288 1,869 3,676,329	57,225	2	5,250
Advance to other funds (Note 9)	75,000			
Total Assets	\$19,832,288	\$2,984,479	\$5,462,274	\$344,165
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Refundable deposits Due to other funds (Note 9)	\$897,285 974,717	\$16,902	\$47,139	\$110,869
Unearned revenue Advance from other funds (Note 9)	7,500 1,449,938		1,849,619	
Total Liabilities	3,329,440	16,902	1,896,758	110,869
Fund balances (Note 11): Non-spendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	3,783,486 4,693,187 8,026,175	2,967,577	3,565,516	233,296
Total Fund Balances	16,502,848	2,967,577	3,565,516	233,296
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$19,832,288	\$2,984,479	\$5,462,274	\$344,165

Other Governmental Funds	Total
\$7,798,818	\$28,973,801 352,330
3,182,340	3,182,340
20,547 461,682	1,043,541 2,529,973 25,595 190,277 35,538 1,869 3,676,329
1,849,619	1,924,619
\$13,313,006	\$41,936,212
\$192,530	\$1,153,856
79,408	974,717 190,277
75,000	7,500 3,374,557
346,938	5,700,907
12,966,068	3,783,486 19,732,457 4,693,187 8,026,175
12,966,068	36,235,305
\$13,313,006	\$41,936,212

CITY OF PACIFICA Reconciliation of the GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET with the STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$36,235,305
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different from those reported in the governmental funds because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	83,113,686
Deferred charge on refunding, net of accumulated amortization has not been reported in the governmental funds. This was capitalized and amortized over the life of the new debt or old debt whichever is shorter in the Statement of Net Position.	665,951
The items below are not financial resources / (not due and payable) in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences	(1,593,306)
Long term debt	(25,406,148)
Interest payable	(342,603)
Net OPEB liabilities	(5,513,796)
Net Pension Liabilities	(52,037,791)
Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB	(2,929,452)
Deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB	11,712,338
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central garage, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in Governmental Activities in the Statement	
of Net Position.	5,426,927
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$49,331,111



CITY OF PACIFICA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUES Taxes \$22,323,527 \$954,525 \$120,000 Licenses and permits 946,618 21,956 Fines and forfeitures 181,883 21,956 Use of money and property 229,950 17,418 32,472 \$357 Intergovernmental 6,247,086 1,745,594 1,745,594 Charges for current services 2,338,945 1,783,181 627,652 Recreation programs 494,937 1,783,181 627,652 Other 1,854,433 1,783,181 627,652 EXPENDITURES 2 1,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES 1,527,926 1,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES 1,6286,178 1,156 2,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES 16,286,178 1,156 3,949 3,949 4,949,72 3,949 4,949,72 3,949 4,949,72 1,949,72 736,679 3,949 4,949,72 1,949,72 736,679 1,112,64 1,124,72,238 1,1272,238 1,272,238 1,272,238		General	Disaster Accounting Special Revenue Fund	General Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund
Taxes \$22,323,527 \$954,525 \$120,000 Licenses and permits 946,618 21,956 Fines and forfeitures 181,883 Use of money and property 229,950 17,418 32,472 \$357 Intergovernmental 6,247,086 1,745,594 Charges for current services 2,338,945 Recreation programs 494,937 Other 1,854,433 1,783,181 627,652 Total Revenues 34,617,379 2,755,124 1,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 5,627,926 Public safety 16,286,178 1,156 Community development 2,575,059 3,949 Public works 3,622,796 Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: Principal 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 7,862,873 Transfers in (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers in (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers in (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 9,89,333 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	DEVENUES				
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Licenses and property Fines and forfeitures Licenses Lise of money and property Licenses Lise of money and property Licenses Lise of money and property Licenses Licens		\$22 323 527	\$954 525	\$120,000	
Fines and forfeitures			Ψ334,323		
Use of money and property 229,950 17,418 32,472 \$357 Intergovernmental 6,247,086 1,745,594 1,745,594 Charges for current services 2,338,945 Recreation programs 494,937 Other 1,854,433 1,783,181 627,652 Total Revenues 34,617,379 2,755,124 1,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 5,627,926 Public safety 16,286,178 1,156 Community development 2,575,059 3,949 Public works 3,622,796 Public works 3,622,796 Public works 3,622,796 Public works 125,543 283,571 732,679 Det service: Principal 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122 22,759 1,600,122				,000	
Charges for current services Recreation programs A94,937 Cher 1,854,433 1,783,181 627,652	Use of money and property		17,418	32,472	\$357
Recreation programs	Intergovernmental	6,247,086		1,745,594	
Other 1,854,433 1,783,181 627,652 Total Revenues 34,617,379 2,755,124 1,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 5,627,926 7,628,079 7,156 7,157 7,156 7,1	Charges for current services	2,338,945			
EXPENDITURES 34,617,379 2,755,124 1,920,022 628,009 EXPENDITURES Current:					
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 5,627,926 Public safety 16,286,178 1,156 Community development 2,575,059 3,949 Public works 3,622,796 Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: Principal 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 1,272,238 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Other	1,854,433	1,783,181		627,652
Current: General government 5,627,926 Public safety 16,286,178 1,156 Community development 2,575,059 3,949 Public works 3,622,796 3,949 Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 732,679 Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: 7rincipal 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges 2,275,238 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 2,276,232 211,928 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Payment to refunded escrow agent 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,	Total Revenues	34,617,379	2,755,124	1,920,022	628,009
Current: General government 5,627,926 Public safety 16,286,178 1,156 Community development 2,575,059 3,949 Public works 3,622,796 3,949 Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 732,679 Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: 7rincipal 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges 2,275,238 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 2,276,232 211,928 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Payment to refunded escrow agent 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,	FYDENDITURES				
General government					
Public safety 16,286,178 Community development 1,156 Community development 3,949 Public works 3,622,796 Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 Parks, beaches, and recreation 283,571 Parks, beaches, and recreation Capital outlay 125,543 Parks, beaches, and recreation 283,571 Parks, beaches, and recreation 732,679 Parks, beaches, and recreation Capital outlay 125,543 Parks, beaches, and recreation 283,571 Parks, beaches, and recreation 732,679 Parks, beaches, and recreation Periocipal Parks, beaches, and recreation 125,543 Parks, beaches, and recreation 111,264 Parks, beaches, and recreation Principal Parks, beaches, and recreation 111,264 Parks, beaches, and recreation 111,264 Parks, beaches, and recreation Priocipal Parks, beaches, and recreation 283,571 Parks, beaches, and recreation 111,264 Parks, beaches, and recreation Part Legendritures 33,104,073 Parks, beaches, and recreation 2,470,397 Parks, beaches, and recreation Excess (Deficit) of Revenues costs 1,513,306 Parks, beaches, and recreation 2,470,397 Parks, beaches, and recreation Excess (Deficit) of Revenues costs 1,513,306 Parks, beaches, and recreation 2,470,397 Parks, beaches, and recreation Excess (Deficit) of Reve		5.627.926			
Community development Public works 2,575,059 3,622,796 3,949 Parks, beaches, and recreation Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs 111,264 1,272,238 1,272,238 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 773,000 661,850 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759			1,156		
Parks, beaches, and recreation 4,866,571 Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs 2211,928 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 989,873 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 (7,920,163) (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Community development	2,575,059		3,949	
Capital outlay 125,543 283,571 732,679 Debt service: Principal 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 211,928 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 8,436,271 Poceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759					
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges 111,264 Interest and fiscal charges 1,272,238 Bond issuance costs 211,928 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 8,436,271 Payment to refunded escrow agent 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759					
Principal Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs 111,264 Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Proceeds from long-term debt Payment to refunded escrow agent 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759		125,543	283,571	732,679	
Interest and fiscal charges					444.004
Bond issuance costs 211,928					
Total Expenditures 33,104,073 284,727 736,628 1,595,430 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Proceeds from long-term debt Payment to refunded escrow agent 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759					
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures 1,513,306 2,470,397 1,183,394 (967,421) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Proceeds from long-term debt Payment to refunded escrow agent 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Boliu issualice costs				211,920
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 Payment to refunded escrow agent 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Total Expenditures	33,104,073	284,727	736,628	1,595,430
Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 Payment to refunded escrow agent 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,513,306	2,470,397	1,183,394	(967,421)
Transfers in (Note 9) 989,333 162,324 773,000 661,850 Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) 8,436,271 Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 Payment to refunded escrow agent 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out (Note 9) (958,873) Proceeds from long-term debt 8,436,271 Payment to refunded escrow agent (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759		989.333	162.324	773.000	661.850
Proceeds from long-term debt Payment to refunded escrow agent 8,436,271 (7,920,163) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759					33.,333
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 30,460 162,324 773,000 1,177,958 Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759		, ,			8,436,271
Net Changes in Fund Balances 1,543,766 2,632,721 1,956,394 210,537 Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Payment to refunded escrow agent				(7,920,163)
Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year 14,959,082 334,856 1,609,122 22,759	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	30,460	162,324	773,000	1,177,958
	Net Changes in Fund Balances	1,543,766	2,632,721	1,956,394	210,537
Fund Balances (Deficits) at end of year \$16,502,848 \$2,967,577 \$3,565,516 \$233,296	Fund Balances (Deficits) at beginning of year	14,959,082	334,856	1,609,122	22,759
	Fund Balances (Deficits) at end of year	\$16.502.848	\$2.967.577	\$3,565,516	\$233.296

Other Governmental Funds	Total
\$4,000,850	\$27,398,902 968,574
57,692 319,154 19,194	181,883 337,889 8,311,834 2,358,139 494,937
1,146,051	5,411,317
5,542,941	45,463,475
133 64,205 2,294,047 19,038 443,612	5,628,059 16,351,539 2,579,008 5,916,843 4,885,609 1,585,405 111,264 1,272,238 211,928
2,821,035	38,541,893
2,721,906	6,921,582
865,038 (2,382,348)	3,451,545 (3,341,221) 8,436,271 (7,920,163)
(1,517,310)	626,432
1,204,596	7,548,014
11,761,472	28,687,291
\$12,966,068	\$36,235,305

CITY OF PACIFICA

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measure only changes in current asset and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

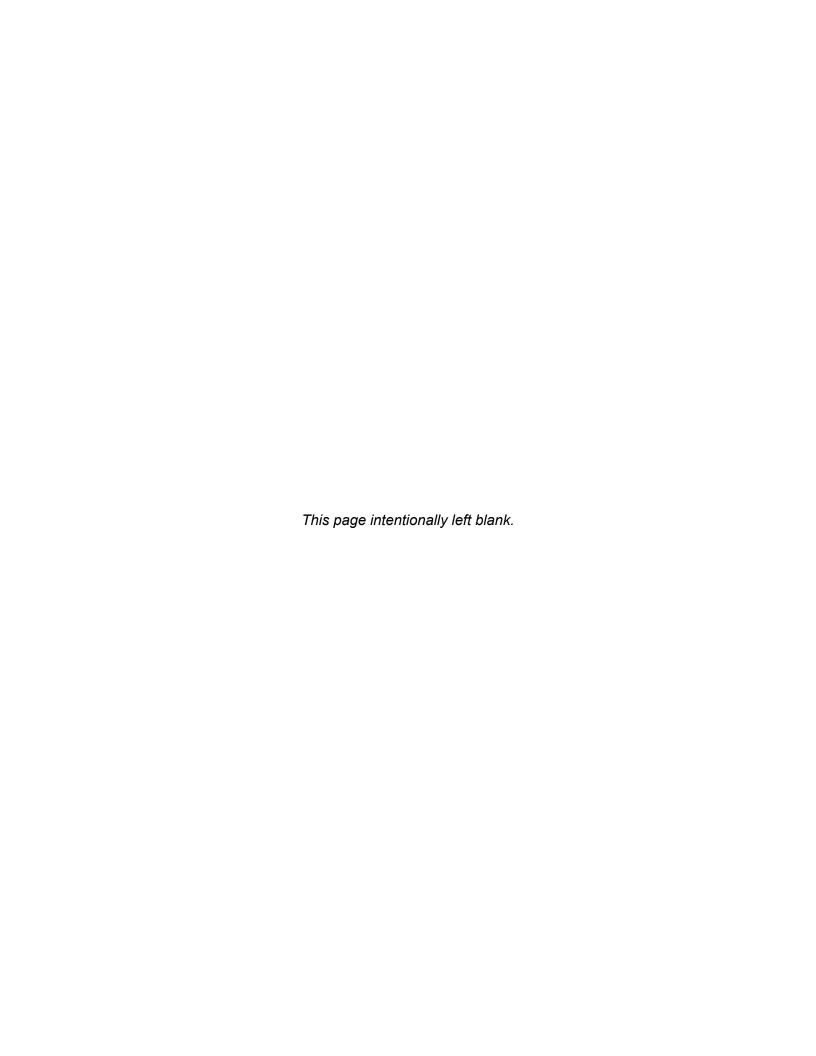
Net Change in fund balance	\$7,548,014
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balances Depreciation expense	2,991,805 (2,319,225)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	(8,436,271)
Payment to refunded escrow agent	7,920,163
Repayment of debt principal	111,264
Interest expense	47,128
Amortization of loss on refunding	(139,463)
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences (net change)	(91,591)
Net pension liabilities (net change)	(2,878,937)
Net OPEB liabilities	(188,156)
The internal services funds are used by management to charge costs of	
certain activities such as insurance and central garage, to individual funds.	
The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds are reported with	
governmental activities.	(1,126,151)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$3,438,580

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	,		Governmental	
		ness-Type Activities		Activities
	Major Enterprise Fund Sewer Utility	Non-major Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$3,100,675	\$193,704	\$3,294,379	\$3,252,684
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)	5,916,196		5,916,196	
Accounts receivable	407,337		407,337	1,523
Due from other funds (Note 9) Prepaid items	260 002		360 003	
Inventory	368,802 17,388		368,802 17,388	19,604
•		100.704		
Total Current Assets	9,810,398	193,704	10,004,102	3,273,811
Noncurrent Assets:				
Advance to other funds (Note 9)	1,449,938		1,449,938	
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 4)	4,222,927		4,222,927	258,774
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	55,000,045	50.400	50.044.007	0.047.400
of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	55,992,215	52,422	56,044,637	2,317,183
Total Noncurrent assets	61,665,080	52,422	61,717,502	2,575,957
Total Assets	71,475,478	246,126	71,721,604	5,849,768
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding (Note 5)	249,944		249,944	
Related to OPEB (Note 6)	31,401		31,401	
Related to pension (Note 7)	512,928		512,928	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	794,273		794,273	
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	503,688	1,424	505,112	28,010
Due to other funds (Note 9)				
Interest payable	86,319		86,319	399
Claims payable due in one year (Note 8)	470 745	10.001	404.070	216,408
Compensated abseces due in one year (Note 1M) Long term debt due in one year (Note 5)	170,715 2,351,401	10,961	181,676 2,351,401	28,050
, , ,				
Total Current Liabilities	3,112,123	12,385	3,124,508	272,867
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 1M)	118,633	6,165	124,798	3,201
Long term debt due in more than one year (Note 5)	40,692,392		40,692,392	146,773
Net OPEB Liabilities due in more than one year (Note 6)	1,047,591		1,047,591	
Net pension liabilities due in more than one year (Note 7)	3,188,285		3,188,285	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	45,046,901	6,165	45,053,066	149,974
Total Liabilities	48,159,024	18,550	48,177,574	422,841
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Related to OPEB (Note 6)	112,275		112,275	
Related to pension (Note 7)	183,082		183,082	
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	295,357		295,357	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	12,948,422	52,422	13,000,844	2,575,957
Unrestricted	10,866,948	175,154	11,042,102	2,850,970
Total Net Position	\$23,815,370	\$227,576	\$24,042,946	\$5,426,927

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Busin	ess-Type Activities		Governmental Activities
	Major Enterprise Fund Sewer Utility	Non-major Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other operating income	\$15,740,441 850,974	\$485,883	\$16,226,324 850,974	\$1,491,580 995,189
Total Operating Revenues	16,591,415	485,883	17,077,298	2,486,769
Operating Expenses: Personnel services Administration Supplies and materials Insurance Outside contractors Maintenance Utilities Insurance claims Depreciation (Note 4) Total Operating Expenses	4,626,852 1,446,199 1,044,348 653,617 114,644 610,635 1,722,589 6,899,389 17,118,273	403,343 22,589 19,012 15,700 7,893 468,537	5,030,195 1,468,788 1,063,360 653,617 114,644 626,335 1,722,589 6,907,282 17,586,810	551,436 468 379,901 1,361,361 7,605 71,122 590,870 638,491 3,601,254
Operating Income (Loss)	(526,858)	17,346	(509,512)	(1,114,485)
Non-operating revenues (Expenses): Investment earnings Intergovernmental revenues Gain on sale of capital assets	387,604		387,604	19,369 9,258 1,145
Interest and fiscal charges Amortization	(1,658,535) (17,918)		(1,658,535) (17,918)	(11,113)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,288,849)		(1,288,849)	18,659
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(1,815,707)	17,346	(1,798,361)	(1,095,826)
Transfers: Transfers in (Note 9) Transfers out (Note 9)	(154,867)	74,867	74,867 (154,867)	132,000 (162,324)
Changes in Net Position	(1,970,574)	92,213	(1,878,361)	(1,126,150)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	25,785,944	135,363	25,921,307	6,553,077
Net Position, End of Year	\$23,815,370	\$227,576	\$24,042,946	\$5,426,927



CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Busin	ess-Type Activities		Governmental Activities
	Major Non-major Total			Internal
	Enterprise Fund Sewer Utility	Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	Enterprise Funds	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$16,277,776	\$485,883	\$16,763,659	\$2,490,452
Payments to suppliers	(6,395,605)	(60,928)	(6,456,533)	(2,067,538)
Payments for claims				(530,880)
Payments to and on behalf of employees	(4,193,719)	(404,335)	(4,598,054)	(547,268)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	5,688,452	20,620	5,709,072	(655,234)
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:				
Intergovernmental revenues				9,258
Interfund payment	205,133		205,133	(162,324)
Interfund receipts		74,867	74,867	132,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and				
Related Financing Activities	205,133	74,867	280,000	(21,066)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of capital assets	(2,026,578)	(30,775)	(2,057,353)	(943,078)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(2,020,070)	(50,115)	(2,007,000)	1,145
Proceeds from bond issuances	1,101,959		1,101,959	.,
Principal payments on bonds and notes	(3,927,655)		(3,927,655)	11,066
Interest paid	(1,374,528)		(1,374,528)	(11,113)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(6,226,802)	(30,775)	(6,257,577)	(941,980)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	387,604		207.004	40.000
interest received	367,004		387,604	19,369
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	387,604		387,604	19,369
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	54,387	64,712	119,099	(1,598,911)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Fiscal year	8,962,484	128,992	9,091,476	4,851,595
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Fiscal Year	\$9,016,871	\$193,704	\$9,210,575	\$3,252,684
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to				
Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and investments	\$3,100,675	\$193,704	\$3,294,379	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	5,916,196		5,916,196	\$3,252,684
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,016,871	\$193,704	\$9,210,575	\$3,252,684

(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

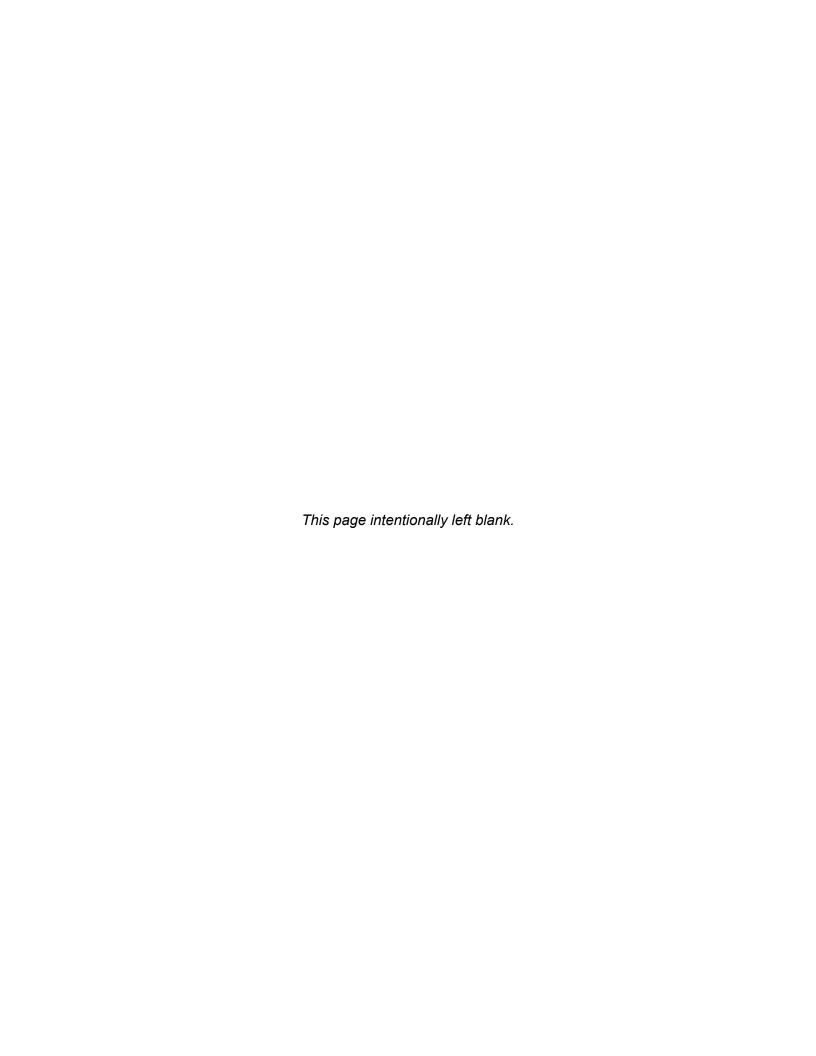
	Busin	ess-Type Activities		Governmental Activities
	Major Enterprise Fund Sewer Utility	Non-major Enterprise Fund Beach Parking	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (loss)	(\$526,858)	\$17,346	(\$509,512)	(\$1,114,485)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	6,899,389	7,893	6,907,282	638,491
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:				
Accounts Receivable	(399,060)		(399,060)	3,485
Prepaid Items	(4,960)		(4,960)	
Inventories	90,381		90,381	198
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	(803,573)	(3,627)	(807,200)	(247,130)
Accrued liabilities				49
Claims payable				59,990
Net Pension/OPEB Liability,				
Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows	413,406		413,406	
Compensated Absences	19,727	(992)	18,735	4,168
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$5,688,452	\$20,620	\$5,709,072	(\$655,234)
Noncash Transactions				
Amortization of bond premium	(\$17,918)			

CITY OF PACIFICA SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Assets:	
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$527,069
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)	230,449
Total Assets	757,518
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	
Interest payable	30,934
Loan payable to the City - due in more than one year (Note 10)	3,676,329
Long-term debt:	
Due within one year (Note 13)	65,000
Due in more than one year (Note 13)	1,015,000
Total Liabilities	4,787,263
Net Position:	
Restricted for debt service	50,000
Unrestricted	(4,079,745)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(\$4,029,745)

CITY OF PACIFICA SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Additions:	
Investment revenue	\$4,781
Taxes and assessments	234,850
Total Additions	239,631
Deductions:	
Interest expense	121,472
Community development expense	4,500
Total Deductions	125,972
Change in Net Position	113,659
Net Position (Deficit)at Beginning of Year	(4,143,404)
Net Position (Deficit) at End of Year	(\$4,029,745)



NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Pacifica (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("USGAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting principles are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Pacifica was incorporated November 22, 1957 under the general laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges applicable to a General Law City. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. There are five Council Members who serve overlapping terms of four years, and the Council, in turn, elects one of the Council Members to serve as Mayor for one year. This legislative body selects a City Manager to administer the affairs of the City. The City provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and civil defense), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements include the financial activities of the City.

The City of Pacifica Financing Authority is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing certain public capital facilities for the City through the issuance of bonds or other forms of debt. The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The City participates in the ABAG Plan Corporation, a public entity risk pool, whose financial activities are not included in the basic financial statements as it is administered by a board, separate from and independent, of the City (See Note 8).

There are no other entities which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61, criteria for blended or discrete disclosure within these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental activities and business-type activities for the City, accompanied by a total column. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed generally through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities (Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund) are financed generally through user fees.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include three categories: (1) charges for services, (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation on the Statement of Activities.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board No.34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments ("GASB No. 34") in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables.

D. Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category–governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary–are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds. The internal service funds are also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liabilities are incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operation of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. Fiduciary funds represent private-purpose trust funds, which the City serves as a trustee for the Successor Agency. Trust funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. The City has one RDA Successor Agency private-purpose trust fund.

E. Major Funds

GASB 34 defines major funds and requires that the City's major governmental funds be identified and presented separately in the Fund financial statements. All other governmental funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. Major funds are defined as funds which have either assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to or greater than ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total of all fund types, excluding fiduciary. The general fund is always a major fund. The major funds of the City are:

- General Fund The General Fund is used to account for the resources to carry
 out basic governmental activities of the City such as general government, public
 safety, public works, community development, and parks, beaches, and
 recreation, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Disaster Accounting Special Revenue Fund This fund is used to account for all revenues received and expenditures incurred due to natural and man-made disasters.
- General Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for revenues derived from fees and apportionments from General Fund to be used for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities of the City.
- Debt Service Fund This fund is used to account for the accumulated and the disbursement of account for expenditures and financing of various long-term debt liabilities.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

E. Major Funds (Continued)

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

• The Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund – This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection system including operating costs of the wastewater collection system and water recycling plant.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- The Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has two internal service funds, the Motor Pool Fund and the Self Insurance Fund. The Motor Pool Fund accounts for the City's central garage, and the Self Insurance Fund accounts for the employee dental, workers' compensation, general liability, property, and automobile liability insurance.
- The RDA Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the former Redevelopment Agency activities.

F. Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide, Proprietary funds, and Fiduciary funds financial statements are required by GASB 34 to be reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

The Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and liabilities (except for long-term advances from the City) are included in the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

F. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue are collected within ninety days after fiscal year end. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considered cash and cash equivalents (investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase) as short term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling the cash of all funds, including the City's Enterprise and Internal Service Funds.

H. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, except for investments that are not transferable and have terms that are not affected by change in market rates are reported at cost.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as revenues from use of money reported for that fiscal year. Revenues from use of money include interest earnings, change in fair value, gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investment and rental income. Changes in the fair value of investments during this fiscal year were calculated and booked.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

I. Receivables and Payables

All accounts, grants, tax, and note receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

General fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased. These inventories are stated at cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market, and consist of expendable materials and supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventories and prepaid items, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance for noncurrent assets in governmental funds, to indicate that they do not constitute resources available for appropriation.

K. Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary fund financial statements. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair value on the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expense each year, and the total amount of accumulated depreciation taken over the years, is reported on the respective statements as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

L. Encumbrances

The City uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executor contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities, but as restricted, or unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

M. Compensated Absences

City employees accrue vacation, sick, holiday, and compensatory time off benefits. An employee may accumulate vacation time equal to an amount as stipulated in their contracts. No cash compensation is payable for accrued vacation until the employee terminates employment. Sick leave is compensated in cash only upon an employee's retirement. Maximum limit per employee is \$3,000 or one quarter of employee's sick leave credit, whichever is lower. Two employee groups have elected to participate in a retirement health savings program and have directed vacation and limited sick leave cash out to separation of this program. It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate compensatory time within set limits instead of drawing overtime. This accumulation may subsequently be exchanged into cash or time taken.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when they have matured (such as vacation time, estimated to be paid upon retirement by the end of the fiscal year with expendable available financial resources). Each fiscal year, an adjustment to the liability is made based on pay rate changes and adjustments for the current portion. The General Fund is primarily responsible for the repayment of the governmental portion of compensated absences.

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Beginning Balance	\$1,528,798	\$287,739	\$1,816,537
Additions	825,253	182,979	1,008,232
Payments	(729,494)	(164,244)	(893,738)
	_		
Ending Balance	\$1,624,557	\$306,474	\$1,931,031
•			
Current Portion	\$925,998	\$181,676	\$1,107,674
Non-current Portion	\$698,559	\$124,798	\$823,357

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

N. Property Tax Revenues

California Constitution Article XIII A limits the combined property tax rate to one percent of a property's assessed valuation. Additional taxes may be imposed with voter approval. Assessed value is calculated at one hundred percent of a property's fair value, as defined by Article XIII A, and may be increased no more than two percent per year unless a change in ownership occurs. The County of San Mateo collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to adjustments for voter-approved debt. The City receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan," whereby the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the City. The City recognizes property tax revenues (including tax increment revenues) to the extent of each year's tax allocation received or to be received within 60 days after the end of each fiscal year.

The County assesses properties, bills for, collects, and distributes property taxes per the following schedule:

	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation dates	January 1	January 1
Lien/Levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates	50% on November 1	July 1
	50% on February 1	
Dallamantas	D 40	A

Delinquent as of December 10 August 31 April 10

The term "Unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land, and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on property being taxed.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

P. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Q. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds incurred departmental expenditures in excess of appropriations:

	Excess of Expenditures Over
Fund/Department	Appropriations
Major Funds:	
General Fund:	
General Government	\$38,861
Non-Major Funds:	
Parks, Beaches and Recreation Special Revenue Fund	19,038

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The City operates under the general law of the State of California, and annually adopts a budget to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Manager submits a Preliminary Budget to the City Council on or about May 15 each year. This Preliminary Budget is the fiscal plan for the ensuing twelve months starting July 1, and includes proposals for expenditures for operations and capital improvement, and the resources to meet them. City Council conducts public hearings at Council Chambers before adopting the budget. The Council approves total appropriations at the department level in the General Fund, and at the fund level in other funds. The Budget is adopted by City resolution prior to June 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget appropriations within departments in conformance with the adopted policies set by the City Council. All other transfers must be approved by the City Council. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures are budgeted at, and may not legally exceed, the department level for the General Fund and the fund level for Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Internal Service Funds. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council during the fiscal year. During the fiscal year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

Budgets for General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Internal Service Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). Except for Capital Project Funds, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and are rebudgeted for the coming year. The following capital projects funds are not budgeted annually: Aircraft Noise Project Fund, Excess ERAF Fund and Pacific Library Fund. The Parking In-lieu Special Revenue Fund is only budgeted when the need for expenditure arises.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are recorded as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued):

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

As of June 30, 2020, the following funds had a deficit net position/fund balance:

Gax Tax Special Revenue Fund (\$119,275)

The deficits in the governmental funds are due to the City paying expenditures in advance of receiving revenues. The majority of these deficits are going to be repaid once reimbursements are received from the grantor, and if there are any outstanding deficits after the repayments, the General Fund would cover these deficits when the fund is closed out.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$35,520,864
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	6,268,526
Restricted cash and investments	3,182,340
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	527,069
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	230,449
Total cash and investments	\$45,729,248

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

			Maximum	Maximum
		Minimum	Percentage/	Investment
	Maximum	Credit	Investment	in One
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	of Portfolio	Issuer
Commercial Paper	270 days	Α	25%	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	Α	40%	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	50%	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	None	50%	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	30%	None
State of California Local Agency				
Investment Funds (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$65,000,000	\$65,000,000
Banks and Savings and Loan Time	N/A	A-1+	30%	None
Deposits	IN/A		3070	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	15%	None
Mutual Funds	5 years	AAAm	15%	None

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by trustees is governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Maximum	Minimum Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
Municipal Bonds	None	AAA
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None
Time Deposits (Unsecured)	30 days	A-1
Money Market Funds	None	AAAm
Investment Contracts	None	AA-
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	1 year	A-1+
Bankers Acceptances	1 year	A-1+
Pre-refunding Municipal Bonds	None	AAA
State and Municipal Bonds	None	Two Highest Categories

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

C. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to change in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments and those held by trustees to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)		
Investment Type	12 Months Or Less	Totals	
California Local Agency Investment Fund Held by Trustees:	\$7,623,109	\$7,623,109	
Money Market Fund	6,482,504	6,482,504	
Total Investments	\$14,105,613	14,105,613	
Cash in Banks Petty Cash		31,620,190 3,445	
Total Cash		31,623,635	
Total Cash and Investments	_	\$45,729,248	

Money market mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand at June 30, 2020, and have an average maturity of 43 days.

The City does not hold any specific investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

D. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investment in the California Local Agency Investment Fund and money market mutual funds are classified as exempt in the fair value hierarchy, as it is valued at amortized cost, which is exempt from being classified under GASB 72.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

E. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Rating as of Fiscal Year End		
Investment Type	AAAm	Not Rated	Total
California Local Agency Investment Fund Held by Trustees:		\$7,623,109	\$7,623,109
Money Market Fund	\$6,482,504		6,482,504
Total Investments	\$6,482,504	\$7,623,109	14,105,613
Cash in Banks Petty Cash			31,620,190 3,445
Total Cash			31,623,635
Total Cash and Investments			\$45,729,248

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The City has no investments in any one issuer (other than money market funds and an external investment pool) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2020, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. At June 30, 2020, these investments have an average maturity of 191 days.

NOTE 4 - Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. GASB Statement No.34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of the depreciation is to spread the cost of the capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro-rata share of the cost of the capital assets. Depreciation is provided using the straight–line method over its expected useful life. Capital assets with a value of \$5,000 or more are capitalized.

The City has assigned the following useful lives to capital assets: Buildings and improvements (25-30 years); Police Vehicles (4 years); Other Vehicles (5-25 years); Machinery and Equipment (5-15 years); Collection System (20 years); and Infrastructure (15-30 years).

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2020:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$40,445,580				\$40,445,580
Construction in progress	7,031,530	\$1,059,526		(\$211,271)	7,879,785
Total capital assets not being depreciated	47,477,110	1,059,526		(211,271)	48,325,365
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings & improvements	16,099,066	114,876			16,213,942
Vehicles	7,581,176	911,628	(\$38,203)		8,454,601
Machinery and equipment	3,043,295	189,495			3,232,790
Infrastructure	41,959,238	1,659,358		211,271	43,829,867
Total capital assets being depreciated	68,682,775	2,875,357	(38,203)	211,271	71,731,200
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings & improvements	(10,312,289)	(448,528)			(10,760,817)
Vehicles	(5,715,184)	(617,446)	38,203		(6,294,427)
Machinery & equipment	(2,811,301)	(86,448)			(2,897,749)
Infrastructure	(12,608,635)	(1,805,294)			(14,413,929)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,447,409)	(2,957,716)	38,203		(34,366,922)
Depreciable capital assets, net	37,235,366	(82,359)		211,271	37,364,278
Total capital assets, net	\$84,712,476	\$977,167			\$85,689,643

NOTE 4 - Capital Assets (Continued):

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$112,791
Public safety	363,651
Public works	1,809,092
Parks, beaches, and recreation	33,691
Internal Service Fund	638,491
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,957,716

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities as of June 30, 2020:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Transfer	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$4,014,412			4,014,412
Construction in progress	22,663,111	\$208,515	(\$22,663,111)	208,515
Total capital assets not being depreciated	26,677,523	208,515	(22,663,111)	4,222,927
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings & improvements	77,348,852	233,017		77,581,869
Collection system	20,207,228	1,088,456	22,663,111	43,958,795
Machinery and equipment	2,736,849	527,365		3,264,214
Total capital assets being depreciated	100,292,929	1,848,838	22,663,111	124,804,878
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	(53,151,117)	(4,952,210)		(58,103,327)
Collection system	(7,122,873)	(1,728,181)		(8,851,054)
Machinery & equipment	(1,578,969)	(226,891)		(1,805,860)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,852,959)	(6,907,282)		(68,760,241)
Depreciable capital assets, net	38,439,970	(5,058,444)	22,663,111	56,044,637
Total capital assets, net	\$65,117,493	(\$4,849,929)		\$60,267,564

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Debt:

The City generally incurs debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The City's debt issues and transactions related to both governmental and business-type activities are summarized below and discussed in detail subsequently.

Governmental Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020	Due within One Year
Certificates of Participation:					
2016 COP	\$14,680,000			\$14,680,000	\$480,000
Premium	2,067,825		(\$114,879)	1,952,946	
Sub-total COP	16,747,825		(114,879)	16,632,946	480,000
Capital Lease Payable (Direct borrowing):					
Energy retrofit lease	462,641		(125,707)	336,934	130,785
Pension Obligation Bonds: 2010 Pension obligation bond					
(88.622%)	7,936,101		(7,936,101)		
2019 Pension obligation refunding bond					
(88.622%)		\$8,583,041		8,583,041	
Total Governmental Activities	\$25,146,567	\$8,583,041	(\$8,176,687)	\$25,552,921	\$610,785

Business-type Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020	Due within One Year
Revenue bonds:					
2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding	\$6,740,000			\$6,740,000	
Net Premium	869,899		(\$118,622)	751,277	
2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds	22,100,000			22,100,000	
Net Premium	3,753,003		(163,172)	3,589,831	
Sub-total Revenue bonds:	33,462,902		(281,794)	33,181,108	
Pension Obligation bonds: 2010 Pension obligation bond (11.378%)	1,018,900		(1,018,900)		
2019 Pension obligation bond	.,0.0,000		(1,010,000)		
(11.378%)		\$1,101,959		1,101,959	
Notes payable (Direct Borrowing): State of California Water					
Resources Board	6,197,756		(2,065,919)	4,131,837	\$2,065,919
Loan and Installment Agreement	4,904,450		(275,561)	4,628,889	285,482
Total notes payable	11,102,206		(2,341,480)	8,760,726	2,351,401
Total Business-Type Activities:	\$45,584,008		(\$3,642,174)	\$43,043,793	\$2,351,401

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

A. Governmental Activities Debt

2016 Certificates of Participation: On October 5, 2016, the City of Pacifica issued Certificates of Participation (COP) in the amount of \$14,680,000 (par value) payable annually beginning January 1, 2021 and with interest rates ranging from 3.000% to 5.000%, payable each July 1 and January 1, beginning January 1, 2017. The COP matures on January 1, 2037. The purpose of the COP is to (i) prepay and defease certain outstanding certificates of participation which were executed and delivered in 2008 for the purpose of financing and refinancing various municipal improvements of the City, and (ii) pay certain costs of executing and delivering the Certificates

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred charge on refunding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$486,994 for the 2016 COP.

The Bonds are general obligations of the City, payable solely by the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City. No such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2016 Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$480,000	\$661,850	\$1,141,850
2022	725,000	637,850	1,362,850
2023	705,000	601,600	1,306,600
2024	760,000	566,350	1,326,350
2025 - 2029	4,130,000	2,245,000	6,375,000
2030 - 2034	4,755,000	1,159,800	5,914,800
2035 - 2037	3,125,000	198,000	3,323,000
Total	\$14,680,000	\$6,070,450	\$20,750,450

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

A. Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

Energy Retrofit Lease (Direct Borrowing): On November 1, 2012, the City entered into a lease/purchase agreement with Holman Capital Corporation for energy efficiency measures at various City owned buildings. The effective interest rate on the lease is 4.0% and lease payments are payable semiannually on November 15 and May 15, commencing May 15, 2013. The lease ends on November 15, 2022.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the Energy Retrofit Lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$130,785	\$12,183	\$142,968
2022	136,069	6,899	142,968
2023	70,080	1,402	71,482
Total	\$336,934	\$20,484	\$357,418

2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds: During May 2010, the City of Pacifica issued \$20,510,000 of Pension Obligation Bonds bearing interest between 1.425% and 6.899% and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing December 1, 2010. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030. These bonds were used to advance pay miscellaneous and safety employee pension obligations. Approximately 88.622% of the bond proceeds were allocated to governmental activities (including 1.71% to the Motor Pool internal service fund).

The 2010 bonds were fully defeased by the 2019 Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds in June 2020 and the liability has been removed from the statement of Net Position.

2019 Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds: During September 2019, the City of Pacifica issued \$9,685,000 of Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds bearing interest between 2.243% and 3.060% and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing June 1, 2020. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030. These bonds are being issued to refund in full the 2010 taxable pension obligation bonds currently outstanding the principle amount of \$8,995,000 and pay costs of issuance of the bonds. Approximately 88.622% of the bond proceeds were allocated to governmental activities (including 1.71% to the Motor Pool internal service fund).

The refunding resulted in an overall debt service savings of \$1,682,466. The net present value of the debt service savings is called an economic gain and amounted to \$1,644,087.

The Bonds are general obligations of the City, payable solely by the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City. No such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

A. Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2020 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (governmental portion) are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total

2021		\$231,426	\$231,426
2022	\$735,563	231,426	966,989
2023	788,736	214,927	1,003,663
2024	841,909	197,038	1,038,947
2025	899,513	177,102	1,076,615
2026 - 2029	4,244,994	449,072	4,694,066
2030	1,072,326	32,813	1,105,139
Total	\$8,583,041	\$1,533,803	\$10,116,844

B. Business Type Activities Debt

Loan and Installment Agreement (Direct Borrowing): On August 27, 2012, the City of Pacifica entered into a loan and installment agreement with the City of Pacifica Financing Authority in the amount of \$6,402,594 payable annually beginning July 1, 2013 at an interest rate of 3.6%, payable each July 1 and January 1, beginning January 1, 2013. The agreement matures on July 1, 2032. The purpose of this agreement is to (i) fund an escrow to cause the mandatory tender of the outstanding 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds (ii) provide funds relating to the Equalization Basin Project, the Collection System Capacity Improvement Projects, and the Collection System Repair, Rehabilitation, and Replacement Projects, (iii) fund certain costs relating to the defeasance of the 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds, (iv) fund or provide for satisfaction of the Reserve Fund Requirement, and (vi) pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution of the Loan and Installment Sale.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred charge on refunding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$204,217 for the Loan and Installment Sale.

The defeased 2001B Wastewater Revenue Bonds have been paid off. Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the Loan and Installment Agreement are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$285,481	\$161,501	\$446,982
2022	295,759	151,039	446,798
2023	306,407	140,200	446,607
2024	317,437	128,970	446,407
2025 - 2029	1,767,099	461,747	2,228,846
2030 - 2033	1,656,706	121,921	1,778,627
Total	\$4,628,889	\$1,165,378	\$5,794,267

B. Business Type Activities Debt (Continued)

2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds: During May 2010, the City of Pacifica issued \$20,510,000 of Pension Obligation Bonds bearing interest between 1.425% and 6.899% and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing December 1, 2010. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030. These bonds were used to advance pay miscellaneous and safety employee pension obligations. Approximately 11.378% of the bond proceeds were allocated to business-type activities.

The 2010 bonds were fully defeased by the 2019 Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds in June 2020 and the liability has been removed from the statement of Net Position.

2019 Taxable Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds: During September 2019, the City of Pacifica issued \$9,685,000 of Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds bearing interest between 2.243% and 3.060% and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing June 1, 2020. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030. These bonds are being issued to refund in full the 2010 taxable pension obligation bonds currently outstanding the principle amount of \$8,995,000 and pay costs of issuance of the bonds. Approximately 11.378% of the bond proceeds were allocated to business-type activities.

The Bonds are general obligations of the City, payable solely by the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City. No such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2020 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (business portion) are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2021		\$29,712	\$29,712
2022	\$94,437	29,712	124,149
2023	101,264	27,594	128,858
2024	108,091	25,297	133,388
2025	115,487	22,738	138,225
2026 - 2029	545,006	57,656	602,662
2030	137,674	4,213	141,887
Total	\$1,101,959	\$196,922	\$1,298,881

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

<u>State of California Water Resource Control Board Loan (Direct Borrowing)</u>: On February 20, 1997, the State of California Water Resource Control Board entered into an agreement to loan to the City \$41,304,818 for the construction of a new wastewater treatment facility.

No interest is charged on the loan. Principal payments are due each July 31, with the final payment due July 31, 2021.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the State of California Water Resource Control Board Loan are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Total
2021	\$2,065,919	\$2,065,919
2022	2,065,918	2,065,918
Total	\$4,131,837	\$4,131,837

2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds: In November 2014, the City issued \$6,470,000 in 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds (2014 bonds) with interest rates ranging from 5% to 5.25%. The proceeds were used to advance refund the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Net proceeds of \$9.3 million (including a \$1.4 million premium and other city funds) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed. The reacquisition price totaled to the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds.

Interests on the 2014 bonds are payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year, commenced April 1, 2015. Principal payments which are due each October 1 will commence on October 1, 2022, with the last payment due on October 1, 2026. The bonds are paid from and secured by the net revenues of the wastewater collection system of the City.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred charge on refunding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$45,727 for the Refunding Bonds.

The Bonds are general obligations of the City, payable solely by the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City. No such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

B. Business Type Activities Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2021		\$337,000	\$337,000
2022		337,000	337,000
2023	\$1,520,000	299,000	1,819,000
2024	1,595,000	221,125	1,816,125
2025 - 2029	3,625,000	197,875	3,822,875
Total	\$6,740,000	\$1,392,000	\$8,132,000

2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds: In June 2017, the City issued \$22,100,000 in 2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds (2017 bonds) at an interest rate of 5%. The proceeds were used to fund the acquisition, construction, and installation of certain improvements to the Wastewater system.

Net proceeds of \$26.2 million (including a \$4 million premium and other city funds) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds.

Interests on the 2017 bonds are payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year, commenced October 1, 2017. Principal payments which are due each October 1 will commence on October 1, 2022, with the last payment due on October 1, 2042. The bonds are paid from and secured by the net revenues of the wastewater collection system of the City.

The Bonds are general obligations of the City, payable solely by the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City. No such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2021		\$1,061,600	\$1,061,600
2022		1,061,600	1,061,600
2023	\$625,000	1,045,975	1,670,975
2024	655,000	1,013,975	1,668,975
2025 - 2029	3,815,000	4,529,875	8,344,875
2030 - 2034	4,895,000	3,456,575	8,351,575
2035 - 2039	6,055,000	2,289,375	8,344,375
2040 - 2043	6,055,000	624,625	6,679,625
Total	\$22,100,000	\$15,083,600	\$37,183,600

NOTE 6 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the CalPERS medical program. Employees in the following bargaining groups who retire from the City and receive a CalPERS pension are eligible to receive City contributions towards the costs of their (OPEB) coverage:

- Department Directors
- Battalion Chiefs
- Firefighters
- Management Unit
- Police Officers
- Police Supervisors
- Police Management
- Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Miscellaneous Employees

In general, employees in the above groups may choose to receive their medical benefits from Union Trust Plans (except Public Safety – Firefighters and Police) or enroll in any of the CalPERS medical plans. For the retirees who do not participate in the CalPERS medical programs, the City does not make a contribution toward the cost of postemployment healthcare benefits. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 75.

B. Funding Policy

Under its arrangement with the CalPERS medical program, the City contributes the minimum amount provided under Government Code Section 22825 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act. Retirees must contribute any premium amounts in excess of the City contribution.

Retired Department Directors, retired Management Unit employees, unrepresented managers, and confidential employees receive an additional \$100 monthly benefit.

The City's policy is to contribute an amount sufficient to pay the current year's minimum employer contribution only.

Employees Covered

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Total	324
receiving benefit payments	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	93
Inactive employees receiving benefit payments	61
Active employees	170

NOTE 6 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

C. Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumption	June 30, 2019 Measurement Date
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Contribution Policy	No pre-funding
Discount Rate	*3.50% at June 30, 2019 *3.87% at June 30, 2018
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Aggregate Payroll Increase	3.00% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2018

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87%.

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB Liability follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2019:	
(Measurement date 6/30/18)	\$5,819,948
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:	
Service cost	328,277
Interest	234,697
Benefit changes	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions	345,836
Contributions from the employer	-
Benefit payments	(167,371)
Net changes	741,439
Balance as of June 30, 2020:	
(Measurement date 6/30/19)	\$6,561,387

NOTE 6 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

E. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

to 3.75% in 2021)

\$5,596,327

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)

_			
	Discount Rate -1%	Current Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%
	(2.50 %)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
	\$7,660,292	\$6,561,387	\$5,688,587

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

to 4.75% in 2021)

\$6,561,387

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)			
1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase	
(5.25% Pre-Med/	(6.25% Pre-Med/	(7.25% Pre-Med/	
5.45% Post-Med decreasing	6.45% Post-Med decreasing	7.45% Post-Med decreasing	

to 5.75% in 2021)

\$7,810,278

NOTE 6 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

F. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB Expense of \$373,670. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Differences between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions	Total	\$185,514 *	\$369,739 617,406 \$987,145

^{*} Include \$132,883 cash benefit payments, \$1,348 administrative costs and \$51,283 implied subsidy benefit payments.

\$185,514 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Annual
Ended June 30	Amortization
2021	(\$190,363)
2022	(190,363)
2023	(190,363)
2024	(190,363)
2025	(36,911)
Thereafter	105,437
Total	(\$692,926)

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans:

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

The City has pension plans with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) and the California Public Employees Retirement System (PARS). Information about the pension plans follows.

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's defined benefit pension plans as follows:

- Miscellaneous (agent multiple-employer plan)
- Safety Police (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)
- Pepra Safety Police (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)
- Safety Fire (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)
- Pepra Safety Fire (cost-sharing multiple-employer plan)

These plans are administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported the following amounts related to the pension plans:

	Miscellaneous Plan	Safety Plan		
	Agent-Multiple	Cost-Sharing	PARS REP	Total
Net pension liabilities	\$18,754,616	\$34,744,594	\$1,726,866	\$55,226,076
Deferred outflows of resources	3,017,226	8,683,217	76,491	11,776,934
Deferred inflows of resources	557,650	1,680,014		2,237,664
Employer Contributions	2,217,115	2,002,059	96,419	4,315,593

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

B. Miscellaneous Plan

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55
	2% @ 60
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2-2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.689%
Required employer contribution rates	23.198%

The Following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018 and measurement date of June 30, 2019.

	Miscellaneous
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	183
Inactive employees entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	173
Active employees	123
Total	479

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers to be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

B. Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous Plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2018 Measurement Date	\$98,732,582	\$82,229,048	\$16,503,534
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	1,756,360		1,756,360
Interest on the total pension liability	7,042,527		7,042,527
Changes of Benefit Terms			
Changes of assumptions			
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	1,371,619		1,371,619
Net plan to plan resource movement			
Contributions - employer		1,896,427	(1,896,427)
Contributions - employees		733,521	(733,521)
Net investment income		5,347,965	(5,347,965)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(4,971,021)	(4,971,021)	
Administrative expense		(58,680)	58,680
Other miscellaneous income/(expense)		191	(191)
Net changes	5,199,485	2,948,403	2,251,082
Balance at June 30, 2019 Measurement Date	\$103,932,067	\$85,177,451	\$18,754,616

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$32,183,104
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$18,754,616
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$7,617,076

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued)

B. Miscellaneous Plan (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,129,606. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$2,217,115	
Differences between actual and expected experience	800,111	(\$67,979)
Changes in assumptions		(123,189)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		
plan investments		(366,482)
Total	\$3,017,226	(\$557,650)

\$2,217,115 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2020	\$733,628
2021	(461,015)
2022	(117,420)
2023	87,268
	\$242,461

Contributions, Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 7E below.

C. Safety Plan

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.15% used for the June 30, 2019 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

C. Safety Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Safety-Police	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2-2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	8.989%	12.000%
Required employer contribution rates	21.927%	13.034%

	Safety-Fire	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.4-3%	2-2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	8.986%	12.000%
Required employer contribution rates	20.073%	13.034%

Contributions, actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 7E below.

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Safety Plan as \$34,744,594.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

C. Safety Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Safety Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Safety	
1% Decrease	6.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$51,984,409	
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$34,744,594	
1% Increase	8.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$20,610,646	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows or resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.010%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.557%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.547%

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

C. Safety Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$542,764. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	Safety	
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$2,002,059	
Differences between actual and expected experience	2,268,509	
Changes in assumptions	1,424,120	(\$277,916)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		(477,971)
Differences between actual		(,- ,-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,085,945	(746,177)
Change in proportion	902,584	(177,950)
Total	\$8,683,217	(\$1,680,014)

\$2,002,059 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual	
June 30	Amortization	
2021	\$3,066,760	
2022	738,658	
2023	1,102,728	
2024	92,998	
	\$5,001,144	

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

D. PARS Plan

Plan Description – The PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP) was implemented July 1, 2003 and closed to new participants hired after January 1, 2012. Eligibility to participate in REP is for the following positions: City Attorney, Administrative Services Director, non-safety Department Director or non-safety management employee of the City on or after July 1, 2003. Participants receiving the benefits are non-safety Management Group Employees. This plan is separate from CalPERS and is established as a 401(a) Defined Benefit Plan. The REP is administered by PARS.

The REP provides a benefit equal to 0.5% of final average compensation for City management service earned after plan inception (July 1, 2003). In addition, any City employee in a covered management position as of the date of plan inception will receive up to an additional 10 years of service for any City service (management or non-management) prior to July 1, 2003.

Eligibility for an immediate benefit is defined as reaching age 55, completing five years of full-time City management service, and retiring concurrently from both the City and CalPERS after leaving City employment.

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2020 the following employees covered by the benefit terms of the plan.

	REP
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive employees entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	6
Total	26

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

D. PARS Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – The net pension liability of the REP is measured as of June 30, 2019, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2019 Measurement Date	\$3,825,106	\$2,314,101	\$1,511,005
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	35,933		35,933
Interest on the total pension liability	253,625		253,625
Contribution - employer		96,419	(96,419)
Net investment income		65,576	(65,576)
Effect of plan changes	12,653		12,653
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	57,961		57,961
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	8,541		8,541
Administrative expenses		(9,143)	9,143
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(210,707)	(210,707)	
Net changes	158,006	(57,855)	215,861
Balance at June 30, 2020 Measurement Date	\$3,983,112	\$2,256,246	\$1,726,866

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the PARS Plan, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	REP
1% Decrease	5.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$2,176,509
0 15: 15:	0.750/
Current Discount Rate	6.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$1,726,866
1% Increase	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$1,348,504

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

D. PARS Plan (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$174,407. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	REP
	Deferred Outflows
	of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	
Changes in assumptions	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	
plan investments	\$76,491
Total	\$76,491

The REP Measurement Date is the same as the fiscal year end date, therefore, the fiscal year 2020 contribution of \$96,419 was recognized as part of the pension expense during the year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2021	\$17,025
2022	22,224
2023	19,938
2024	17,304
	\$76,491

Contributions, Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 7E below.

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the cost-sharing plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability in the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans were \$1,170,204 and \$2,112,888 respectively.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

Contributions – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for each Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and the that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for all plans in the PERF. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each Plan.

PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP) - The City makes all contributions necessary to fund the benefits available under the REP. Employees are not permitted to make any contributions.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability. The June 30, 2017 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

CalPERS	PARS REP
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020
Entry-Age Normal in accordance v	with the requirements of GASB 68
7.15%	6.75%
2.50%	2.50%
3.0%	3.4%
	Consistent with the rates used to value the Miscellaneous Agency CalPERS Pension Plans (Entry Age
Varied by Entry Age and Service	30).
7.15% (1)	6.75% Pre-retirement: Consistent with the Non-Industrial rates used to value Miscellaneous Agency CalPERS Pension Plans after June 30, 2017. Post-retirement: Consistent with the Non-Industrial rates used to value
Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds (2) Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter	Miscellaneous Agency CalPERS Pension Plans after June 30, 2017. Retirement rates of 30% per year starting at age 50 with required years of service. 100% retirement is assumed as age 70.
	June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019 Entry-Age Normal in accordance of the second

⁽¹⁾ Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

California Public Employees Retirement System Plans (CalPERS)

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

⁽²⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for each Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members for all plans in the PERF. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class (a)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(b)	Real Return Years 11+(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

- (a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 7 - Pension Plans (Continued):

E. Information Common to the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Plans (Continued)

Pension Liability - In December 2016, CalPERS' Board of Directors voted to lower the discount rate from 7.5% to 7.0% over the next three fiscal years, beginning in fiscal year 2019. The change in the discount rate will affect the contribution rates beginning in fiscal year 2019 and result in increases to the normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities.

PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan (REP)

The REP's range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation as follows:

		Long-term
		Expected
	Target	Arithmetic Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	3.71%	-0.22%
Core Fixed Income	46.08%	0.92%
Broad US Equities	39.59%	4.82%
Developed Foreign Equities	6.22%	6.32%
Emerging Market Equities	3.48%	8.35%
US REITs	0.92%	5.32%
Total	100%	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position with CalPERS and PARS are available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report with CalPERS and City of Pacifica respectively.

NOTE 8 - Risk Management:

A. Workers' Compensation

The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California, which pools risks under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with 31 other cities and governmental agencies. The City has no workers' compensation deductible for claims and the Authority covers claims up to \$500,000. The Authority purchases excess insurance from \$500,000 to the statutory limit. The City paid premiums of \$1,291,501 during fiscal year end June 30, 2020 for workers' compensation and excess workers' compensation coverage.

The Authority is governed by a Board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the Authority, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board.

The City's deposits with the Authority are in accordance with formulas established by the Authority. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Audited financial statements can be obtained from Municipal Pooling Authority, 1911 San Miguel Drive #100, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

B. General Liability

On July 1, 1986, the City became a member of the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) Pooled Liability Assurance Network (PLAN). PLAN is a not-for-profit organization established to provide certain levels of liability insurance coverage, claims and risk management services, and legal defense to thirty- one San Francisco Bay Area cities. PLAN is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of officials appointed by each participating member and is administered by the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG). Complete financial statements for ABAG PLAN may be obtained from their offices at the following address: ABAG PLAN Corporation, Finance Department, 375 Beale Street, Ste 700, San Francisco, CA 94105-2066.

The City paid premiums of \$852,951 during fiscal year end June 30, 2020 for general liability and property coverage in excess of the City's self-insured retention. Members may receive rebates when declared by ABAG or, in the event excess liability claims against ABAG exceed available resources, may be required to make additional contributions.

The City is self-insured for the first \$50,000 of general and property liability for each occurrence, and the excess (up to \$10,000,000 for each occurrence and annual aggregate) is covered through the City's participation in the ABAG PLAN.

NOTE 8 - Risk Management (Continued):

C. Dental

On July 1, 1988, the City established a program of self-insurance with respect to Employee's Dental Insurance, in accordance with the provisions of a Memorandum of Understanding between the City and all full-time employees. This program is administered by Preferred Benefit Insurance Administrators and provides claims review and processing. The maximum benefit per employee per plan year varies between \$1,500 and \$2,000; the maximum benefit per dependent per plan year is also between \$1,500 and \$2,000.

The City maintains an internal service fund to account for these insurance programs. Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Changes in the total reported liability resulted from the following:

	Fiscal Year end	Fiscal Year ended in June 30,		
	2019	2020		
July 1 Liability	\$137,898	\$156,418		
Claims & change in estimate	377,230	650,860		
Payments for claims	(358,710)	(590,870)		
June 30 Liability	\$156,418	\$216,408		

NOTE 9 - Interfund Transactions:

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/interfund payables (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as interfund receivables or interfund payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

A. Due To/From Other Funds

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business, to fund projects until the borrowing fund receives revenues to repay the lending fund and to assist funds with negative cash balance at the fiscal year end. The following is a summary of Interfund balances as of June 30, 2020:

Funds	Due from other funds	Due to other funds
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$190,227	
Debt Service Fund		\$110,869
Non-Major Governmental Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Gas Tax		79,408
Total	\$190,227	\$190,277

B. Transfers

Transfers report the nonreciprocal contribution of resources from one fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made expenditures on behalf of another fund. Less often a transfer may be made to open or close a fund. The principal purpose of the City's interfund transfers as shown below was for operational support to other funds.

C. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 9 - Interfund Transactions (Continued):

The following is a summary of transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

Funds	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$989,333	\$958,873
Disaster Accounting Fund	162,324	
General Capital Improvement Fund	773,000	
Debt Service Fund	661,850	
Major Enterprise Funds:		
Sewer Utility Fund	1,348,458	1,503,325
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Gas Tax Fund		1,081,096
NPDES Stormwater Special Revenue Fund	140,038	
Parks and Playfields Capital Projects Fund		125,000
Street Construction Special Revenue Fund	600,000	926,252
Davies Trust Special Revenue Fund	125,000	
Frontierland Remediation Capital Projects Fund		250,000
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:		
Beach Parking Fund	74,867	
Internal Service Funds:		
Self Insurance Fund	132,000	162,324
Total	\$5,006,870	\$5,006,870

D. Advances

At June 30, 2020, the funds below had made advances that are not expected to be repaid within the next year. These long-term interfund advances are expected to be repaid out of future fees.

Advances from Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund to General Fund \$1,449,938 as of June 30, 2020

• Per the repayment plan approved by the Pacifica City Council on June 23, 2014, and revised on June 24, 2019, repayment of this advance began in 2017-18 and conclude in 2023-24.

Advances from General Fund to NPDES Special Revenue Fund \$75,000 as of June 30, 2020

A repayment plan will be addressed in the 2020-21 fiscal year.

Advances from Street Construction Special Revenue Fund to General Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund \$1,849,619 as of June 30, 2020

• A repayment plan will be addressed in the 2020-21 fiscal year.

NOTE 10 - Loan Receivable from Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund:

Prior to the dissolution of the former redevelopment agency, the General Fund had loaned money to the former Redevelopment Agency Rockaway Beach Fund to carry out redevelopment activities. As a result of the dissolution, the loan receivable is now recorded as a loan receivable from the Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund. Interest accrues on the original advance at the current Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate and effective September 22, 2015, calculated at a simple interest rate of 3%. At June 30, 2020, outstanding loans totaled \$3,676,329 (\$1,963,440 in principal and \$1,712,889 in accrued interest).

NOTE 11 - Net Position and Fund Balances:

A. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 adds the concept of net position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

Net position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34 and 63. These captions apply only to net position as determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of net position, which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include capital projects, revolving loan programs, and other various grant programs.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted resources are depleted first before the unrestricted resources are used.

B. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

NOTE 11 - Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued):

B. Fund Balances (Continued)

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City ordinance (City Manager).

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 11 - Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued):

B. Fund Balances (Continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	General Fund	Disaster Accounting Fund	General Capital Improvement Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$30,288					\$30,288
Inventory	1,869					1,869
Loan receivable	3,676,329					3,676,329
Advances	75,000					75,000
Subtotal	3,783,486					3,783,486
Restricted for:						
Supplemental						
law enforcement					\$312,858	312,858
Trust Activities					3,302,273	3,302,273
Catastrophic events		\$2,967,577				2,967,577
Streets and roads					5,140,560	5,140,560
Housing					264,826	264,826
Parking					115,838	115,838
Debt services				\$233,296		233,296
Stormwater operations					184,637	184,637
Capital projects			\$3,565,516		3,645,076	7,210,592
Subtotal		2,967,577	3,565,516	233,296	12,966,068	19,732,457
Assigned for:						
Fund Balance Reserve	3,410,319					3,410,319
Facility Main & Replace Reserve	205,000					205,000
Compensated Absences Reserve	129,000					129,000
Child Care Reserve	948,868					948,868
Subtotal	4,693,187					4,693,187
Unassigned	8,026,175					8,026,175
Total	\$16,502,848	\$2,967,577	\$3,565,516	\$233,296	\$12,966,068	\$36,235,305

NOTE 12 - Contingencies:

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - Successor Agency to Former Redevelopment Agency Activities:

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Pacifica that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit. On January 23, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 01-2012.

Long Range Property Management Plan – On December 10, 2015 the Successor Agency received confirmation from the California Department of Finance that it had reviewed and approved the Successor Agency's Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP).

Loan Payable to the City – Please see Note 10.

Long-term Debt – Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Balance July 01, 2019	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020	Due in One Year
Loan payable to City	\$3,742,926	(\$66,597)	\$3,676,329	
2004 Tax allocation bonds	1,140,000	(60,000)	1,080,000	\$65,000
Total	\$4,882,926	(\$126,597)	\$4,756,329	\$65,000

2004 Tax Allocation Bonds: In August 2004, the former Redevelopment Agency (Agency) issued \$1,725,000 in Rockaway Beach Redevelopment Project 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds at interest rates ranging from 2.9% to 5.75%. The net proceeds of the bonds were issued to refinance redevelopment activities by repaying a portion of the loan made by the City to the Agency and to establish a reserve fund. Interest on the bonds will be payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 each year, commencing January 1, 2005. The bonds mature on July 1, 2031. The bonds are payable exclusively from pledged tax revenues to be derived from the project area and from the amounts on deposits in certain funds and accounts, including the reserve account and the revenue account.

The Bonds are general obligations of the Agency payable by the Agency. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the Agency to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the Agency to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the Agency; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the Agency. No such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

NOTE 13 – Successor Agency to Former Redevelopment Agency Activities:

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal year ended	Principal Interest		Total
2021	\$65,000	\$60,040	\$125,040
2022	70,000	56,217	126,217
2023	75,000	52,084	127,084
2024	75,000	47,809	122,809
2025 - 2029	450,000	166,731	616,731
2030 - 2032	345,000	30,331	375,331
Total	\$1,080,000	\$413,212	\$1,493,212

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

A. Bargaining Unit

The action filed against the City by the Pacifica Fire Fighters Association to determine the enforceability of Measure F has been decided in favor of the City. The Association is appealing the decision.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

			Miscellaneous			
	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$1,445,205	\$1,427,162	\$1,495,380	\$1,631,204	\$1,716,353	\$1,756,360
Interest	5,862,583	6,123,624	6,346,516	6,501,283	6,687,032	7,042,527
Differences between expected and actual experience		(328,078)	(755,420)	(1,136,322)	(407,869)	1,371,619
Changes in assumptions		(1,478,509)		5,308,829	(739,131)	
Changes in benefits						
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(2.440.750)	(2.704.202)	(4.047.000)	(4.405.000)	(4.075.000)	(4.074.004)
contributions	(3,440,758)	(3,784,383)	(4,047,332)	(4,185,238)	(4,675,098)	(4,971,021)
Net change in total pension liability	3,867,030	1,959,816	3,039,144	8,119,756	2,581,287	5,199,485
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	79,165,549 \$83,032,579	83,032,579	84,992,395	88,031,539 \$96,151,295	96,151,295 98,732,582	98,732,582
rotal perision liability - ending (a)	\$65,032,579	\$84,992,395	\$88,031,539	\$90,131,293	90,732,302	103,932,067
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$993,077	\$1,081,227	\$1,256,738	\$1,459,527	\$1,571,937	\$1,896,427
Contributions - employee	\$622,734	622,660	685,119	711,067	749,462	733,521
Net investment income	\$11,283,773	1,641,405	382,638	7,967,324	6,524,986	5,347,965
Administrative expense		(83,654)	(45,303)	(107,140)	(122,188)	(58,680)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(3,440,758)	(3,784,383)	(4,047,332)	(4,185,238)	(4,675,098)	(4,971,021)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement					(191)	
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)					(232,037)	191
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	9,458,826	(522,745)	(1,768,140)	5,845,540	3,816,871	2,948,403
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	65,398,696	74,857,522	74,334,777	72,566,637	78,412,177	82,229,048
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$74,857,522	\$74,334,777	\$72,566,637	\$78,412,177	82,229,048	85,177,451
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$8,175,057	\$10,657,618	\$15,464,902	\$17,739,118	\$16,503,534	\$18,754,616
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability	90.15%	87.46%	82.43%	81.55%	83.28%	81.95%
Covered payroll	\$7,982,929	\$8,049,221	\$8,463,442	\$9,007,097	\$9,138,180	\$9,754,931
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	102.41%	132.41%	182.73%	196.95%	180.60%	192.26%
ponoson mazimi, ao ponosinago di dovorda payron	.02.4170	.32.4170	.32.7070	.50.0070	.50.0070	.52.2070

Notes to Schedule:

<u>Benefit changes</u> - The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> - In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016 and 2018, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

Schedule of Contributions

			Miscellaneous		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$1,081,226	\$1,256,739	\$1,454,468	\$1,571,900	\$1,896,427
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	(1,081,226)	(1,256,739)	(1,454,468)	(1,571,900)	(1,896,427)
Covered payroll	\$8,049,221	\$8,463,442	\$9,007,097	\$9,138,180	\$9,754,931
payroll	13.43%	14.85%	16.15%	17.20%	19.44%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2020				
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$2,217,115				
actuarially determined contributions	(2,217,115)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$0</u>				
Covered payroll	\$11,058,613				
payroll	20.05%				
Notes to Schedule					
Valuation date:	6/30/2018				

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Inflation 2.75% for 2015 to 2019, and 2.875% for 2020

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50% for 2015 to 2018, 7.375% for 2019, and 7.25% for 2020, net of

pension plan investment expense and administrative expenses,

includes inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the CalPERS experience

study.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the CalPERS Experience

Study. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries for 2015 to 2018. For 2019 and 2020, pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Safety Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF THE MEASUREMENT DATE

			Safety Plan		
Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.50100%	0.54700%	0.00000%	0.52919%	0.54700%
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$18,808,357	\$20,914,148	\$27,461,120	\$31,620,401	\$32,079,854
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$6,019,600	\$5,843,663	\$5,928,087	\$6,058,030	\$5,988,447
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	312.45%	357.89%	463.24%	521.96%	521.96%
of the Total Pension Liability	79.82%	78.40%	74.06%	73.31%	75.26%
Measurement Date	6/30/2019				
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.55658%				
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$34,744,594				
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$6,575,368				
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	535.70%				
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.26%				

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

			Safety Plan		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$1,437,730	\$1,364,845	\$2,158,037	\$2,398,015	\$2,830,926
determined contributions	(1,437,730)	(1,364,845)	(2,158,037)	(2,398,015)	(2,830,926)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$5,843,663	\$5,928,087	\$6,058,030	\$5,988,447	\$6,575,368
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.60%	23.02%	35.62%	40.04%	43.05%
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2020				
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$2,002,059				
determined contributions	(2,002,059)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$0</u>				
Covered payroll	\$4,398,589				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	45.52%				

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

PARS REP Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

			PARS			
	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020
Total Pension Liability					·	
Service Cost	\$97,626	\$55,073	\$56,725	\$47,461	\$48,885	\$35,933
Interest	218,058	228,048	238,515	244,298	247,550	253,625
Differences between expected and actual experience						12,653
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(136,732)		(78,177)		57,961
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		143,356	196,706			8,541
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(126 107)	(144 702)	(140.271)	(157 202)	(176 705)	(210 707)
Net change in total pension liability	(126,197) 189,487	(144,782) 144,963	(149,371) 342,575	(157,202) 56.380	(176,795) 119.640	(210,707) 158,006
Total pension liability - beginning	2,972,061	3,161,548	3,306,511	3,649,086	3,705,466	3,825,106
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$3,161,548	\$3,306,511	\$3,649,086	\$3,705,466	\$3,825,106	\$3,983,112
rotal policion hability offamily (a)	φο, το τ,ο το	φο,σσσ,σ τ τ	φο,ο το,οσο	φο, ι σο, ισο	φο,ο2ο,100	ψο,οσο,112
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$159,573	\$127,848	\$123,391	\$121,576	\$98,849	\$96,419
Net investment income	44,261	7,840	172,456	133,898	136,800	65,576
Investment expense	(8,227)					
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(126,197)	(144,782)	(149,371)	(157,202)	(176,795)	(210,707)
Administrative expenses	(8,448)	(9,150)	(8,664)	(9,009)	(9,066)	(9,143)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	60,962	(18,244)	137,812	89,263	49,788	(57,855)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,994,520	2,055,482	2,037,238	2,175,050	2,264,313	2,314,101
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$2,055,482	\$2,037,238	\$2,175,050	\$2,264,313	\$2,314,101	\$2,256,246
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$1,106,066	\$1,269,273	\$1,474,036	\$1,441,153	\$1,511,005	\$1,726,866
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability	65.02%	61.61%	59.61%	61.11%	60.50%	56.65%
Covered payroll	\$1,485,442	\$1,530,005	\$1,303,994	\$1,351,614	\$988,068	\$1,015,240
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	74.46%	82.96%	113.04%	106.62%	152.93%	170.09%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes - The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the actuarial valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

 $\underline{\textbf{Changes in assumptions}}$ - There were no changes in assumptions.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

PARS Retirement Enhance Plan (REP) Defined Benefit Pension Single Employer Plan Last 10 Years* Schedule of Contributions

			PARS		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$220,169	\$127,848	\$127,848	\$121,576	\$98,849
actuarially determined contributions	(220,169)	(127,848)	(127,848)	(121,576)	(98,849)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$1,485,442	\$1,530,005	\$1,303,994	\$1,351,614	\$988,068
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	14.82%	8.36%	9.80%	8.99%	10.00%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2017
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2020				
Actuarially determined contribution actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$96,419 (96,419) \$0				
Covered payroll	\$1,015,240				
of covered payroll	9.50%				
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2018				

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level dollar of payroll, closed Remaining amortization period 15 years as of June 30, 2017

Asset valuation method None Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Consistent with the rates used to value the Miscellaneous Agency CalPERS Pension Plans (Entry Age 30)

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement Retirement rates of 30% per year starting at age 55 with required years of service.

Mortality Consistent with the Non-Industrial rates used to value the

Miscellaneous CalPERS Pension Plans.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Single Employer Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

Last 10 fiscal years*

Measurement Date	6/30/19	6/30/20
Total OPEB Liability (1)		
Service Cost	\$303,274	\$328,277
Interest	233,437	234,697
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(527,075)	
Changes of assumptions	(320,279)	345,836
Benefit payments	(173,450)	(167,371)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(484,093)	741,439
Total OPEB liability - beginning	6,304,041	5,819,948
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$5,819,948	\$6,561,387
Covered payroll	\$18,617,151	\$16,078,058
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	31.3%	40.8%

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes:				
Property Sales Franchise Other	\$13,118,838 1,748,861 2,511,332 4,225,828	\$13,318,838 1,748,861 2,627,332 4,555,320	\$13,759,713 1,647,467 2,570,334 4,346,013	\$440,875 (101,394) (56,998) (209,307)
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property	723,888 163,487 215,526	723,888 163,487 218,526	946,618 181,883 229,950	222,730 18,396 11,424
Intergovernmental Charges for current services Recreation programs Other	5,740,087 3,039,820 910,000 2,170,330	5,171,927 3,039,820 899,200 2,364,230	6,247,086 2,338,945 494,937 1,854,433	1,075,159 (700,875) (404,263) (509,797)
Total revenues	34,567,997	34,831,429	34,617,379	(214,050)
Expenditures: Current General Government:				
City Council City Manager Human Resources City Attorney Finance	163,136 1,404,916 731,285 553,706 1,775,055	163,136 1,404,916 731,285 628,706 1,775,055	173,031 1,010,449 805,301 819,194 1,723,847	(9,895) 394,467 (74,016) (190,488) 51,208
Non-departmental Total General Government	<u>875,727</u> 5,503,825	<u>885,967</u> 5,589,065	1,096,104 5,627,926	(210,137)
Public Safety: Police Fire	10,203,509 6,504,274	10,203,509 6,504,274	10,042,913 6,243,265	160,596 261,009
Total Public Safety	16,707,783	16,707,783	16,286,178	421,605
Community development: Planning Code enforcement	3,558,182	3,558,182	2,575,059	983,123
Total Community Development	3,558,182	3,558,182	2,575,059	983,123
Public Works: Engineering Services Street and traffic maintenance Building maintenance and improvement Fishing pier/rest stop maintenance City parks and playfields	1,024,866 1,304,716 496,855 220,444 910,903	1,051,162 1,374,716 529,854 227,294 1,060,903	980,116 1,127,267 477,977 176,394 861,042	71,046 247,449 51,877 50,900 199,861
Total Public Works	3,957,784	4,243,929	3,622,796	621,133

(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures Current:				
Parks, Beaches, and Recreation:				
Parks, beaches, and recreation	\$302,867	\$302,867	\$386,032	(\$83,165)
Community center programs	229,828	229,828	227,493	2,335
Cultural arts	4,544	4,544	1,140	3,404
Elementary age recreation	205,659	208,917	176,873	32,044
Teens and j-teens recreation Adult sports	90,650 450	90,650 450	65,859 45	24,791 405
Senior	230,625	230,625	209,005	21,620
Instructional class	138,404	138,404	124,334	14,070
Recreation swimming	419,868	419,868	343,550	76,318
Swim Team	157,886	157,886	139,489	18,397
Special community recreation	99,500	99,500	93,345	6,155
Special projects	3,239,658	3,239,658	3,099,406	140,252
Total Parks, Beaches and Recreation	5,119,939	5,123,197	4,866,571	256,626
Capital Outlay	245,600	260,419	125,543	134,876
Total Expenditures	35,093,113	35,482,575	33,104,073	2,378,502
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(525,116)	(651,146)	1,513,306	2,164,452
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	733,008	733,008	989,333	256,325
Transfers (out)	(925,873)	(958,873)	(958,873)	,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(192,865)	(225,865)	30,460	256,325
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$717,981)	(\$877,011)	1,543,766	\$2,420,777
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			14,959,082	
Fund Balance at End of Year		<u>-</u>	\$16,502,848	

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DISASTER ACCOUNTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes		\$954,525	\$954,525
Use of money and property		17,418	17,418
Other		1,783,181	1,783,181
Total revenues		2,755,124	2,755,124
Expenditures:			
Current			
Public Safety		1,156	(1,156)
Capital outlay	\$429,362	283,571	145,791
Total expenditures	429,362	284,727	144,635
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(429,362)	2,470,397	2,610,489
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in		162,324	162,324
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(429,362)	162,324	162,324
Net change in fund balance	(\$429,362)	2,632,721	\$2,772,813
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	_	334,856	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	_	\$2,967,577	

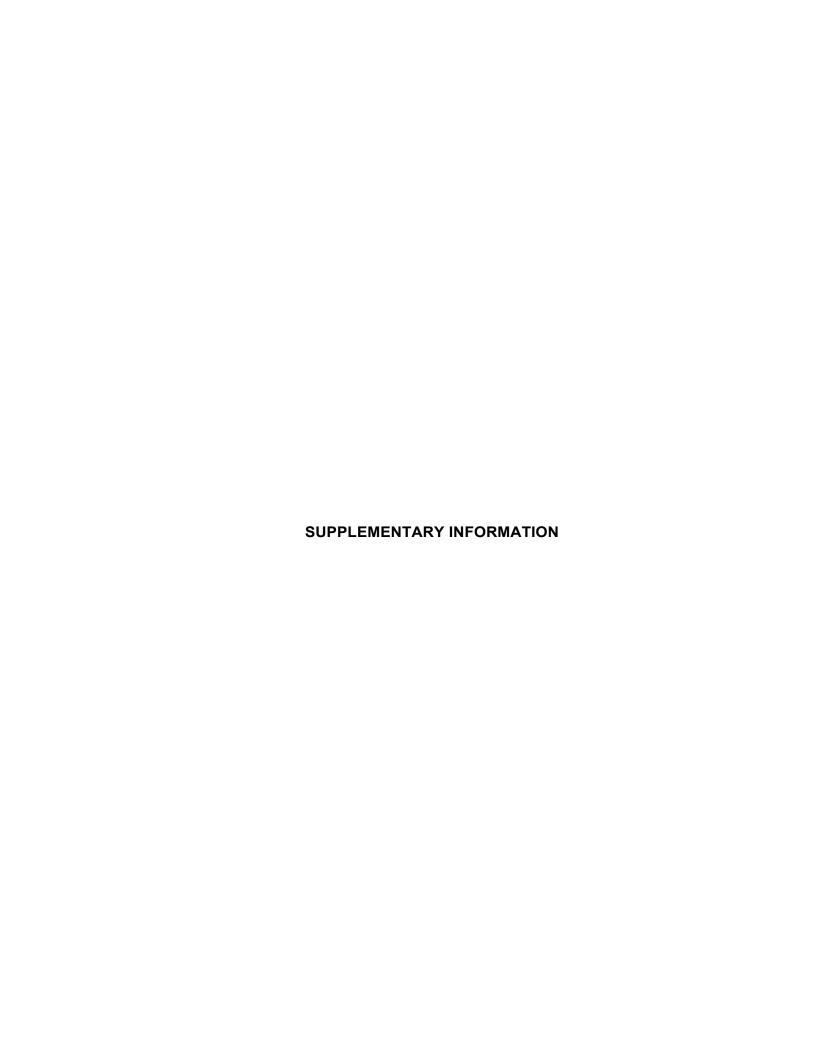
CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City prepares a budget for each fiscal year on or before June 30. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an Appropriation Resolution. This resolution mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the City Council.

From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the department level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The legal level of control is the department. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the General fund and Special Revenue and Capital Project Funds. The General Fund budget and Special Revenue and Capital Project Fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (USGAAP) and are consistent with the basis used for financial reporting. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budget amounts without any reconciliation.

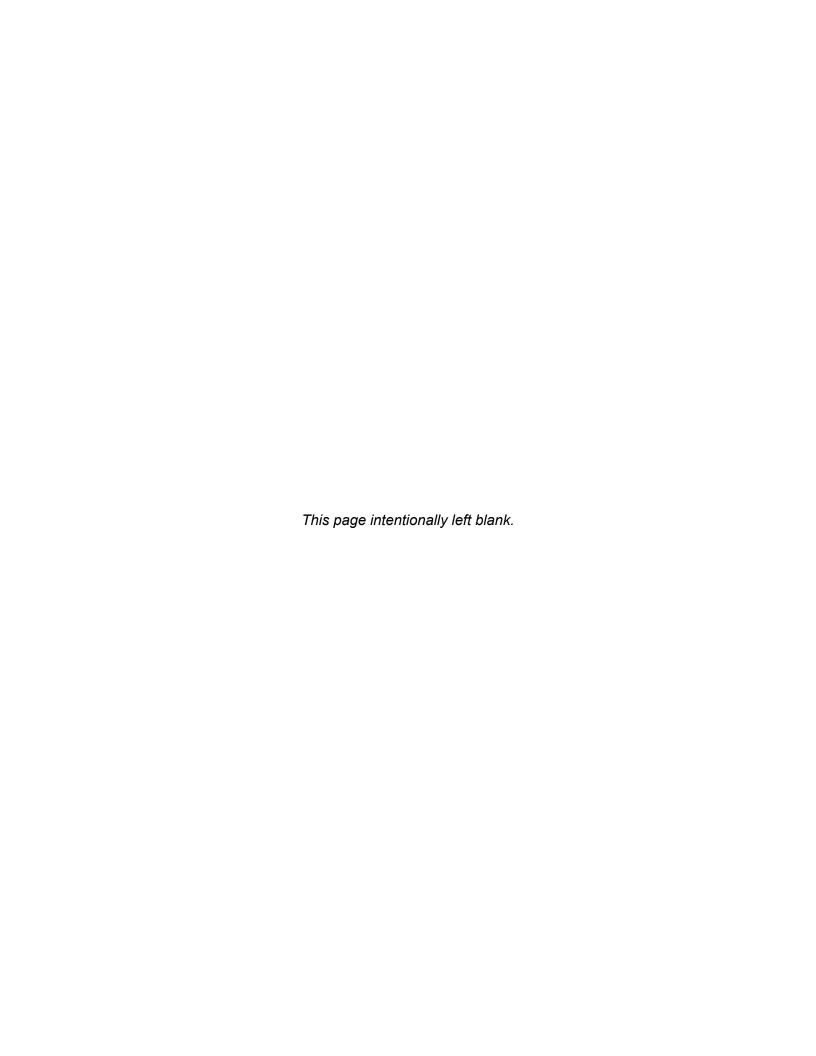


CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Variance with Final Budget
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Use of money and property	\$7,000	\$357	(\$6,643)
Other	1,745,180	627,652	(1,117,528)
Total Revenues	1,752,180	628,009	(1,124,171)
Expenditures:			
Debt Service:			
Principal	1,205,706	111,264	1,094,442
Interest and fiscal charges	1,351,291	1,272,238	79,053
Total expenditures	2,556,997	1,383,502	1,173,495
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(804,817)	(755,493)	49,324
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	661,850	661,850	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	661,850	661,850	
Net change in fund balance	(\$142,967)	(93,643)	\$49,324
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	22,759	
Fund balance at end of year	=	\$233,296	

CITY OF PACIFICA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final		Variance with Final Budget
	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes	\$120,000	\$120,000	
Licenses and permits	25,000	21,956	(\$3,044)
Use of money and property	1,046	32,472	31,426
Intergovernmental		1,745,594	1,745,594
Total revenues	146,046	1,920,022	1,773,976
Expenditures: Current:			
Community development		3,949	(3,949)
Capital Outlay	1,168,724	732,679	436,045
Total expenditures	1,168,724	736,628	432,096
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,022,678)	1,183,394	2,206,072
Other Financing sources (Uses) Transfers in	773,000	773,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	773,000	773,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$249,678)	1,956,394	\$2,206,072
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		1,609,122	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year		\$3,565,516	



CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are created in accordance with Federal, State, or City regulations which require that monies apportioned from these specific funds be spent only for certain designated purposes. Funds included in this fund category are:

GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - This fund was established to receive and expend the City's allocation of the State Gasoline Taxes. Each City is allocated funds on a population basis in accordance with Section 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 of the California Street and Highway Code. Population is determined by the latest Federal Census or survey requested and certified by the Cities and conducted by the State Department of Finance. Expenditures may be made for construction or purchasing of right-of-way on minor streets. Expenditures of money apportioned under Section 2107 may be made for any street purpose. Under Section 2107.5 a flat allocation of \$6,000 per year is granted the City for street engineering.

DAVIES TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - This fund was established to account for a donation by a private individual which is restricted for specific purposes. The funds are to be used to help acquire, build, remodel, improve, support, and maintain the equipment, buildings, grounds, yard, gardens, and landscaped areas of the various parks, beaches, and recreational area located in Pacifica, to conduct related educational and recreational programs for the benefit of the general public.

SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES FUND - This fund was created to account for revenues and expenditures associated with money allocated by the legislature to all cities and counties throughout the state to supplement front line law enforcement services.

NPDES STORMWATER FUND - The NPDES (National Pollution Discharge Elimination System) Stormwater Fund was established in fiscal year 1994-95 to account for revenues and expenditures associated with Federal and State mandated stormwater operations.

DISASTER ACCOUNTING FUND - This fund was established to account for all revenues received and expenditures incurred due to natural and man-made disasters.

HOUSING IN-LIEU FUND - This fund was established to account for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for improvements.

PARKING IN-LIEU FUND - This fund was established to account for receipts and expenditures from fees imposed on developers to provide for parking facilities improvements.

EXCESS ERAF FUND - This fund was established to account for excess education augmentation revenue that the City receives from the County.

PARKS, BEACHES AND RECREATION FUND - This fund was established to account for various donations specifically designated for Park, Beaches and Recreation activities.

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of major capital facilities of the City. Appropriations are made from the funds annually.

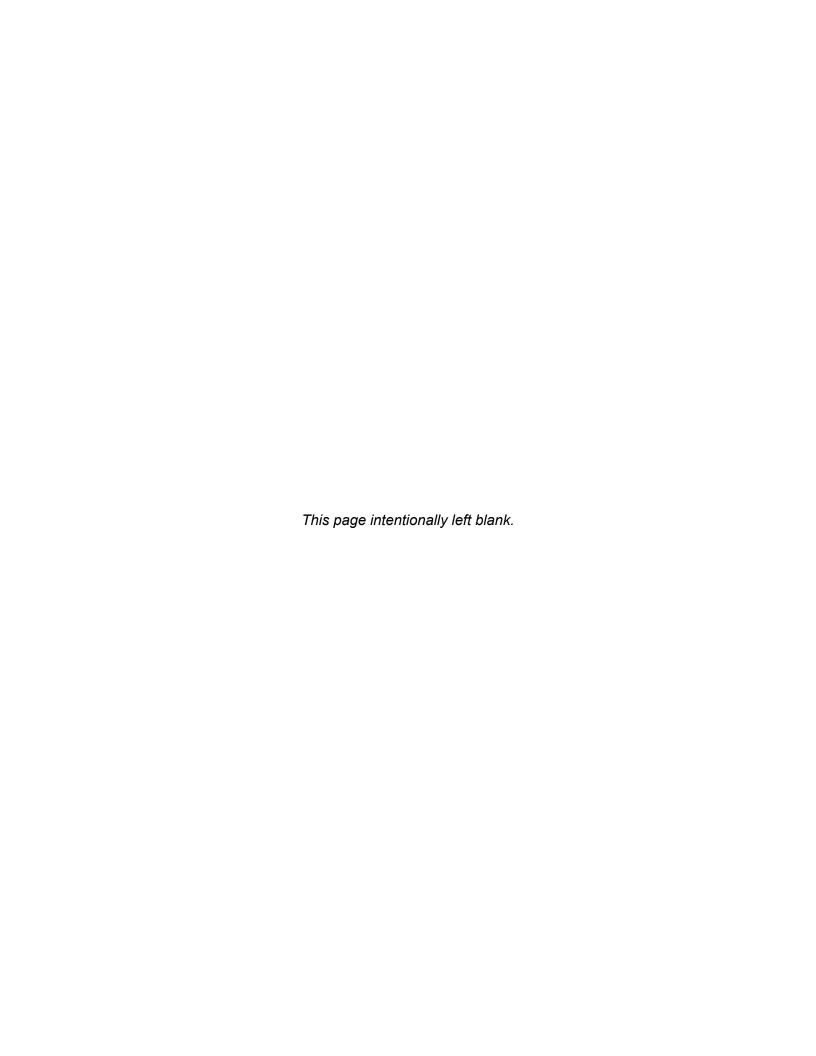
HIGHWAY 1 IMPROVEMENT FUND - This fund is financed by traffic impact mitigation fees as outlined in the Pacifica Municipal Code (Section 8-15.01 to Section 8-15.06).

MANOR DRIVE IMPROVEMENT FUND - This fund was established to account for the Manor Drive/Palmetto Avenue/Oceana Boulevard intersection construction and is financed by traffic impact mitigation fees as outlined in the Pacifica Municipal Code (Section 8-18.01 to Section 8-18.06).

AIRCRAFT NOISE PROJECT FUND - This fund was established to record the financial transactions of an Aircraft Noise Abatement Project funded with Federal and San Francisco Airport grants.

PARKS AND PLAYFIELD FUND - This fund was financed by Parkland Dedication Fees as outlined in the Pacifica Municipal Code (Section 8-19.01 to Section 8-19.03).

PLANNED LOCAL DRAINAGE FUND - Revenues are derived from fees levied on new construction in local districts. Funds can be utilized only for the drainage system in those particular districts.



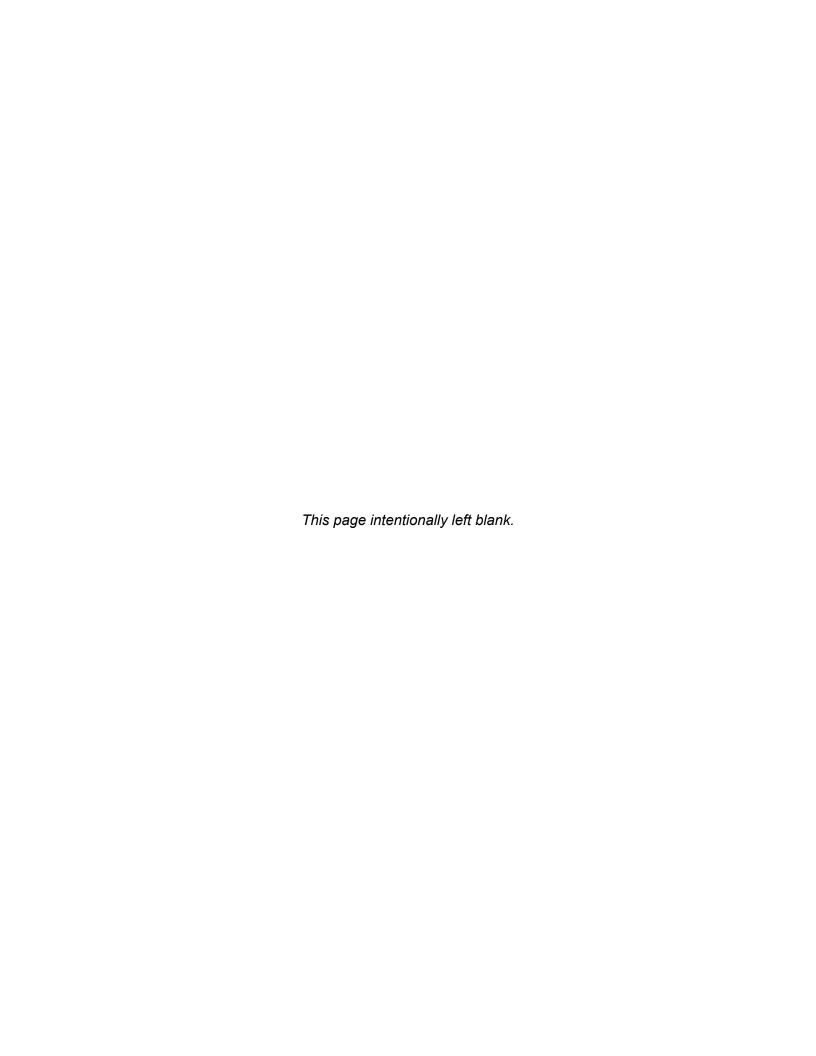
CITY OF PACIFICA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

		S	PECIAL REVI	ENUE FUNDS		
			Supplementa	ıl		
	Gas	Davies	Law Enforcement	t NPDES	Hausing	Dorleina
	Gas Tax	Trust	Services	Stormwater	Housing In-Lieu	Parking In-Lieu
	Tux	Trust	<u> </u>	Otormwater	III LICU	
Assets:						
Cash and investments		\$120,244	\$312,858	\$190,370	\$264,826	\$115,838
Restricted cash and investments		3,182,340				
Receivable:						
Taxes						
Accounts	\$48,228			156,281		
Advance to other funds						
Total Assets	\$48,228	\$3,302,584	\$312,858	\$346,651	\$264,826	\$115,838
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$88,095	\$311		\$87,014		
Due to other funds	79,408					
Advance from other funds				75,000		
Total Liabilities	167,503	311		162,014		
Fund Balances:	(440.075)	0.000.070	* 040.050	404.007	4004000	* 44 = 000
Restricted	(119,275)	3,302,273	\$312,858	184,637	\$264,826	\$115,838
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	(119,275)	3,302,273	312,858	184,637	264,826	115,838
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$48,228	\$3,302,584	\$312,858	\$346,651	\$264,826	\$115,838
2 41411000	ψ τ υ,220	ψ0,002,00 1	Ψ012,000	Ψ0-10,001	Ψ <u></u> ΖΟ Τ ,Ο <u>Σ</u> Ο	Ψ110,000

SPECIAL RE	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
Street Construction	Parks, Beaches and Recreation	Highway 1 Improvement	Manor Drive Improvement	Aircraft Noise Project	Parks and Playfield			
\$1,724,104	\$2,202,046	\$484,875	\$942,943	\$410	\$481,770			
20,547 248,857 1,849,619		2,066						
\$3,843,127	\$2,202,046	\$486,941	\$942,943	\$410	\$481,770			
\$12,659	\$3,806	\$517						
12,659	3,806	517						
3,830,468	2,198,240	486,424	\$942,943	\$410	\$481,770			
3,830,468	2,198,240	486,424	942,943	410	481,770			
\$3,843,127	\$2,202,046	\$486,941	\$942,943	\$410	\$481,770			
					(Continued)			

CITY OF PACIFICA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	CAPITA	UNDS		
	Planned Local Drainage	Pacifica Library	Frontierland Remediation	Total
Assets:				
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivable:	\$420,309	\$107,119	\$431,106	\$7,798,818 3,182,340
Taxes Accounts Advance to other funds			6,250	20,547 461,682 1,849,619
Total Assets	\$420,309	\$107,119	\$437,356	\$13,313,006
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Advance from other funds		\$128		\$192,530 79,408 75,000
Total Liabilities		128		346,938
Fund Balances: Restricted	\$420,309	106,991	\$437,356	12,966,068
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	420,309	106,991	437,356	12,966,068
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$420,309	\$107,119	\$437,356	\$13,313,006



CITY OF PACIFICA

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
			Supplementa	I				
			Law					
	Gas	Davies	Enforcement	NPDES	Housing	Parking		
	Tax	Trust	Services	<u>Stormwater</u>	In-Lieu	In-Lieu		
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Other taxes	\$1,534,073			\$177,765				
Charges for services	ψ 1,00 1,01 C			ψ,. σσ				
Use of money and property	1,314	\$8,375	\$1,863	1,137	\$1,577	\$690		
Intergovernmental	.,	40,0.0	140,816	.,	Ψ.,σ	Ţ G G G		
Other	38		,	141,515	209	12,000		
Total Revenues	1,535,425	8,375	142,679	320,417	1,786	12,690		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		133						
Public Safety			64,205					
Community development			,					
Public works	671,991			406,146				
Recreation	,			•				
Capital outlay	13,193	236,375	35,200		12,249	27,443		
Total Evenovalitures	COE 404	226 500	00.405	406 446	42.240	27 442		
Total Expenditures	685,184	236,508	99,405	406,146	12,249	27,443		
Excess (Deficit) of revenues								
over expenditures	850,241	(228,133)	43,274	(85,729)	(10,463)	(14,753)		
Other financing sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		125,000		140,038				
Transfers (out)	(1,081,096)	125,000		140,000				
	(1,001,000)							
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	(1,081,096)	125,000	·	140,038				
Net change in fund balances	(230,855)	(103,133)	43,274	54,309	(10,463)	(14,753)		
Fund Balances at beginning of year	111,580	3,405,406	269,584	130,328	275,289	130,591		
Fund Balances at end of year	(\$119,275)	\$3,302,273	\$312,858	\$184,637	\$264,826	\$115,838		

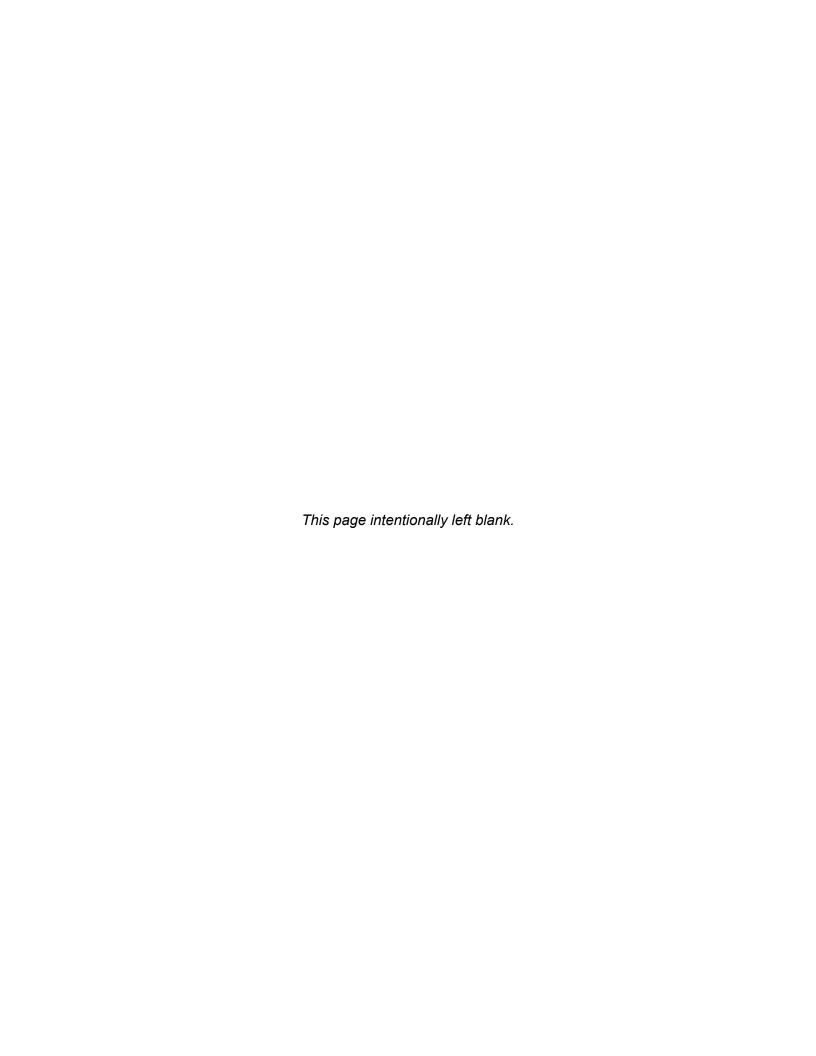
SPECIAL RE	VENUE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS				
Street Construction	Parks, Beaches and Recreation	Highway 1 Improvement	Manor Drive Improvement	Aircraft Noise Project	Parks and Playfields	
\$2,289,012						
		\$19,194				
10,555	\$15,100	2,887	\$5,615	\$2	\$2,869	
173,852		4,486				
416,541	360,000		10,368		149,130	
2,889,960	375,100	26,567	15,983	2	151,999	
1,003,424		14,362				
	19,038					
11,364			23			
1,014,788	19,038	14,362	23			
1,875,172	356,062	12,205	15,960	2	151,999	
600,000 (926,252)					(125,000	
(920,232)		_			(125,000	
(326,252)					(125,000)	
1,548,920	356,062	12,205	15,960	2	26,999	
2,281,548	1,842,178	474,219	926,983	408	454,771	
\$3,830,468	\$2,198,240	\$486,424	\$942,943	\$410	\$481,770	
					(Continued)	

CITY OF PACIFICA

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	CAPITA	L PROJECTS F	UNDS	_		
	Planned Local Drainage	Pacifica Library	Frontierland Remediation	Total		
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Other taxes				\$4,000,850		
Charges for services				19,194		
Use of money and property	\$2,503	\$638	\$2,567	57,692		
Intergovernmental				319,154		
Other			56,250	1,146,051		
Total Revenues	2,503	638	58,817	5,542,941		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government				133		
Public Safety				64,205		
Community development						
Public works	198,124			2,294,047		
Recreation				19,038		
Capital outlay	47,745	60,020		443,612		
Total Expenditures	245,869	60,020		2,821,035		
Excess (Deficit) of revenues						
over expenditures	(243,366)	(59,382)	58,817	2,721,906		
Other financing sources (Uses)						
Transfers in				865,038		
Transfers (out)			(250,000)	(2,382,348)		
		_				
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)			(250,000)	(1,517,310)		
Net change in fund balances	(243,366)	(59,382)	(191,183)	1,204,596		
Fund Balances at beginning of year	663,675	166,373	628,539	11,761,472		
Fund Balances at end of year	\$420,309	\$106,991	\$437,356	\$12,966,068		
,	Ţ . <u></u>	Ţ . ,	Ţ : -: , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ţ:=,500,000		



CITY OF PACIFICA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
		Gas			Davies			
		Tax			Trust			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Budget	Hotaai	(Nogative)	Daaget	7 totaai	(Nogalivo)		
Taxes								
Other taxes	\$1,546,566	\$1,534,073	(\$12,493)					
Charges for services			,					
Use of money and property		1,314	1,314	\$8,000	\$8,375	\$375		
Intergovernmental								
Other		38	38					
Total Revenues	1,546,566	1,535,425	(11,141)	8,000	8,375	375		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government					133	(133)		
Public Safety								
Community development								
Public works	901,078	671,991	229,087					
Recreation								
Capital outlay	43,000	13,193	29,807	640,348	236,375	403,973		
Total Expenditures	944,078	685,184	258,894	640,348	236,508	403,840		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	602,488	850,241	247,753	(632,348)	(228,133)	404,215		
Other financing sources (Uses):								
Transfers in				125,000	125,000			
Transfers (out)	(1,081,096)	(1,081,096)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,081,096)	(1,081,096)		125,000	125,000			
Net change in fund balance	(\$478,608)	(230,855)	\$247,753	(\$507,348)	(103,133)	\$404,215		
Fund Balance at beginning of year		111,580			3,405,406			
Fund Balance at end of year		(\$119,275)			\$3,302,273			

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Supplemental forcement Se			DDES Storm		ш	Housing In-Lieu		
En	rorcement Se	Variance	N	PDES Stormy	Variance		ousing in-Lie	Variance	
Final		Positive	Final		Positive	Final		Positive	
Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
			\$180,500	\$177,765	(\$2,735)				
	\$1,863	\$1,863		1,137	1,137		\$1,577	\$1,577	
\$100,000	140,816	40,816	157,600	141,515	(16,085)		209	209	
100,000	142,679	42,679	338,100	320,417	(17,683)		1,786	1,786	
68,400	64,205	4,195	539,628	406,146	133,482				
174,959	35,200	139,759				\$15,000	12,249	2,751	
243,359	99,405	143,954	539,628	406,146	133,482	15,000	12,249	2,751	
(143,359)	43,274	186,633	(201,528)	(85,729)	115,799	(15,000)	(10,463)	4,537	
			140,038 (92,000)	140,038	92,000				
			48,038	140,038	92,000				
(\$143,359)	43,274	\$186,633	(\$153,490)	54,309	\$207,799	(\$15,000)	(10,463)	\$4,537	
	269,584			130,328			275,289		
	\$312,858			\$184,637			\$264,826		
								(Continued)	

CITY OF PACIFICA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND						
					Parks, Beache	s	
	Str	eet Construct	tion		and Recreation	1	
			Variance			Variance	
	Final		Positive	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Taxes							
Other taxes	\$1,472,704	\$2,289,012	\$816,308				
Charges for services							
Use of money and property		10,555	10,555		\$15,100	\$15,100	
Intergovernmental	200,000	173,852	(26,148)		360,000	360,000	
Other	730,044	416,541	(313,503)				
Total Revenues	2,402,748	2,889,960	487,212		375,100	375,100	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Public Safety							
Community development							
Public works	3,120,840	1,003,424	2 120 940				
Public works	3,120,040	1,003,424	3,120,840		19,038	(19,038)	
Capital outlay	76,871	11,364	65,507				
Total Expenditures	3,197,711	1,014,788	3,186,347		19,038	(19,038)	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over							
Expenditures	(794,963)	1,875,172	2,670,135		356,062	356,062	
Other financing sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	600,000	600,000					
Transfers (out)	(577,927)	(926,252)	(348,325)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	22,073	(326,252)	(348,325)				
Net change in fund balance	(\$772,890)	1,548,920	\$2,321,810		356,062	\$356,062	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		2,281,548			1,842,178		
Fund Balance at End of Year		\$3,830,468			\$2,198,240		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Highv	way 1 Improve	ement	Manor	Drive Improv	ement	Parl	ks and Playfie	elds
		Variance			Variance			Variance
Final		Positive	Final		Positive	Final		Positive
Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	\$19,194 2,887	\$2,887					\$2,869	\$2,869
\$100,000	4,486	φ <u>2,557</u> (95,514)		\$5,615	\$5,615		Ψ2,000	Ψ2,000
Ψ100,000	1,100	(00,014)		10,368	10,368	\$100,000	149,130	49,130
				,	,	+		
100,000	26,567	(92,627)		15,983	15,983	100,000	151,999	51,999
32,711	14,362	18,349						
40,500		40,500	\$523,550	23	523,527			
73,211	14,362	58,849	523,550	23	523,527			
26,789	12,205	(14,584)	(523,550)	15,960	539,510	100,000	151,999	51,999
							(125,000)	(125,000)
							(125,000)	(125,000)
\$26,789	12,205	(\$14,584)	(\$523,550)	15,960	\$539,510	\$100,000	26,999	(\$73,001)
	474,219			926,983			454,771	
	\$486,424			\$942,943			\$481,770	
								(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CAPI	ΤΔΙ	PRO	JECT	SF	חמוו

	Plann	ed Local Dra		Fron	tier Remedia	
	Final		Variance Positive	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			<u> </u>			<u>(**** g****** 7</u>
Taxes						
Other taxes						
Charges for services			/ *			
Use of money and property	\$2,560	\$2,503	(\$57)		\$2,567	\$2,567
Intergovernmental Other					56,250	56,250
Other	-				30,230	50,250
Total Revenues	2,560	2,503	(57)		58,817	58,817
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Public Safety						
Community development Public works	271,595	198,124	73,471			
Public Works	271,090	190,124	73,471			
Capital outlay	45,000	47,745	(2,745)			
Total Expenditures	316,595	245,869	70,726			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over						
Expenditures	(314,035)	(243,366)	70,669		58,817	58,817
Other financing sources (Uses):						
Transfers in						
Transfers (out)				(\$250,000)	(250,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(250,000)	(250,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(\$314,035)	(243,366)	\$70,669	(\$250,000)	(191,183)	\$58,817
	(+0.1,000)	(= :5,000)	7.3,000	(+===,000)	(101,100)	7.5,0
Fund Balance at beginning of year		663,675			628,539	
Fund Balance at end of year		\$420,309			\$437,356	

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

MOTOR POOL FUND - City of Pacifica operates a central garage, which provides services to various City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Revenues for the fund are derived from rentals to the departments for usage of the equipment. The fund can be used only for the operation and replacement of the equipment.

SELF INSURANCE FUND - City of Pacifica established Self Insurance Funds to cover Employee Dental Insurance, Workers' Compensation, General Liability, Property, and Automobile Liability Insurance. Expenses are restricted to payments of claims, the premium for umbrella insurance, administration costs, and expenditures relating to the Safety Committee.

CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$988,429	\$2,264,255	\$3,252,684
Receivable:			
Accounts	1,523		1,523
Inventories	19,604		19,604
Total Current Assets	1,009,556	2,264,255	3,273,811
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	258,774		258,774
Capital assets, being depreciated,			
net of accumulated depreciation	2,317,183		2,317,183
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,575,957		2,575,957
Total Assets	3,585,513	2,264,255	5,849,768
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	27,935	75	28,010
Accrued interest payable	399		399
Claims payable		216,408	216,408
Compensated absences	28,050		28,050
Total Current Liabilities	56,384	216,483	272,867
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated absences	3,201		3,201
Bonds payable	146,773		146,773
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	149,974		149,974
Total Liabilities	206,358	216,483	422,841
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	2,575,957		2,575,957
Unrestricted	803,198	2,047,772	2,850,970
Total Net Position	\$3,379,155	\$2,047,772	\$5,426,927
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ -, ,	+-,,	+-,,

CITY OF PACIFICA

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$1,253,376	\$238,204	\$1,491,580
Other operating income		995,189	995,189
Total operating revenues	1,253,376	1,233,393	2,486,769
Operating expenses:			
Personnel services	551,436		551,436
Administration	468		468
Supplies and materials	379,901		379,901
Insurance expense	,	1,361,361	1,361,361
Outside contractors		7,605	7,605
Maintenance	71,122	,	71,122
Insurance claims	,	590,870	590,870
Depreciation	638,491		638,491
Total operating expenses	1,641,418	1,959,836	3,601,254
Operating Income (Loss)	(388,042)	(726,443)	(1,114,485)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Investment earnings	5,886	13,483	19,369
Intergovernmental revenues	9,258	10, 100	9,258
Interest and fiscal charges	(11,113)		(11,113)
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,145		1,145
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	5,176	13,483	18,659
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(382,866)	(712,960)	(1,095,826)
Transfers:			
Transfers in		132,000	132,000
Transfers out		(162,324)	(162,324)
Transfer out		(102,021)	(102,021)
Change in net position	(382,866)	(743,284)	(1,126,150)
Net position at beginning of year	3,762,021	2,791,056	6,553,077
Net position at end of year	\$3,379,155	\$2,047,772	\$5,426,927

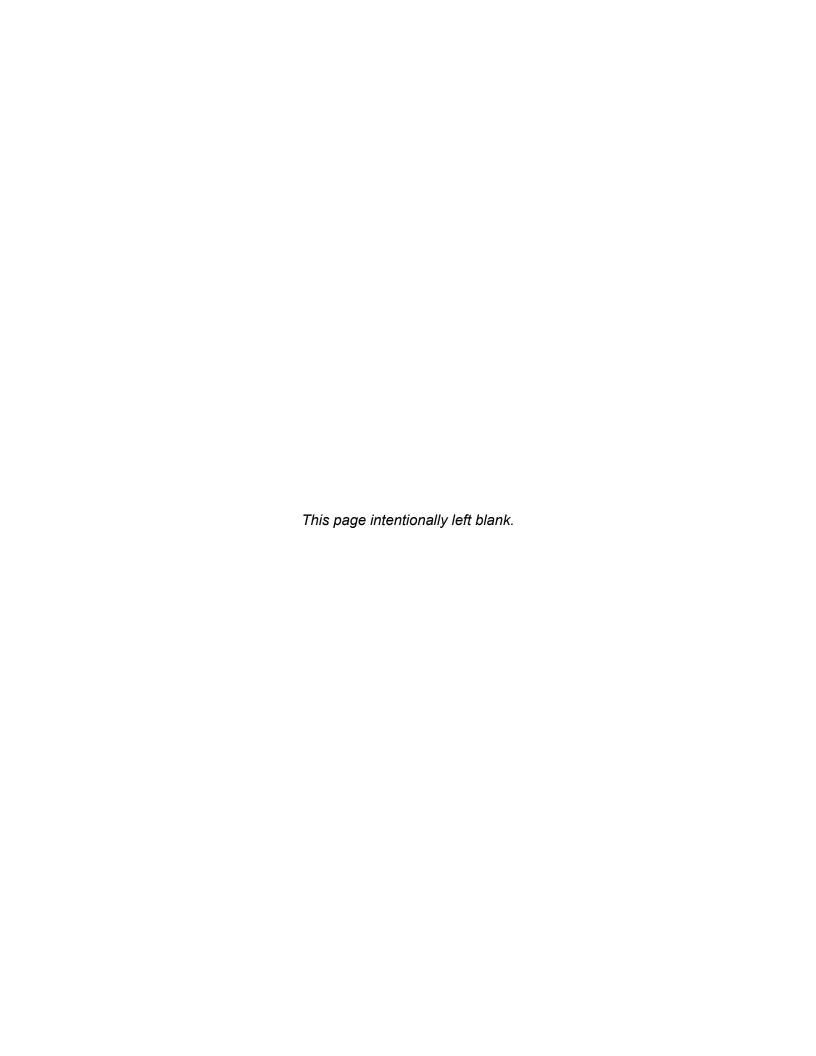
CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and users Payments for claims Payments to employees	\$1,257,059 (498,339) (547,268)	\$1,233,393 (1,569,199) (530,880)	\$2,490,452 (2,067,538) (530,880) (547,268)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	211,452	(866,686)	(655,234)
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities Intergovernmental revenues Transfers out Transfers in	9,258	(162,324) 132,000	9,258 (162,324) 132,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	9,258	(30,324)	(21,066)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Principal payments on bonds Interest paid	1,145 (943,078) 11,066 (11,113)		1,145 (943,078) 11,066 (11,113)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(941,980)		(941,980)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	5,886	13,483	19,369
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,886	13,483	19,369
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(715,384)	(883,527)	(1,598,911)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of Fiscal Year	1,703,813	3,147,782	4,851,595
Cash and Cash Equivalents ate End of Fiscal Year	\$988,429	\$2,264,255	\$3,252,684
			(Continued)

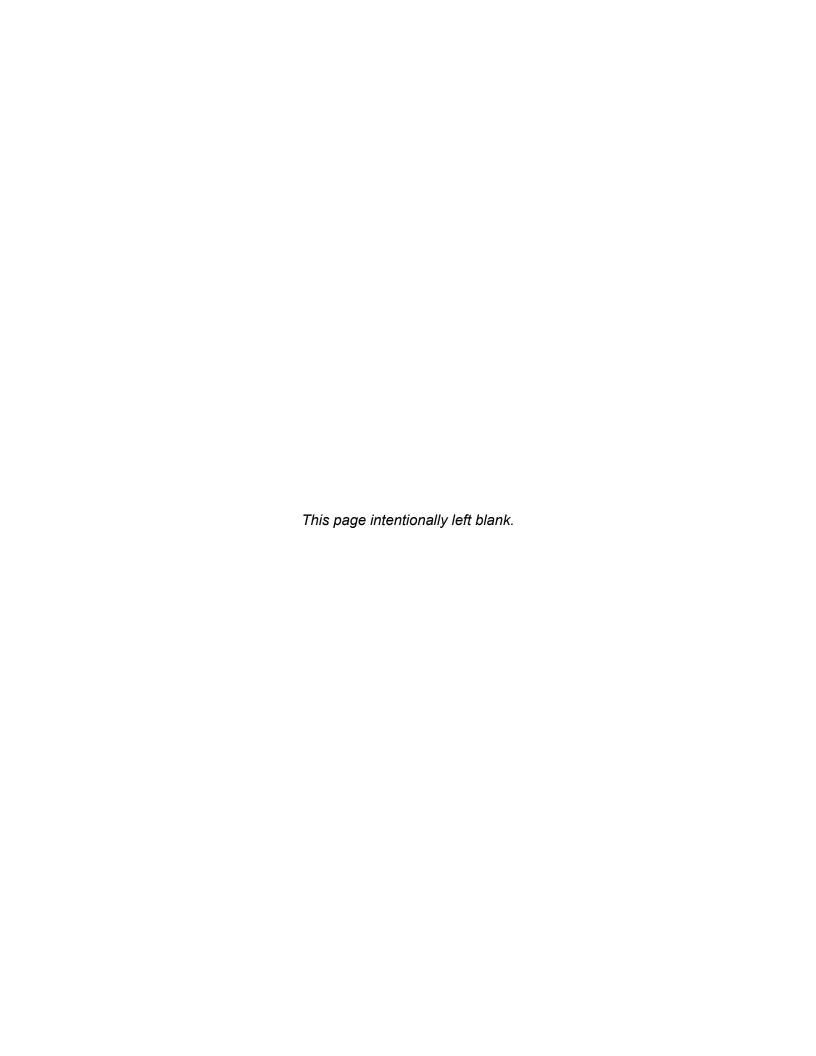
(Continued)

CITY OF PACIFICA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Motor Pool	Self Insurance	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	(\$388,042)	(\$726,443)	(\$1,114,485)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	(\$300,042)	(\$720,443)	(ψ1,114,400)
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	638.491		638,491
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:	000, 101		333, 131
Accounts receivable	3,485		3,485
Inventories	198		198
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	(46,897)	(200,233)	(247,130)
Accrued liabilities	49		49
Claims payable		59,990	59,990
Compensated absences	4,168		4,168
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$211,452	(\$866,686)	(\$655,234)







CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA STATISTICAL SECTION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City's provides and the activities it performs.

Property Tax Information

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's property tax sources and changes.

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

CITY OF PACIFICA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
Governmental activities	 		_	_
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 54,212,344	\$ 54,455,020	\$ 56,461,478	\$ 56,995,945
Restricted	4,825,393	8,216,813	7,944,025	9,049,015
Unrestricted	(634,699)	4,681,456	(13,421,330)	(14,105,441)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 58,403,038	\$ 67,353,289	\$ 50,984,173	\$ 51,939,519
Business-type activities				
Net investments in capital assets	\$ 14,179,807	\$ 15,462,599	\$ 15,963,759	\$ 17,679,506
Restricted				
Unrestricted	 5,545,190	 5,935,174	5,238,849	 5,663,853
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 19,724,997	\$ 21,397,773	\$ 21,202,608	\$ 23,343,359
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 68,392,151	\$ 69,917,619	\$ 72,425,237	\$ 74,675,451
Restricted	4,825,393	8,216,813	7,944,025	9,049,015
Unrestricted	 4,910,491	 10,616,630	(8,182,481)	 (8,441,588)
Total primary government net position	\$ 78,128,035	\$ 88,751,062	\$ 72,186,781	\$ 75,282,878

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	56,431,400	\$	56,878,228	\$	56,601,988	\$	59,589,114	\$	67,691,252	\$	85,689,643
	11,517,455		13,808,573		17,256,904		16,314,865		12,119,087		16,166,941
	(46,030,272)		(39,126,535)		(37,204,436)		(40,387,356)		(33,917,809)		(52,525,473)
\$	21,918,583	\$	31,560,266	\$	36,654,456	\$	35,516,623	\$	45,892,530	\$	49,331,111
\$	15,266,626	\$	15,985,969	\$	15,985,969	\$	15,985,969	\$	15,985,969	\$	13,000,844
*	, ,	•	, ,	*	, ,	•	, ,	•	, ,	•	,,
	9,163,991		9,672,252		9,812,211		8,612,543		9,935,338		11,042,102
\$	24,430,617	\$	25,658,221	\$	25,798,180	\$	24,598,512	\$	25,921,307	\$	24,042,946
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_	_ :,000,01	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
\$	71,698,026	\$	72,864,197	\$	72,587,957	\$	75,575,083	\$	83,677,221	\$	98,690,487
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	
	11,517,455		13,808,573		17,256,904		16,314,865		12,119,087		16,166,941
	(36,866,281)		(29,454,283)		(27,392,225)		(31,774,813)		(23,982,471)		(41,483,371)
\$	46,349,200	\$	57,218,487	\$	62,452,636	\$	60,115,135	\$	71,813,837	\$	73,374,057

CITY OF PACIFICA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Expenses										
Governmental activities: General government	\$	4,212,498	\$	4,019,613	\$	4,294,792	\$	4,473,909	\$	4,324,645
Public safety	Ψ	14,460,040	Ψ	13,568,582	Ψ	13,572,060	Ψ	13,935,234	Ψ	13,997,209
Community Development		1,549,299		1,631,678		1,378,014		1,250,419		1,089,881
Public Works		4,881,082		4,688,440		4,088,408		4,138,762		5,757,332
Parks, Beaches & Recreation Interest on Long-term Debt		3,919,199 2,174,281		4,005,189 2,120,772		3,880,586 2,037,476		3,921,499 1,945,156		3,894,017 2,072,272
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$	31,196,399	\$	30,034,274	\$	29,251,336	\$	29,664,979	\$	31,135,356
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	\$	10,944,059	\$	10,124,492	\$	10,231,084	\$	10,853,371	\$	11,897,495
Beach Parking	_		_		_		_		_	515,915
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	\$	10,944,059	\$	10,124,492	\$	10,231,084	\$	10,853,371	\$	11,897,495
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	42,140,458	\$	40,158,766	\$	39,482,420	\$	40,518,350	\$	43,032,851
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General Government	\$	48,038	\$	12,512	\$	15,902	\$	18,796	\$	29,769
Public Safety		851,020		681,205		836,279		999,209		938,379
Community Development		631,767		693,169		688,975		989,356		1,922,976
Public Works Parks, Beaches & Recreation		683,914 1,843,700		701,012 2,063,812		701,012 2,067,301		791,041 2,248,642		743,700 2,107,720
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,980,279		1,726,522		1,817,278		2,153,345		4,321,012
Capital Grants and Contributions		2,348,301		3,519,266		2,311,468		6,364,781		4,709,960
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$	8,387,019	\$	9,397,498	\$	8,438,215	\$	13,565,170	\$	14,773,516
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for services: Sewer	\$	11,694,198	\$	11,980,789	\$	12,500,814	\$	13,331,596	\$	13,721,346
Beach Parking	Ψ	11,094,190	Ψ	11,300,703	Ψ	12,500,014	Ψ	13,331,330	Ψ	537,192
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		11,694,198		11,980,789		12,500,814		13,331,596		13,721,346
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	20,081,217	\$	21,378,287	\$	20,939,029	\$	26,896,766	\$	28,494,862
Net Revenues (Expenses)										<u> </u>
Governmental activities	\$	(22,809,380)	\$	(20,636,776)	\$	(20,813,121)	\$	(16,099,809)	\$	(16,361,840)
Business-type activities		750,139	_	1,856,297	_	2,269,730	_	2,478,225		1,845,128
Total Net Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(22,059,241)	\$	(18,780,479)	\$	(18,543,391)	\$	(13,621,584)	\$	(14,516,712)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$	10,564,253	\$	10,434,510	\$	10,701,810	\$	11,275,518	\$	12,200,335
Sales Taxes		1,434,710		1,519,978		1,588,277		1,686,593		1,754,568
Franchise Tax Other Taxes		1,565,634 2,712,005		1,595,929 3,005,388		1,617,727 3,152,723		1,668,382 3,329,647		1,697,972 3,529,485
Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted		3,195,730		3,039,393		2,923,573		3,164,873		3,320,316
Investment earnings		192,620		334,475		164,114		184,700		29,979
Miscellaneous		324,709		469,780		357,630		537,867		259,197
Transfers	_	-	_	200,000	_	410,000	_	15,715	_	(150)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,989,661	\$	20,599,453	\$	20,915,854	\$	21,863,295	\$	22,791,702
Business-type activities: Investment Earnings	\$	25,872	\$	16,479	\$	21,468	\$	19,808	\$	16,123
Miscellaneous Transfers				(200,000)		42,047 (410,000)				150
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	25,872	\$	(183,521)	\$	(346,485)	\$	19,808	\$	16,273
Total Primary Government	\$	20,015,533	\$	20,415,932	\$	20,569,369	\$	21,883,103	\$	22,807,975
Changes in Net Position before Extraordinary Item:	<u></u>		÷		÷	. , ,	<u></u>			
Governmental Activities	\$	(2,819,719)	\$	(37,323)	\$	102,733	\$	5,763,486	\$	6,429,862
Business-type Activities		776,011		1,672,776		1,923,245		2,498,033		1,861,401
Total Primary Government before Extraordinary Item:	\$	(2,043,708)	\$	1,635,453	\$	2,025,978	\$	8,261,519	\$	8,291,263
Extraordinary Item Gain on transfer of assets and liabilities to successor agency					\$	5,557,942	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
Changes in Net Assets After Extraordinary Item:					_		_		_	0.405
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities						5,520,619 1,672,776		5,763,486 1,923,245		6,429,862 2,498,033
Total Primary Government					\$	7,193,395	\$	7,686,731	\$	8,927,895
-					_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·

Notes:

The City began reporting in the GASB 34 format in 2003

	2016	_	2017		2018		2019	_	2020
\$	4,604,299	\$	5,196,272	\$	7,156,065	\$	5,709,625	\$	6,334,939
	15,859,890		14,310,434		17,194,894		18,784,090		18,649,308
	1,629,555 4,714,402		1,964,355 5.698.841		2,329,479 7,409,411		2,731,034 2,534,274		2,984,755 6,980,889
	4,329,044		4,938,859		4,963,552		5,392,377		5,586,758
	1,667,485		2,442,966		1,896,665		706,918		1,364,573
\$	32,804,675	\$	34,551,727	\$	40,950,066	\$	35,858,318	\$	41,901,222
\$	10,816,732 532,102	\$	11,893,663 502,373	\$	12,922,459 562,426	\$	14,927,925 536,423	\$	18,794,726 468,537
\$	10,816,732	\$	12,396,036	\$	13,484,885	\$	15,464,348	\$	19,263,263
\$	43,621,407	\$	46,947,763	\$	54,434,951	\$	51,322,666	\$	61,164,485
\$	126,156	\$	74,899	\$	109,145	\$	77,871		\$108,746
	1,043,155		987,163		1,141,995		852,591		788,489
	3,638,027 786,000		2,333,796 743,700		2,216,407 743,700		2,318,892 804,110		2,100,634 776,311
	2,220,263		2,231,797		2,486,816		2,588,014		1,902,841
	3,923,126		4,124,499		3,541,903		3,853,971		2,892,136
	4,912,145		2,458,959		3,759,417		4,606,092		5,683,998
\$	16,648,872	\$	12,954,813	\$	13,999,383	\$	15,101,541	\$	14,253,155
\$	12,959,708 533,952	\$	12,715,024 493,850	\$	13,761,816 543,919	\$	14,802,705 675,689	\$	16,591,415 485,883
	12,959,708		13,208,874		14,305,735	_	15,478,394		17,077,298
\$	29,608,580	\$	26,163,687	\$	28,305,118	\$	30,579,935	\$	31,330,453
Ψ	29,000,300	Ψ	20,103,007	Ψ	20,303,110	Ψ	30,379,933	Ψ	31,330,433
\$	(16,155,803) 2,144,826	\$	(21,596,914) 812,838	\$	(26,950,683) 820,850	\$	(20,756,777) 14,046	\$	(27,648,067) (2,185,965)
\$	(14,010,977)	\$	(20,784,076)	\$	(26,129,833)	\$	(20,742,731)	\$	(29,834,032)
\$	12,445,509	\$	12,679,059	\$	13,780,294	\$	14,731,311	\$	13,030,713
φ	1,983,930	φ	2,374,505	φ	2,350,478	φ	2,611,801	φ	2,570,334
	1,736,620		1,748,266		1,722,343		1,661,717		1,647,467
	3,710,615		3,749,159		4,904,111		5,340,307		8,572,837
	3,543,953		3,731,337		3,973,622		4,199,391		4,253,924
	(44,457) 1,481,757		743,630 846,648		151,887 505,076		254,481 2,384,463		341,064 571,114
	939,559		818,500		98,343		272,500		80,000
\$	25,797,486	\$	26,691,104	\$	27,486,154	\$	31,455,971	\$	31,067,453
\$	22,337	\$	145,621	\$	442,917 571,114	\$	415,825	\$	387,604
	(939,559)		(818,500)	_	(98,343)		(272,500)		(80,000)
\$	(917,222)	\$	(672,879)	\$	915,688	\$	143,325	\$	307,604
\$	24,880,264	\$	26,018,225	\$	28,401,842	\$	31,599,296	\$	31,375,057
\$	9,641,683	\$	5,094,190	\$	535,471	\$	10,699,194	\$	3,419,386
	1,227,604		139,959		1,736,538	_	157,371		(1,878,361)
\$	10,869,287	\$	5,234,149	\$	2,272,009	\$	10,856,565	\$	1,541,025
\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
	9,641,683		5,094,190		535,471		10,699,194		3,419,386
	1,861,401		1,227,604		139,959		157,371		(1,878,361)
\$	11,503,084	\$	6,321,794	\$	675,430	\$	10,856,565	\$	1,541,025

CITY OF PACIFICA Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal year	r June 3	80,		
		2011		2012	_	2013		2014
General Fund								
Reserved								
Unreserved								
Non Spendable	\$	2,518,609	\$	2,519,544	\$	2,522,197	\$	2,540,590
Committed		567,465		743,683		899,051		907,519
Assigned		150,369		130,858		117,873		168,197
Unassigned		841,392		227,012		127,980		1,341,251
Total General Fund	\$	4,077,835	\$	3,621,097	\$	3,667,101	\$	4,957,557
Interest receivable			·				1	
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reserved								
Unreserved								
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue fund								
Capital projects fund								
Debt service funds	•	0.004.400	•	0.040.070	•	0.000.704	•	10.455.004
Restricted	\$	8,304,103	\$	9,042,672	\$	8,230,761	\$	10,155,601
Committed Assigned		_		-		-		
Unassigned		(6,590,713)		(979,737)		(818,354)		(1,656,694)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,713,390	\$	8,062,935	\$	7,412,407	\$	8,498,907
Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,791,225	\$	11,684,032	\$	11,079,508	\$	13,456,464

						Fiscal year	r Jur	ne 30,				
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
General Fund												
Non Spendable	\$	3,996,158	\$	3,947,951	\$	4,021,024	\$	4,003,847		\$3,911,023	\$	3,783,486
Committed												
Assigned		904,240		904,240		904,240		1,407,541		3,499,121		4,693,187
Unassigned		1,893,507		4,960,039		5,404,857		7,142,843		7,548,938		8,026,175
Total General Fund	\$	6,793,905	\$	9,812,230	\$	10,330,121	\$	12,554,231	\$	14,959,082	\$	16,502,848
All Other Governmental Funds:												
Restricted	\$	11,503,439	\$	13,808,573	\$	17,256,904	\$	18,219,942	\$	11,784,231	\$	19,732,457
Committed		-		-								
Assigned		14,016.0000										
Unassigned		(1,312,645)	_	(2,410,718)	_	(3,518,187)		(6,077,744)		1,943,978		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	_	10,204,810		11,397,855		13,738,717	_	12,142,198	_	13,728,209	_	19,732,457
Total Governmental Funds	\$	16 998 715	\$	21 210 085	\$	24 068 838	\$	24 696 429	\$	28 687 291	\$	36 235 305

Fiscal Year June	30,
------------------	-----

				Fiscai fea	ir June	30,		
		2011		2012		2013		2014
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	16,454	\$	16,733	\$	17,238	\$	18,138
Licenses and permits	*	341	•	409	*	389	•	515
Fines and forfeitures		227		174		179		301
Use of money and property		154		220		155		178
Intergovernmental revenues		8,173		8,029		7,233		10,614
Charges for Services		1,676		1,515		1,679		1,996
Recreation Programs		654		786		820		813
Other Revenues		1,540		1,790		1,531		2,285
Total Revenues:		29,219		29,656		29,224		34,840
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		3,884		3,428		3,677		3,866
Public safety		14,096		12,544		12,452		12,940
Community Development		1,435		1,491		1,331		1,250
Public Works		4,041		3,583		3,356		3,347
Parks, Beaches & Recreation		3,581		3,644		3,552		3,585
Non-departmental								
Capital outlay		754		2,843		2,659		3,529
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,482		1,561		1,661		1,791
Interest and Other Chares		2,256		2,250		1,912		1,878
Bond issuance cost								
Total Expenditures		31,529		31,344		30,600		32,186
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(2,310)		(1,688)		(1,376)		2,654
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		3,387		3,449		3,619		3,766
Transfers out		(3,767)		(4,504)		(4,017)		(4,146)
Other Sources/Uses:								
Issuance of Debt								
Issuance of Discount								
Refunded to debt escrow agent								
Proceeds of long-term debt						1,169		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(380)		(1,055)		771		(380)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,690)	\$	(2,743)	\$	(605)	\$	2,274
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		12.1%		13.3%		12.8%		12.8%

Fiscal Year June 30,

 0045	2012	Fiscal Yea	ar June	•	0040	2000
2015	 2016	 2017		2018	 2019	 2020
\$ 21,216	\$ 22,294	\$ 22,411	\$	23,768	\$ 25,847	\$ 27,399
683	827	812		1,036	838	969
153	150	161		190	193	182
459	1,663	980		311	386	338
8,567	7,439	6,605		7,637	6,672	8,312
2,219	2,829	2,722		2,778	2,899	2,358
897	898	845		989	904	495
4,163	 3,690	 4,283		4,662	 8,510	 5,411
38,357	39,790	38,819		\$41,371	 \$46,249	 \$45,464
3,899	4,332	4,538		4,444	5,160	\$ 5,628
14,199	14,555	15,452		16,192	16,621	16,352
1,318	1,814	1,907		2,110	2,442	2,579
4,259	3,707	4,597		4,041	4,622	5,917
3,988	4,333	4,419		4,158	4,792	4,886
3,077	3,393	1,952		6,701	5,603	1,585
1,918	2,046	1,667		971	1,017	111
1,777	1,686	1,957		1,335	1,339	1,272
	 	 293				212
 34,435	 35,866	 36,782		39,952	 41,596	 38,542
 3,922	 3,924	 2,037		1,419	 4,653	 6,922
1,924	2,614	6,191		2,412	13,059	3,451
(2,304)	(2,327)	(5,665)		(3,203)	(13,721)	(3,341)
		(16,794)				8,436
 	 	 17,092			 	 (7,920)
(380)	 287	 824		(791)	 (662)	 626
\$ 3,542	\$ 4,211	\$ 2,861	\$	628	\$ 3,991	\$ 7,548
11.5%	11.4%	11.10%		6.5%	7.4%	4.5%
					•	,

CITY OF PACIFICA TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN YEARS (IN \$000's)

					Annual Years									
Categories		<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	.01	<u>2016</u>	•••	<u>2017</u>	2018	7 1	2019*
Food Stores	↔	20,525 \$	21,626 \$	22,115 \$	22,826	\$ 23,722	\$ 23,	543	24,727	↔	27,139 \$	27,696	↔	28,115
Eating & Drinking Places		30,324	30,257	34,147	40,164	45,750	49,7	770	50,613		53,248	55,848		57,735
Building Materials		3,595	3,438	3,523	3,360	3,795	ς, (ς,	3,933	3,839		4,173	3,900		4,210
Auto Dealers & Supplies		3,902	4,118	4,433	4,757	4,693	4,	534	4,520		4,804	4,804		5,073
Service Stations		39,755	49,578	52,533	54,312	52,412	44,	960	38,899		42,081	46,839		44,941
Other Retail Stores		38,450	38,689	38,856	39,992	38,653	368	361	42,938		43,487	44,098		45,526
All Other Outlets		32,115	30,023	33,172	36,644	40,254	40,	336	48,319		50,343	54,932		61,453
Total	↔	168,666 \$	177,729 \$	188,779 \$	202,055	\$ 209,279	\$ 206,837	337 \$	213,855	↔	225,275 \$	238,117 \$	\$	247,053

Notes:Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available.

The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue.

Source: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office and the HdL Companies

^{*} Information presented is most current at the time of preparation.

CITY OF PACIFICA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS

Annual Year	State Rate	City Direct Rate	San Mateo County Rate	City/County Public Safety	District Rate	<u>Total</u>
2010	6.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%
2011	6.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%
2012	5.25%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	8.25%
2013	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2014	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2015	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2016	6.00%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	9.00%
2017	5.75%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	8.75%
2018	5.75%	0.75%	1.75%	0.50%	0.00%	8.75%
2019	6.00%	0.75%	2.00%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%
2020	6.00%	0.75%	2.00%	0.50%	0.00%	9.25%

Notes

Proposition 172 approved by the voters in 1993 provides 1/2 cent sales tax for Public Safety Augmentation. San Mateo County Transportation Authority District is provided a 1/2 cent sales tax approved by the voters in 1989.

San Mateo County Transit District is provided a 1/2 cent sales tax approved by the voters in 1982. Voters approved a San Mateo County Transactions and Use Tax of a 1/2 cent effective in 2013. Voters approved a San Mateo County Transit District Transactions and Use Tax of a 1/2 cent effective in 2019 for traffic congestion and transportation purposes.

Source: State Board of Equalization & HdL Companies

CITY OF PACIFICA
TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(IN \$000's)

TOTAL	\$ 29,219,384	29,656,125	29,224,141	34,840,821	38,357,187	39,790,717	38,727,690	41,371,163	46,249,819	45,444,281	55.53%
Other Revenues	\$ 2,193,458	2,576,009	2,351,178	3,099,290	5,059,783	4,588,311	5,037,010	5,650,674	9,414,628	5,906,254	169.27%
Fines & Forfeitures	\$ 226,650	173,944	178,727	300,611	153,031	149,573	161,023	190,202	193,046	181,883	-19.75%
Current Service Chgs.	\$ 1,676,210	1,515,050	1,679,210	1,996,318	2,219,356	2,828,678	2,722,206	2,778,648	2,899,101	2,338,945	39.54%
Inter- <u>Governmental</u>	\$ 8,173,354	8,028,700	7,233,370	10,614,499	8,567,028	7,439,425	6,604,617	7,636,773	6,671,627	8,311,834	1.69%
Use of Money & Property	\$ 154,429	219,957	154,513	177,610	458,823	1,663,159	980,024	311,425	386,289	337,889	118.80%
Licenses & Permits	\$ 340,779	409,098	389,107	514,854	683,517	827,154	811,803	1,035,782	837,785	968,574	184.22%
<u>Taxes</u>	16,454,504	16,733,367	17,238,036	18,137,639	21,215,649	22,294,417	22,411,007	23,767,659	25,847,343	27,398,902	66.51%
	↔										
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	% Change 2011-2020

Above amounts include General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, and Other Governmental Funds.. Above amounts exclude other financing sources.

Source: Annual Financial Statements, City of Pacifica and City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

CITY OF PACIFICA, CALIFORNIA
ASSESSED VALUATION, TAX RATE, AND TAX LEVIES
(IN \$000'S)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			LOCALLY ASSESSED	SSESSED						TOTALS				
		Secured			Unsecured			Total Before Exemptions	emptions			Exemption	Exemptions/Net Totals	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Land <u>Value</u>	Improvements	Personal Property	Land <u>Value</u>	Improvements	Personal <u>Property</u>	Land <u>Value</u>	Improvements	Personal Property	Grand <u>Total</u>	(1) H.O.P.T.R.	Other	Total Exemptions	Net Subject <u>To Tax</u>
2010-2011	2,019,330	2,387,399	2,710	6,572	17,123	34,100	2,025,902	2,404,522	36,810	4,467,234	58,844	54,695	113,539	4,353,695
2011-2012	2,049,170	2,404,036	2,415	4,917	21,139	31,638	2,054,087	2,425,175	34,053	4,513,315	58,411	56,038	114,449	4,398,866
2012-2013	2,074,034	2,426,543	2,423	4,933	19,077	37,361	2,078,967	2,445,620	39,784	4,564,371	57,436	57,796	115,232	4,449,139
2013-2014	2,174,610	2,534,526	2,615	4,906	19,263	19,445	2,179,516	2,553,789	22,060	4,755,365	56,906	58,966	115,872	4,639,493
2014-2015	2,294,249	2,647,779	2,352	5,041	21,781	22,507	2,299,290	2,669,560	24,859	4,993,709	56,151	61,142	117,293	4,876,416
2015-2016	2,460,040	2,815,658	2,172	4,108	22,270	31,051	2,464,148	2,837,928	33,223	5,335,299	55,523	65,832	121,355	5,213,944
2016-2017	2,622,536	2,952,932	2,132	4,041	18,948	21,509	2,626,577	2,971,880	23,641	5,622,098	54,992	52,206	107,198	5,514,900
2017-2018	2,836,115	3,100,809	2,089	4,385	14,214	21,638	2,840,500	3,115,023	23,727	5,979,250	54,419	56,353	110,772	5,868,478
2018-2019	3,056,112	3,236,212	3,449	4,302	13,229	22,588	3,060,414	3,249,441	26,037	6,335,892	54,076	78,225	132,301	6,203,591
2019-2020	3,274,914	3,403,678	2,674	3,932	12,192	23,895	3,278,846	3,415,870	26,569	6,721,285	53,476	86,187	139,663	6,581,622
% Change 2011-2020	62.18%	42.57%	-1.33%	40.17%	-28.80%	-29.93%	61.85%	42.06%	-27.82%	50.46%	-9.12%	57.58%	23.01%	51.17%
(4) [[a]	30 11 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0													

⁽¹⁾ Homeowner's Property Tax Relief

Source: San Mateo Count Assessor 2019/20 Combined Tax Rolls.

^{*} California property tax assessments are "acquisition" based, rather than cyclical based. In California, the property tax system is acquisition based, meaning that a real property is assessed upon acquisition or when newly constructed, and assessed at a ratio of 100% of fair market value as of the event date. After the acquisition or new construction basis is determined, year to year increases in assessed value are limited to no more than 2%. In the event of an economic downturn, real property is assessed at the lower of its acquisition basis, increased by the maximum of 2% per year or the fair market value as of January 2, whichever is lower.

CITY OF PACIFICA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			SCHOOL DISHIC			
			Jefferson	San Mateo		
	San Mateo	Pacifica	High School	Junior	Total Direct	Total
	County	School	& Elementary	College	& Overlapping	Direct
Annual Year	as Distributor	District	School Districts	& High School	Tax Rates	Rate
2011	1.0000%	0.0412%	0.0815%	0.0193%	1.1420%	0.1929%
2012	1.0000%	0.0422%	0.0829%	0.0199%	1.1450%	0.1933%
2013	1.0000%	0.0432%	0.0746%	0.0194%	1.1372%	0.1991%
2014	1.0000%	0.0403%	0.1287%	0.0194%	1.1884%	0.1941%
2015	1.0000%	0.0392%	0.1192%	0.0190%	1.1774%	0.1934%
2016	1.0000%	0.0250%	0.1257%	0.0250%	1.1757%	0.1934%
2017	1.0000%	0.0311%	0.1480%	0.0247%	1.2038%	0.1934%
2018	1.0000%	0.0281%	0.1479%	0.0235%	1.1995%	0.1935%
2019	1.0000%	0.0517%	0.1302%	0.0175%	1.1994%	0.1935%
2020	1.0000%	0.0505%	0.1478%	0.0266%	1.2249%	0.1936%

Under constitutional Amendment (Proposition 13) passed by voters in the State of California in June 1978, the tax rate (excluding bonded debt) is frozen at 1% of the full market value of property. This tax is collected by the County Tax Collector and distributed on a formula determined by the State Legislature. Local agencies levy the tax rate only for general obligation bonds, or in excess of 1% if two-thirds of the voters in the area authorize such a rate increase. All tax levies include Homeowner's Property Tax Relief and Business Inventory Property Tax Relief.

Source: San Mateo County Assessor 2010/11 - 2019/20 Tax Rate Table

CITY OF PACIFICA
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO
(in \$000's)

			2020			2011	
		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
FPA WD Lands End LLC	↔	89,064	~	1.34%	\$ 48,859	1	1.11%
AIMCO Pacifica Park Apartments		55,903	7	0.84%	48,140	2	1.09%
Linda Mar Shopping Center, LLP		37,487	က	0.56%	31,392	5	0.71%
PK III Fairmont Shopping Center		31,537	4	0.47%	27,254	4	0.62%
Sabra Pacifica LP		29,788	2	0.45%			
CRP/PSE Seaside Pacifica Owner		25,994	9	0.39%			
Marymount Summit ,LLC		21,132	7	0.32%	18,262	5	0.41%
Tajirian Investments LLC		17,828	80	0.27%			
Bay Apartment Communities, Inc.		15,931	6	0.24%	13,426	8	0.30%
Upsky Lighthouse Hotel LLC		15,289	10	0.23%			
Comcast of California IX Inc.					17,900	9 (0.41%
Harry B. Lewis, et al					14,151	7	0.32%
LBN Properties LP					12,786	6	0.29%
GRG Pacific Ventures Limited					9,843	3 10	0.22%
Total	↔	339,953		5.11%	\$ 242,013	~ 	5.48%

This schedule serves a dual purpose of providing basic information about our jurisdiction's most significant revenue payers and highlighting the degree to which a government is dependent on a small number of payers.

Source: San Mateo County Assessor 2019/20 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

CITY OF PACIFICA
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000's)

Fiscal Voar	Taxes evied	Collected within the	Collected within the	Collections	Total Collec	Total Collections to Date
Ending June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
3041	202 8	702 8	%00 00 <i>t</i>		8 707	300 000
1102	0,,0	0,'0	0/00:001	0	6,0	0/00.00
2012	8,753	8,753	100.00%	0	8,753	100.00%
2013	8,848	8,848	100.00%	0	8,848	100.00%
2014	9,088	9,088	100.00%	0	9,088	100.00%
2015	9,516	9,516	100.00%	0	9,516	100.00%
2016	10,090	10,090	100.00%	0	10,090	100.00%
2017	10,728	10,728	100.00%	0	10,728	100.00%
2018	12,097	12,097	100.00%	0	12,097	100.00%
2019	12,782	12,782	100.00%	0	12,782	100.00%
2020	13,442	13,442	100.00%	0	13,442	100.00%
% Change 2011-2020	0.5438	0.5438			0.5438	•

This Statement shows the period for which the tax is levied.

Includes Homeowner's Tax Relief (HOPTR).

Under constitutional Amendment (Proposition 13) passed by voters in the State of California in June 1978, the tax rate (excluding bonded debt) is frozen at 1% of the full market value of property. This tax is collected by the County Tax Collector and distributed on a formula determined by the State Legislature. Local agencies levy the tax rate only for general obligation bonds, or in excess of 1% if two-thirds of the voters in the area authorize such a rate increase. All tax levies include Homeowner's Property Tax Relief and Business Inventory Property Tax Relief.

Sources: City Financial Reports and Office of the Controller, County of San Mateo

^{*} Information presented is most current at the time of preparation.

CITY OF PACIFICA OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ending	Pension Obligation Bond	Capital Lease Payable	Notes Payable	Certificates of Participation	Total Governmental Activities Debt
2011	\$17,170,125	\$ -	\$ 875,378	\$18,850,000	\$ 36,895,503
2012	16,161,022	-	875,378	18,325,000	35,361,400
2013	15,059,702	1,120,756	875,378	16,754,619	33,810,455
2014	13,857,073	1,021,637	875,378	17,295,000	33,049,088
2015	12,712,826	918,514	875,378	16,740,000	31,246,718
2016	11,303,736	811,224	-	16,210,000	28,324,960
2017	9,748,420	699,600	-	16,977,583	27,425,603
2018	8,893,219	583,466	-	16,862,704	26,339,389
2019	7,936,101	462,641	-	16,747,825	25,146,567
2020	8,583,041	336,934	-	16,632,946	25,552,921

Notes:

Details regarding the city's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The City issued a total of \$13,630,000 of new certificates of participation in 1999, 2000 and 2003.

The City issued \$19,815,000 of new COP's in 2008, refunding the 1999, 2000 and 2003 COP's.

The City issued \$20,500,000 in Pension Obligation Bonds in 2010.

The City issued \$14,680,000 (par value) of new COP's in 2016, refunding the 2008 COP's

The City issued \$9,685,0000 of new Pension Obligation Bonds in 2019, refunding the 2010 POB

Sources: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports 2011-2020.

CITY OF PACIFICA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Busines	Business-Type Activities							
Fiscal Year Ending	Sewer Bonds	Notes Payable	Total Business-Type Government	Total Primary Government	Estimated Median Personal Income	Population	Debt Per Capita	Per Capita Personal Income	oita nal ie	Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income
2011	\$ 15,269,875	\$ 20,444,965	\$ 35,714,840	\$72,610,343	\$ 62,917	\$ 37,658	1,928	€	39,648	0.05%
2012	15,018,978	18,747,852	33,766,830	69,128,230	n/a	37,948	1,822	7	41,909	%90.0
2013	11,275,298	23,043,678	34,318,976	68,129,431	n/a	38,292	1,779	7	42,099	%90.0
2014	11,172,927	21,406,345	32,579,272	65,628,360	n/a	38,315	1,713	7	43,390	%20.0
2015	9,736,334	20,375,644	30,111,978	61,358,696	n/a	37,806	1,623	7	45,452	%20.0
2016	9,436,801	18,070,515	27,507,316	55,832,276	n/a	38,124	1,464	7	45,591	0.08%
2017	35,297,847	15,756,776	51,054,623	78,480,226	n/a	38,418	2,043	7	46,553	%90.0
2018	34,886,481	13,434,113	48,320,594	74,659,983	n/a	38,674	1,930	7	48,476	%90.0
2019	34,481,802	11,102,206	45,584,008	70,730,575	n/a	38,331	1,845	1)	51,799	%20.0
2020	34,283,067	8,475,245	42,758,312	75,939,420	n/a	38,183	1,989	4)	53,104	0.07%

Notes:
This schedule displays the Enterprise Fund debt of the Wastewater Treatment Plant.
Details regarding the city's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources: The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports 2011-2020.

CITY OF PACIFICA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

FY2019-20 Assessed Valuation: \$6,646,496,878

	Oı	Debt utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	 timated Share Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:				
San Mateo Community College District	\$	766,683,503	2.777%	\$ 21,290,801
Jefferson Union High School District	:	275,999,969	29.468%	81,331,671
Jefferson School District		105,030,000	1.216%	1,277,165
Pacifica Elementary School District (Laguna Salada)		25,456,569	99.900%	25,431,112
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt				\$ 129,330,749
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:				
San Mateo County General Fund Obligations	\$:	515,920,256	2.777%	\$ 14,327,106
San Mateo County Board of Education Certificates of Participation		7,505,000	2.778%	208,414
San Mateo County Flood Control District Certificates of Participation		16,135,000	0.642%	103,587
Jefferson Union High School District Certificates of Participation		6,946,865	29.468%	2,047,102
City of Pacifica Certificates of Participation		14,680,000	100.000%	14,680,000
City of Pacifica Pension Obligation Bonds		8,855,000	100.000%	8,855,000
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt				\$ 40,221,209
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency):	\$	1,080,000	100.000%	\$ 1,080,000
Total Direct Debt				\$ 23,535,000
Total Overlapping Debt				\$ 147,096,958
Combined Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 170,631,958 (2)

- (1) Percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2019-20 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.95%
Total Direct Debt (\$23,535,000)	0.35%
Combined Total Debt	2.57%

Ratio to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$41,423,760):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt2.61%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF PACIFICA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN \$000's)

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

		2010	2011	=	2	<u>2012</u>		2013		2014	-41	2015	- 41	<u>2016</u>	2017		2018	2019		<u>2020</u>
Assessed Valuation	\$	\$ 4,353,684 \$ 4,353,695 \$	4,353	3 695	4	,398,866	€	4,449,139	\$	\$ 4,696,398 \$	& 4	4,932,567	\$	\$ 5,213,945	\$ 5,514,90	\$	5,868,478	\$ 5,514,900 \$ 5,868,478 \$ 6,203,591	↔	\$ 6,271,558
Debt Limit		163,263	163	163,264	`	164,957		166,843		176,115		184,971		195,523	206,809	6	220,068	232,635		235,183
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		37,481	36	36,020		34,486		32,936		33,049		31,247		28,325	27,426	9	26,339	25,147		25,553
Legal Debt Margin	↔	125,782 \$		127,244 \$	€	130,471	↔	133,907	↔	143,066 \$		153,724	↔	167,198	\$ 179,38	⊕ ℃	179,383 \$ 193,729 \$	\$ 207,488 \$	↔	209,630
Total Net Debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	8	22.96%	22.06%	%	20.	0.91%	-	19.74%	~	18.77%	16	16.89%	7	14.49%	13.26%		11.97%	10.81%	·	10.87%

Notes: Debt Limit is 3.75% of Assessed Value.

Source: City of Pacifica and San Mateo County Assessor's records

CITY OF PACIFICA
WASTEWATER OBLIGATIONS PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE
LAST TEN YEARS (IN \$000's)

Operating Revenues Caractering Expenses Pledged Net Revenue Bonded Debt Service Other Parity Debt Service Total Parity Debt Service Total Parity Debt Service Coverage \$ 11,694 \$ 6,389 \$ 5,305 \$ 473 \$ 2,416 \$ 2,887 1.84 \$ 13,322 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 2,878 2.01 \$ 13,721 7,851 6,058 359 2,5149 3,022 2.01 \$ 12,704 7,851 6,058 359 2,5149 1.79 \$ 12,705 7,851 4,271 1,163 2,514 2,873 1.79 \$ 12,715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,677 1.16 \$ 13,762 8,660 5,109 7,851 3,912 1.39 \$ 14,803 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912 1,17 \$ 14,803 10,219 2,514 3,912 1,17 \$ 14,803 10,219 2,513 3,912 1,17 \$ 14,803 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					1							
Less Pledged Loss Operating Loss Net Service Bonded Debt Service Other Parity Debt Service Total Parity Debt Service Covers Co			(1)				(2)		(3)			(4)
ues Expenses Revenue Service Other Parity Total Parity Covers 694 \$ 6,389 \$ 5,305 \$ 473 \$ 2,416 \$ 2,887 501 6,735 5,246 473 2,414 2,887 501 6,704 5,797 473 2,414 2,887 502 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 3,022 721 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 960 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,873 715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 2,851 762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 591 10,219 2,513 3,912 3,912		_	-ess	₫	edged							
ues Expenses Revenue Service Debt Service Covers 694 \$ 6,389 \$ 5,305 \$ 473 \$ 2,416 \$ 2,889 981 6,735 5,246 473 2,414 2,887 501 6,704 5,797 473 2,405 2,878 332 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 3,022 721 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 960 7,851 4,271 1,163 2,514 2,873 715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,912 762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	Operating	ŏ	erating		Net	Bonc	led Debt	Othe	er Parity	Tota	al Parity	
694 \$ 6,389 \$ 5,305 \$ 473 \$ 2,416 \$ 2,889 981 6,735 5,246 473 2,414 2,887 501 6,704 473 2,405 2,878 3,32 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 3,022 7,721 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 960 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,851 7,75 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,677 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	Revenues	EX	seuses	8	venue	လိ	rvice	Debt	Service	Debt	Service	
981 6,735 5,246 473 2,414 2,887 501 6,704 5,797 473 2,405 2,878 5,32 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 3,022 7,721 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 9,00 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,851 7,715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 2,851 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,514 3,912 8,860 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	\$ 11,694	s	6,389	↔	5,305	↔	473	↔	2,416	↔	2,889	1.84
501 6,704 5,797 473 2,405 2,878 3,32 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 3,022 7,721 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 960 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,851 7,715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 2,851 7,762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 8,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 7,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912			6,735		5,246		473		2,414		2,887	1.82
3.32 7,281 6,051 473 2,549 3,022 7,21 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 960 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,851 7,715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,677 7,72 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 8,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 7,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	12,501		6,704		5,797		473		2,405		2,878	2.01
7,21 7,663 6,058 359 2,514 2,873 ,960 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,851 ,715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,677 ,762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	13,332		7,281		6,051		473		2,549		3,022	2.00
960 7,851 5,109 337 2,514 2,851 ,715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,677 ,762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	13,721		7,663		6,058		329		2,514		2,873	2.11
715 8,444 4,271 1,163 2,514 3,677 ,762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	12,960		7,851		5,109		337		2,514		2,851	1.79
,762 8,660 5,102 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	12,715		8,444		4,271		1,163		2,514		3,677	1.16
,803 10,233 4,570 1,399 2,513 3,912 ,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	13,762		8,660		5,102		1,399		2,513		3,912	1.30
,591 10,219 6,372 1,399 2,513 3,912	14,803		10,233		4,570		1,399		2,513		3,912	1.17
			10,219		6,372		1,399		2,513		3,912	1.63

(8,00	Interest	\$0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Debt Service (000's)	Ini										
Debt	Principal	\$0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

(4) The bond indentures and the 2012 Loan Agreement require minimum annual debt service coverage of 1.25x. The 2001 CSCDA loan requires a minimum annual DS coverage of 1.10x.

Source: City Financial Reports

Operating Expenses excludes depreciation, capital expenditures and debt service
 Include the Series 2014 and the Series 2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds
 Includes the SRF Loan, CSCDA 2001 Loan and the 2012 Loan. Debt service on the SRF Loan for FY2006 and FY2007 had been prepaid by the 2004 Wastewater Bonds

CITY OF PACIFICA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year Ending	Population	P	Median ersonal ncome	P	Per Capita ersonal ncome	Unemployment Rate %
2010	40,431	\$	63,500	\$	36,144	10.2
2011	37,658		n/a		39,648	9.1
2012	37,948		n/a		41,909	5.8
2013	38,292		n/a		42,099	4.9
2014	38,315		n/a		43,390	3.9
2015	37,806		n/a		45,452	3.1
2016	38,124		n/a		45,591	2.8
2017	38,418		n/a		46,553	2.0
2018	38,674		n/a		48,476	2.3
2019	38,331		n/a		51,799	2.1
2020	38,183		n/a		53,104	3.8

Notes and Data Sources:

The City of Pacifica is not a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA).

Population: California State Department of Finance, Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department 2000-2009 Income: ESRI - Demographic Estimates are based on the last available census. Projections are developed by incorporating all of the prior census data released to date. Demographic Data is totaled from Census Block Groups that overlap the City's boundaries

2010 and later - Income - US Census Bureau, most recent American Community Survey

Source: HdL Companies via U.S. Census Bureau, California State Department of Finance and

California Employment Development Department

CITY OF PACIFICA
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		2020*			2010	
Employer	# of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	# of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Pacifica School District	499	_	A/N	306	~	N/A
City of Pacifica	282	2	N/A	285	2	N/A
Safeway (3)	262	ဇ	N/A	212	က	N/A
Jefferson High School	472	4	N/A	169	4	N/A
Oceana Market	55	2	N/A			
Ace Hardware	14	9	N/A			
Recology of the Coast	27	7	N/A	49	7	N/A
Rite Aid (2)	34	80	N/A	52	9	
Ross Dress for Less	31	6	N/A	48	∞	N/A
North Coast County Water District	18	10	N/A	22	ග	N/A
Lucky (Save Mart Supermarkets)				125	5	N/A

The City does not track this information. Our business license tax is based on gross receipts.

The City of Pacifica is not a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) so this information is not readily available.

Source: City of Pacifica Research

^{*} Information presented is most current at the time of preparation.

CITY OF PACIFICA FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government										
Administration	7	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	8	7
Finance	7	9	9	9	9	6.5	7.5	6.5	7.5	8
Parks	58	58	58	53	54	65.5	53	51	56	55
Planning & Building	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	8
Public Works	26	18	18	20	21	19	22	23	23	22
Engineering	2	2	5	2	5	2	9	9	4	4
Police										
Officers	36	33	33	33	34	29	33	37	33	34
Civilians	13	4	4	2	4	3	4	4	4	4
Fire										
Firefighters	27	23	23	25	25	25	25	23	25	25
Civilians	1.5	1	1	1	1	1	1	l	1	1
Wastewater Division	19.75	24	24	24	26	24	26	27	27	25
Total	208.25	186	186	186	189	192	191.5	192.5	195.5	193
Authorized Full-Time Positions						159	161	161	166.5	170

Notes:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2080. Total includes both Full time and Part-Time (converted to full-time equivalent) Positions excluding City Council.

Source: City Financial Reports

CITY OF PACIFICA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			FISCAL	FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30	NG JUNE 30					
Function/Program	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020
General Government Building Permits Issued Building Inspections Conducted	1,036 2,500	1,279	1,514 2,710	1,501 2,818	1,587 3,018	1,682 4,093	1,921 4,610	1,811 4,630	1,413 5,143	1,447
Police Physical Arrests Parking Violations Traffic Violations	932 2,635 3,074	803 1,829 2,880	812 3,652 2,966	812 3,652 2,966	923 5,085 2,193	864 4,700 1,763	702 5,099 2,090	816 6,257 2,718	890 4,942 3,435	747 4,065 2,243
Fire Emergency Responses Fires Extinguished Inspections	2,782 87 954	2,862 90 1,023	1,873 101 1,056	3,117 96 895	3,147 106 951	3,215 88 955	2,977 77 730	3,142 66 783	3,167 59 862	2,882 43 513
Other Public Works Street Re-surfacing (miles) Potholes Repaired	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.51	1.55	0.48
Parks, Beaches & Recreation Community Center Admissions	estimated 96,000	estimated 94,000	estimated 98,000	estimated 91,000	estimated 95,730	estimated 89,654	estimated 98,480	estimated 92,000	estimated 100,563	estimated 100,563
Enterprise Fund WWTP Residential Sewer Accounts Commercial Sewer Accounts Total Accounts	11,323 318 11,641	11,330 318 11,648	11,340 318 11,658	11,440 316 11,756	11,455 340 11,795	11,480 345 11,825	11,470 342 11,812	11,479 343 11,822	11,913 350 12,263	11,916 350 12,266
New Connections Avg Daily Sewage Treatment (Gallons)	3,110,000	2,832,000	7 2,350,000	1,240,000	2,240,000	10 2,463,000	3,230,000	10 2,463,000	7 2,463,000	3,463,000

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF PACIFICA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Finction/Program	2011	2012	FISCAL YE	FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30	G JUNE 30	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
			2	<u> </u>	2	2		2	2	
Police										
Stations	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Patrol Units	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Fire										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	88.9	6'88	6.88	88.9	6.88	6'88	88.9	88.9	88.9	88.9
Highways (miles)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Streetlights	1,775	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051
Traffic Signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks, Beaches & Recreation										
Acreage	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13	148.13
Playgrounds	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Baseball Diamonds	2	9	9	2	9	9	2	2	2	2
Soccer/Football Fields	2	7	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community Centers	1	l l	1	1	1	1	1	,	1	1
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	165	165	165	165	165	165	104	104	104	104
Storm Sewers (miles)	06	06	06	06	06	06	06	06	06	06
Treatment Capacity (gallons)	4,000,000	4,000,000		4,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000	4,000,000		4,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000 4,000,000	4,000,000

No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF PACIFICA SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended	Minimum Annual	Rate per 100
June 30	Charge	Cubic Feet
2011	493.54	10.28208
2012	510.34	10.63211
2013	567.18	11.81632
2014	567.18	11.81632
2015	583.26	12.15128
2016	600.42	12.50867
2017	626.14	13.04476
2018	676.24	14.08834
2019	730.34	15.21541
2020	788.77	16.43264

Notes:

Sewer rates are based on water usage. The North Coast County Water District invoices customers directly for water usage.

Source: City Records

